PASTEUR, the Eminent French Scientist, ON RABIES IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE BEST MAN. Mrs. Frank Leslie Tells who He is in To-Morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 41.—NO. 10. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 2, 1889. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

CURED OF PALPITATION OF THE HEART AND GENERAL PROSTRATION.

Dr. A. Owen's Electric Belts, Spinal Appliances, Electric Trusses and Insoles.

Sworn Statement of Mrs. Will Hobson of St. Paul, Neb.



ST. PAUL, Neb., Aug. 15, 1889.

The Owen Electric Belt & Appliance Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I feel it a duty I owe to you and to every one suffering as I have for the past few years with palpitation of the heart and nervous prostration to tell them what your wonderful Electric Belt has done for me. For years I had heart trouble, had tried different physicians, was better at times, then worse; finally, in the month of February, 1884, I was taken down to my bed with nervous prostration. I was so weak from palpitation it seemed I never could get up again. I finally got so I could walk from one chair to another, then my heart would throb so I was so weak I could scarcely talk. I was in this condition about two months or more. I had a good physician, and got apparently better for a while, but not stout or any account. Soon after this I moved to Alton, Ill., and the following February, 1885, I was taken down again. It seemed I must go into consumption. I was so weakened and my heart trouble was worse than ever. I was so nervous and prostrate life was not worth living. I could not care for my family or children; was confined to my room all the time. My husband again called in the doctor. He gave me a bottle of medicine. Said get all the fresh air you can. You all know what he meant, of course, and I knew too well. But I worried along, and when spring opened I was some better again, and in the fall of 1885 my husband moved me to Nebraska, thinking the climate would benefit me, but it did not, only for a short time. When February came I was down again, as usual. If I was to walk a short distance my heart would palpitate so it seemed it would jump out. Then I would be so weak. To tell the truth, it tired me to eat my meals. I could not hold my arms up; had to sit in an armchair so I would not have to raise my arms. My breast and chest had become so sore and tender I could not bear to be touched. I decided to go to one more doctor, which I did. He thought I had heart disease badly from symptoms, but finally, to get rid of me, he told me my lungs were affected, and gave me the doctor's last remedy (that is, when they do not know what to do), seek a more congenial climate. This was in 1887. I had taken every patent medicine I could hear or read of that suited my case, but with very little help. Finally, taking doctor's advice, I started for Florida, as my husband was anxious I should do anything, or go anywhere that would help me, broke up our home here, arriving in Illinois. The trip seemed to have been too much for me. I was taken down as before. Seven weeks passed by before I was able to resume my journey. Sick and discouraged, I started again. My husband sent me a paper with Dr. Owen's advertisements in, and urged me to try one of their belts. He had great faith in them, but I had no faith in anything; but when in St. Louis I went to their office, had a talk with them, and finally purchased one of their belts as a last resort. I went on to Florida, took my belt, but thought I did not care to try it there; then it burned me so I thought I would wait two or three weeks. I then took down with chills and was sick; then yellow fever came, and I decided to go back to Nebraska, and if I had to die, be with my family, as I had left them behind. I went back, took my belt and made up my mind to give it a fair trial. I wore it all the time, either day or night. This was November, 1887. That winter I was not sick to amount to anything, and this last winter, 1888 and 1889, I am perfectly well, the palpitation is all gone, the soreness has all left me, I do all my housework with the help of my children—washing, ironing, churning, sewing for family of seven—can walk any distance I want to and feel well every way, thanks to Dr. Owen's Belt. I advise every one suffering with any disease for which they recommend to not wait like I did, but try the belt at once. I still wear my belt at times, and would not be without it. They are all they are recommended to be. Every one is surprised when they see me, but I have only one story to tell over and over. It was Dr. Owen's Electric Belt that has given me new life and made me what I now am. There is one other thing I wish to mention, and that is this: That prior to wearing the belt I had always suffered a great deal from constipation, but since I wore the belt I have not been troubled in that way. Yours very truly,

MRS. WILL HOBSON,
St. Paul, Neb.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, } ss.
HOWARD COUNTY. }

Mrs. Will Hobson, of lawful age, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that the statements made in the foregoing affidavit are true and correct. Dated this 17th day of August, 1889.

A. A. KENDALL,
Notary Public.

Send 6 cents postage for our free illustrated pamphlet, written by a physician of over forty years' experience, which will be sent you in a sealed envelope, giving instructions how to treat yourself with safety without the aid of a physician or the use of medicine.

MENTION THIS PAPER.

THE OWEN BELT & APPLIANCE CO.,
306 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.



CLUB

CLUB!

"WHY?"

CLUB

WHY,

NATURE'S

IF

WHERE?

MEN LIVE WELL!

The foundation of Gout, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Gravel and Kidney Disease is laid at the

Simply because so much "FLUID" and solid matter cannot be assimilated, and the waste goes to URIC ACID—MAN'S MORTAL ENEMY.

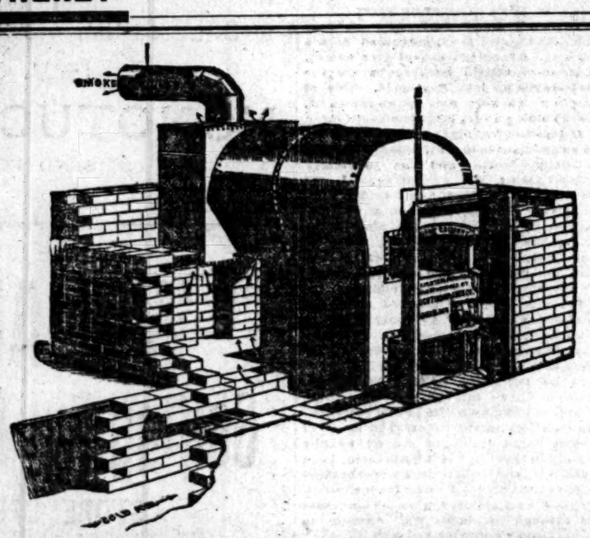
"How can men live well and keep clear of this?"

by drinking the delicious sparkling LONDONDERRY LITHIA SPRING WATER!

most powerful solvent of uric acid.

this were not true, why would its sales be MORE THAN ALL OTHER WATERS COMBINED?

Of DAVID NICHOLSON, of course.



"HOME COMFORT" STEEL HOT-AIR FURNACES,

For Private Residences, Public Buildings, Schools, Churches, Etc., Etc.

Architects, owners and builders are invited to examine our goods before closing their contracts. ☞FULLY GUARANTEED.

NO GAS, SMOKE or DUST.

MADE ONLY BY THE

WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO.,

Salesroom, 1001 Olive St. Established 1864. 19th and Washington Av.

CAUTION W. L. Douglas' name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all Shoes advertised by him before leaving his factory; this protects the wearers against high prices and inferior goods. Take none unless so stamped, nor be deceived by others claimed to be as good, on which dealers make more profit—but send direct to factory and receive by return mail what you want. State kind, button, congress or lace, wide or narrow toe, size and width usually worn, and enclose price with order. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Our claims for this shoe over all other $3 shoes advertised are:
It contains better material.
It is more stylish, better fitting and durable.
It gives better general satisfaction.
It saves more money for the consumer.
Its great success is due to merit.
It cannot be duplicated by any other manufacturer.
It is the best in the world, and has a larger demand than any other $3 shoe advertised.
$5,000 will be paid to any person who will prove the above statements to be untrue.
The following line of shoes will be found to be of the same high standard of excellence.
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$3.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 GOOD-WEAR SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 AND $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

Both Ladies' Shoes are made in sizes from 1 to 7, including half sizes, and B, C, D, E. and EE widths.

STYLES OF LADIES' SHOES.

"The French Opera," "The Spanish Arch Opera," "The American Common-Sense," "The Medium Common-Sense." All made in Button in the Latest Styles. Also, French Opera in Front Lace, on $3 Shoe only.

SPECIAL W. L. DOUGLAS $3 GRAIN SHOE (laced) for Gentlemen, With heavy tap sole and strictly waterproof, is just out.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by BLANTZ, 2030 S. Broadway; ALTHOFF, 1504 Cass av.; KABEL, 2725 Cass av.; BARKLAGE, 617 Morgan st.; WESTRICH, 608 S. Fourth st.; KOLLAS, 1258 S. Broadway; BLOCHER, 2132 and 2134 Franklin av.; SCHROEDER, 1103 Franklin av.; ANGERMUELLER, 16 S. Fourth st.; VON BEHRENS, 2027 Salisbury st.; LONERGAN, 1030 Market st.; MEYER, s.w. cor. Ninth and Lafayette av.; BIEBER, 1300 N. Ninth st.; WEBER, 2306 Easton av.; STEINBREDER, 908 N. Broadway.

WE ARE OFFERING

Special Bargains in Blankets

11-4 White, a Drive to Retail at $5.00
11-4 White, a Drive to Retail at $4.00
10-4 Gray, a Drive to Retail at $2.00

All of these would pay a good profit to the merchant, and would be the best value that has been offered to the consumer.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.



READ

FRANK BROS.' ANNOUNCEMENT

In To-Morrow's (Sunday) Globe-Democrat On PAGE 5.

JORDAN'S AAA1 RAZORS are the BEST.



A. J. Jordan, 417 N. Broadway



Fac-simile.

BURNETT'S PERFUME OF WOOD VIOLETS.

This exquisite perfume is made from the true violets. In the past the high price of the genuine violet perfume has prevented many from indulging in this luxury, but the price of this article makes it a necessity to those who love the flower. The remembrance of the cheap imitations of violet water and extracts should not prevent all lovers of violets from trying this delicious perfume.

For Sale in Four Sizes.

By all First-Class Druggists and Dealers in Perfumery.

PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO.

BOSTON, MASS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

BROADWAY AND OLIVE STREET.

Pure Medicine, Fine Perfumery, Elegant Toilet Articles

English Hair, Tooth and Cloth Brushes; Buffalo, Shell and Rubber Combs; Cut Glass pungents; Manicure Implements; Bathing Sponges, etc. The best selected stock in St. Louis and sold at lower prices.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE AND PEPSIN.

A standard preparation, recommended by physicians in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and lack of energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity plain beef, iron and wine. Price $1.

Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles at reduced rates. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

☞ Prescriptions and family Medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists, under the direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER (GRADUATE PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.)

Established 1856. Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive St.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPP'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

F. W. DROSTEN,

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,

619 OLIVE STREET.

(Three Doors West of Barr's).

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Carefully repaired and warranted. For accurate time, compare with Chronometer at entrance of store.

YOUR advertisement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will be read by everybody.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Much, If It's McNichol.

You say there's nothing in a name.
But there's a lot, I say;
A rose might smell the very same
If I knew as my own boy.
But if you try the magic power
McNichol's name invokes,
You'll find the difference every hour
It makes to lots of folks.
It means good luck and fortune, too,
As many can declare;
McNichol taught them what to do
And what to give or spare.
Before—they never knew the joy
Of living 'neath Love's Dome;
Nor how small wages to employ
In making their own home.
What makers palaces of earth
To exiles sheltered not;
To them the humble cot and hearth
Is far the happier spot.
With never until fortune smiles,
But save whate'er you can;
Illusive dream the soul beguiles,
Try the installment plan.
It takes but little to commence,
With thrifty, earnest wife;
One who, with proper common sense,
Helps shape a good man's life.
So, never be a for greater things
Than industry should seek;
And know the comfort that it brings,
This payment by the week.

There is no better way nor one easier to make a home. Your savings are used to the best advantage, and you enjoy them at the same time. Ask

(Trade Mark) The Only McNichol,

1022, 1024, 1032 and 1034 Market St.

P.S.—Every novelty in furniture, carpets, pictures, dishes and stoves, low enough to suit you. In fact, they are better and lower than you ever dreamed they could be.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

LATEST EDITION

TO BE SHOT TO-DAY.

Tied to Trees Three of the McCoys Will Perish by the Hand of the Hatfields.

THE WEST VIRGINIA VENDETTA REVIVED IN ALL ITS FORMER BITTERNESS.

Another Battle Between the Rival Family Factions Fought Friday Night—A Camp of Sleeping Hatfields Attacked From Ambush by the McCoys—The Attack Repulsed and Three of the Party Made Prisoners—Court Martial in the Mountains and Its Result—The Courier Who Carries the News to the Outside World Narrowly Escapes With His Life.



MILTON, W. Va., Nov. 2. ORD was brought from the mountains to-day by courier of another battle between the Hatfields and McCoys. Friday night a party of about thirty of the McCoys came across a Blumfield camp in the woods about six miles from Green Shoals. Both bands were bound for the headquarters of their respective factions and were heavily armed. When the McCoys discovered their enemies they sent out scouts and discovered that there were about a score in the camp. They crawled up through the dense underbrush and poured in a volley on their sleeping foes. In an instant it was returned, and the Hatfields, although taken by surprise, were so much better armed than the McCoys, having repeating rifles, that they soon put them to flight.

TWO OF THE HATFIELDS KILLED.

The one volley fired by the McCoys did terrible execution. Half a dozen men were wounded and two were slain. John Blumfield, one of the leaders of his faction, was instantly killed. By his side lay Edwin Brown, the son of the woman who was shot in her farmhouse at Fudgy's Creek. Two bullets had gone through his body, one piercing the heart. Six other men were wounded, one of them, whose name is unknown, being fatally hurt. After dawn the Hatfields found two more dead men and four desperately wounded men were captured. Some of the wounded McCoys must have been carried off by their friends, for the trail of their retreat through the woods was marked by blood stains.

THE PRISONERS AND THEIR FATE.

The prisoners captured are Charles Lambkin, John Cain, —— Cain and Pete McCoy. The names of the dead are unknown. The Cain whose first name was not learned was so badly wounded that his captors left him to die where he lay, but the other three were compelled to march to the Hatfield headquarters, which they reached about noon. As soon as the story of the attack and capture was told, a sort of court-martial was held. The prisoners were not allowed to speak in their own defense, and after a short deliberation a vote on their life or death was taken by the entire Hatfield party. The result was unanimous and the three men will be tied to the trees and shot to-day. Nothing can save them unless the McCoys can defeat the entire Hatfield party and effect a rescue. This is not likely as they are outnumbered two to one, and the Hatfields are better armed. The courier who brought this news was shot at twice from ambush while riding through Lincoln County.

Pasteur. The famous French scientist, will write of rabies, its communication and cure, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

GAMBLING AT NIAGARA FALLS.

Two Wealthy Tourists Bled Out of Large Sums of Money.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 2.—An Englishman and a wealthy Cuban stopping at Niagara Falls this week have made complaint that they had been robbed of large sums of money by gambling in some of the numerous dives at the Falls and along the avenue between that village and Suspension Bridge. An investigation followed, but the gang in Tom Ward's place, one of the finest and filest, had flown, presumably to New York. There are a large number of gambling dens at the falls, furnished in a princely manner. They keep spotters in New York, who make it a point to catch on to any party of distinguished foreigners who are traveling privately, and make their acquaintance. Cards follow and on the way to the falls the party is given to understand that they can be admitted to acquiet little game if they will not give it away. The spotter's work is done when he lands the strangers in these palaces of gambling. They have been in operation for two years past and have swindled right and left. The most questionable practices are indulged in. The victims, however, have been disinclined to give the games awsy, not wishing to public disgrace themselves. The Englishman and Cuban gentleman were prominent and wealthy. The Cuban lost $700 and the Englishman over $200 before they had enough. They were in Tom Ward's place, which is furnished with reading and lounging rooms, bath apartments and everything conducive to luxury. When the police raided them last night there was not a vestige of the splendor left. It is thought that the police were in collusion with the gamblers, as they have been cognizant of the work that has been going on for some time past. The hotel men said they had nothing to do with the den.

TOOK PARIS GREEN.

An Unhappy Old Lady Ends Her Life by Taking Poison.

Anna Guittar, a widow 55 years of age, committed suicide yesterday by taking a dose of Paris green. Her husband died less than a year ago, and since then she has been very despondent, and has threatened several times to take her life. She has been living at No. 1043 Lafayette avenue with her two grown daughters, who supported her. Yesterday morning the old woman took a dose of Paris green after the girls had gone to work. She got very sick and told one of the neighbors what she had taken. One of her daughters, who is employed up town, was sent for, and when she arrived summoned Dr. Elmer immediately. He did all in his power for the woman, but she died at 10 o'clock last night. Her daughter called at Coroner Frank's house last night and notified him of the death. This afternoon an inquest was held and a verdict of suicide was returned.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES—An unpublished letter of the Autocrat to Mrs. Stowe in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

CITIZENS' RAILWAY CO. MULCTED.

Wm. Fancourt Gets Judgment for $2,500—Judge Klein's Decisions.

A jury in Judge Klein's court, after hearing testimony in the case of Wm. Fancourt against the Citizens' Railway Co. for a day and a half, returned with a verdict this morning in favor of Fancourt for $2,500 damages. Fancourt claims he was going peacefully on his way home on the night of December 6, 1888, and, was crossing the defendant's tracks, on Easton avenue, between Academy avenue and King's highway, when he claims to have tripped on a small frozen mound and, falling on the track, was stunned. Before he could recover, he claims, a car came along and run over him, breaking a valuable wooden leg and breaking a natural bone and flesh leg. He asked for $10,000 damages. The defendants, in their answer, said Fancourt was drunk on the night of the accident and laid on the track to sleep, when he was run over. They did not seem able to prove this statement to the jury and hence the verdict for $2,500.

JUDGE KLEIN'S RULINGS.

Judge Klein rendered the following rulings this morning:

James A. Smith et al. vs. William H. Glasgow et al; demurrer of defendants, Hartman & Schroeder, to plaintiff's petition, overruling demurrer of receiver to return of Hartman & Schroeder, overruled.

John Brederick vs. Alexander Kaiser et al.; Daniel J. Kirby appointed guardian ad litem of the infant defendants, Gustave Kaiser, Emma Kaiser and Henrietta Kaiser.

NOTES.

The Laclede Car Co. obtained a judgment for $872.16 this morning in Judge Dillon's court against the St. Louis Cable & Western Railroad.

Philip D. Armour, Michael Cudeny, George H. Webster and Jonathan O. Armour entered a suit in attachment this morning against Joseph H. Brown for $12,500.

The Praelser-Bund of St. Louis applied to Judge Klein this morning for a pro forma decree of incorporation and the petition was referred to Theodore Rassieur, Esq., as amicus curiæ.

ICE AGE OF AMERICA.

Prof. Wright's Interesting Lecture Before the Students of Oberlin.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Prof. G. F. Wright of Oberlin College delivered a very interesting lecture on the "Ice Age of America" before a large audience last night in the hall of the Harlem branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. It was illustrated with a number of lantern views.

Prof. Wright began at Alaska and showed how the glaciers worked their way down from the polar region to the Pacific Ocean and sent icebergs after icebergs floating away from the terminal bluff near Sitka. He gave views of the boulders the glaciers carry along with them and the way in which the surface of rocks over which they passed is grooved and worn. He finished his lecture with a description of the small stone god recently brought up by a sand pump near Boise City, Idaho, from a depth of 320 feet beneath the surface of the earth. He and many other scientists think it is the oldest mark of human life that has yet been discovered and believed is to be the work of the antediluvian man. It shows its great age by the peculiar coating of an oxide of iron that covers it. It was brought to Prof. Wright's attention by President Adams of the Union Pacific road only a few weeks ago. Last night was the second time that it has been exhibited.

It is about eleven and a half inches long, of hard flint stone very rudely chipped. It is minus a portion of its arms and legs, but it is worth a mine of diamonds to geologists and anthropologists.

ALTON, ILL.

The Fishing Club's Ball—Church Social—News and Gossip.

The feast of All Saints was duly observed in all of the Catholic churches in this city yesterday.

Dr. J. H. Fiegenbaum has removed into his handsome new office in the Finke Building on Second street.

The annual ball of the Bluff City Fishing Club will take place in Turner Hall on the night of the 5th of December.

Deputy Clerk Rudershausen yesterday issued a marriage license to Mr. John A. Drezzeline and Miss Anna Hess, both of Fosterburg.

The members and friends of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church were entertained by Mrs. Mary V. Harris last evening at her hospitable home on Sixth street and Henry.

At a meeting of the Building Committee of Monticello Seminary held yesterday in this city, it was decided to award the contract for putting in the steam heating apparatus to T. H. Prentice & Co of Chicago for $12,117.

Oscar J. Bose was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant charging him with an attempted rape on the person of Katie Johnson, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Johnson of this city. The preliminary examination will take place to-day. Both of the parties are young people, well known, and the arrest has caused quite a sensation.

Edward C. Hesselbach, a young man of 18 years, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents near North Alton, his death being caused by typhoid malaria. The deceased was a promising young man and highly educated for one of his age, having last year carried off the highest honors at the Manual Training School in St. Louis.

THE LAW IN THEIR OWN HANDS.

A Couple of Comprehensive Creditors Make an Irregular Seizure.

William Fenning, a grocer at No. 1545 North Eighteenth street, and Fred Bauer, a butcher of the same locality, discovered one of their customers on the verge of moving this morning and as the customer owed them a few dollars apiece they concluded to take matters into their own hands and took possession of a small stock of dry goods and notions belonging to the party that was about to change her location. They did not waste their time in employing counsel or even consulting a justice of the peace, but took possession of the goods themselves. The person who was moving was Mrs. Jacob Heldauer, who has been keeping a small store at No. 1608 North Eighteenth street, and who had rented another store room on Cass avenue, but a short distance away. When Mrs. Heldauer found her proceedings thus obstructed she went to Justice Harmon's office and instituted a replevin suit for the goods and for $75 damages.

Fourteenth Ward Candidates.

A meeting of Fourteenth Ward residents was held last evening at 2006 O'Fallon street. John Carroll was elected President of the meeting and John Flaherty Secretary. The meeting indorsed L. L. Butler, W. P. Mackie and H. L. Rogers, candidates for school directors, and also indorsed the free school book plan.

P. A. T. Club Meeting.

The P. A. T. Club will hold its regular meeting to-morrow afternoon in the dungeon at 2417 South Broadway, and business of considerable importance to the members will be transacted. There will be the usual entertainments, refreshments and initiations.

Another Tascott.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Dallas, Tex., says: Another Tascott has been located here, and the authorities are investigating the matter.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL'S letter to Harriet Beecher Stowe, on her literary work, never before published, will be given in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE CRONIN CRIME.

How the Victim of the Clan-na-Gael Met His Death at the Carlson Cottage.

His Life Beaten Out With Bludgeons in the Hands of Four Assassins.

BOURK'S STORY OF THE CRIME AS TOLD IN THE WINNIPEG PRISON.

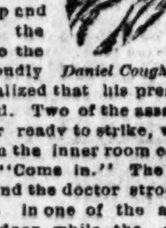
Coughlin Laid the Plan of Attack and Bourk Struck the First Blow—The Victim's Face Beaten So That Recognition Would Be Impossible—Sand-Bags and Base Ball Bats the Weapons Used in the Murderous Work—How Leaks Were Stopped in the Blood-Dripping Trunk—Old Man Carlson's Testimony Completes the Identification of the Man "Williams" Who Rented the Cottage and Connects O'Sullivan With the Crime—Tell-Tale Stains On the Floor—Bourk in the Role of a Strangler—Gillette's Story—What the Chief of Police Thinks of It—To-Day's Developments at the Trial.


Martin Bourk.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—A special from Winnipeg this morning says: "Assistant State's Attorney Baker of Chicago had a long interview with Bob Heffer yesterday, and from him received a corroboration of many of the details connected with the butchery of Cronin which Gillette recounted on Thursday. Bourk, according to Gillette, took quite a fancy to Heffer at first and was very communicative with him telling him many details about the crime. He told Heffer that Coughlin was the main actor in the tragedy, and had engaged both him and Cooney to participate in the crime. He told Heffer that sandbags were used by two of the assassins, while the third wielded a common base ball club.

THE ASSASSINS IN WAITING.

Bourk was under the impression that Cronin was being decoyed to the cottage under the pretext that he was going to attend the woman mentioned in yesterday's dispatches. Four men were waiting in the cottage for him. They listened for the sound of wheels. At last the carriage drove up and in an instant later the doctor hurried up to the door. He knocked loudly and hastily as if he realized that his presence was urgently required. Two of the assassins stood behind the door ready to strike, while one of the others from the inner room called out in a loud voice: "Come in." The door was quickly opened and the doctor strode in. The instant he was in one of the assassins slammed the door while the other struck the physician a terrible blow with a sandbag. The doctor fell heavily to the floor. Bourk always declined to say who struck the first blow, and this fact, Mr. Baker says, makes it quite clear that it was Bourk himself, else he would have mentioned the name. He always spoke about the four taking part in the crime and pounding the doctor at the same time.

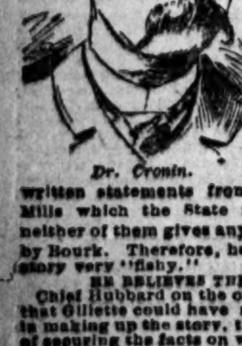

Daniel Coughlin.

BEATEN TO DEATH.

The moment the doctor was down the whole four rushed on him and with sandbags and clubs pounded the life out of him. The poor man struggled and moaned awfully. Blood poured from his mouth and nose and even his eyes. He struggled and gasped for breath and nearly twenty minutes elapsed before he ceased to gasp. Then the fiends stripped the bloodstained clothing off him and one of them pounded his face so as to make it impossible to recognize the body. Coughlin then hauled the trunk over and the body was crammed into it. One of the quartette went out and brought an express wagon, which had been left in a convenient place. When they went to carry the trunk out blood was dripping from it and it ran on the floor and on some of their boots. The trunk was set down and the leaks in the trunk stopped with cotton batting, which was found in the doctor's instrument case. The trunk and its contents were then taken to the lake, Coughlin driving the horse. There was no boat at that point and they tried to shove the trunk out into the water, but it would not work. Anxious to get rid of the body some way, Bourk suggested that it be thrown into a catch basin. The suggestion was adopted.

The Story Told by Gillette.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 2.—State's Attorney Longenecker and Chief of Police Hubbard hold divergent opinions in regard to the stories of Bourk's alleged confession of complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, as told by Gillette, the Winnipeg convict. The former says that during the proceedings for the extradidition of Bourk he had a private detective at work in Winnipeg; that that detective secured written statements from both Gillette and Mills which the State now has, in which neither of them gives any hint of a confession by Bourk. Therefore, he considers this last story very "fishy."


Dr. Cronin.

HE BELIEVES THE STATEMENT.

Chief Hubbard on the other hand points out that Gillette could have no apparent motive in making up the story, that he had no means of securing the facts on which he bases it except from Bourk, because prisoners in Winnipeg are not allowed to read the newspapers. The State's Attorney points out that some of the points given by Gillette are inconsistent with known facts—such for instance as that Bourk exchanged clothes with Gillette before they came out of the Winnipeg Jail to be identified by Expressman Martinsen; that Gillette stood next to Bourk in the line, and that Bourk spoke to him while there. The facts were, says the State's Attorney, that Bourk wore his own clothes; that Gillette was the sixth man from him and that a reporter who stood next to Bourk in the line did not hear Bourk speak a word.

Chief Hubbard, on the other hand, points out that Gillette's story covers points not heretofore mentioned. Among these is of the woman with whom Bourk was intimate. The Chief says it is a fact that Bourk was intimate with a woman named Lizzie Kettler, formerly Lizzie Dinkler, and that he believes she is the woman who was to act the part of Bourk's sister at the Carlson cottage, and that the original intention was to have Dr. Cronin to attend her, as related by Gillette, but that this plan was subsequently changed, and that the contract to attend O'Sullivan's icemen followed.

BOURK AS A STRANGLER.

On this point Chief Hubbard says: "Three years ago Bourk was boarding with Mrs. Lyvena H. Griffin at No. 1818 State street. While he was there the Kettler woman applied for a room, and Bourk was instrumental in securing it for her. Mrs. Griffin attracted to the room one day by an unusual noise, found Bourk and Mrs. Kettler there and a newly-born babe. Mrs. Griffin saw finger marks around the baby's throat, but she never learned whether Bourk or Mrs. Kettler had strangled it. This naturally gave Mrs. Griffin the impression that Bourk was an exceptionally brutal and ferocious man, and when his connection with the Cronin murder became known she voluntarily offered herself as a witness for the State in regard to Bourk's past career."

A morning paper says that this woman is and has been for some weeks in charge of a trusted police officer, ready to be put on the stand as a witness for the State when wanted.

Old Man Carlson's Testimony.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 2.—The taking of testimony in the Cronin case was resumed yesterday after recess with J. L. Brouse, the photographer, on the stand. He testified to identity of photographs of the Carlson cottage and the O'Sullivan house and ice houses, which he had taken. They were filed as evidence. John C. McDavitt, Clerk of the Criminal Court, identified a diagram he made of the Carlson cottage and surroundings.


Patrick O'Sullivan.

Jonas Carlson was then recalled to the stand in behalf of the State, and took up his story where he had left off before recess. He said: "The stranger walked across lots to O'Sullivan's stable after renting the cottage and met O'Sullivan. The two talked for a while and Bourk said to O'Sullivan: 'The cottage is rented.'"

SAW HIM AT THE COTTAGE.

The next time the witness saw Bourk it was on May 4, about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, a few hours before Dr. Cronin was murdered. He stood at the time on the front steps of the cottage. About 7 o'clock the same evening witness heard two men talking inside the cottage. During the month of April the witness said he had talked with O'Sullivan concerning the men who had rented the cottage and O'Sullivan had said that he knew one of them and that he was all right.

On May 19 the witness said he had had another talk with O'Sullivan, telling him that the man who had rented the cottage had written a letter concerning it, asking that the furniture be moved into the basement, as the floor had been painted to save the writer's sister from scrubbing it.

O'Sullivan remarked to Carlson that he was having hard luck with his cottage.

The witness said he had entered the cottage on May 20, and then described the condition in which he had found it.

PICKING OUT THE MAN.

Carlson was asked how many times he had seen the man calling himself Frank Williams.

"Three times," said Carlson.

"That is in the neighborhood of where you live on Ashland avenue?" was asked.

"No, only twice there," was the reply.

"Did you see him again, beside those two times?" was asked.

"Yes, sir."

Then Carlson was told to pick out the man who had called himself Frank Williams. After looking about the court-room carefully for some time the old man walked up to Bourk, and pointing at him with his hat said:

"That is the man."

Bourk winced a little as he realized the extent of the damage of the old man's testimony.

YOUNG CARLSON'S EVIDENCE.

Charles J. Carlson, son of the owner of the Carlson Cottage, was the first witness in the Cronin case this morning. He testified as follows: "I was sitting with my wife and my father in the house in the rear of 1872 Ashland avenue in the forenoon some time about the 20th of March last, when there was a knock at the door and a gentleman came and said he wanted to rent the house, and my father went to the house with him and showed him around and he came in again and I made out the receipt for a month's rent in advance. The stranger said that he expected some brothers and a sister from Baltimore to come and keep house with him. He said he would move in in a week or so, when his sister would come from Baltimore. He gave his name as Frank Williams. Subsequently he brought the furniture in the evening about 7:30 o'clock. Williams came again on April 20 to pay the second month's rent. I never saw Williams again until I saw him in Winnipeg."

The witness was here shown a piece of carpet and identified it as the one he had seen on the parlor floor of the cottage.

Q. "Can you point out Frank Williams in the court-room?" A. "Yes, sir."

Q. "Point him out, please." A. "The second one there" (pointing to Martin Bourke).

The witness then proceeded with his testimony, saying that, after receiving the letter from Williams relinquishing the cottage, he entered it through a window on May 19.

BLOOD STAINS ON THE FLOOR.

"The carpet was gone off the floor, and it looked as if they had poured some paint on the floor, as if they were trying to cover it. It had not been brushed over in certain places. I found stains on the baseboard that looked like blood. There was another large stain towards the north wall, and at the center of the floor. I also found one arm of the rocker broken and loose, and the furniture, the dresser and wash stand in the center of the room. The floor was painted only in the center of the room and on the north side. Towards the south wall there was no paint at all in certain places. I saw several stains on the wall. There were stains all along on the paper and along on the south baseboard in various places that seemed to me to be blood. There were places on the floor that were not covered with paint where there were stains still showing. I saw foot prints, as if they had painted in stocking feet in the hallway and in the house."

The reference to stocking feet was ordered stricken out by the Court. The witness then indicated on a diagram the location of the stains. Kunz was pointed out to him by counsel for the State, but the witness couldn't identify him as anyone he had ever seen before. During all of the time for which the rent was paid the cottage remained unoccupied. The cross-examination was then begun. The witness was subjected to a long cross-examination, which did not seem to develop any new facts. He was followed by Johanna Carlson, his mother.

WHAT MRS. CARLSON SAW.

Mrs. Carlson testified that on the Sunday following the 4th of May when she first went out she noticed spots on the steps, and both the steps and the walk of the cottage showed that there had been tramping up and down, and also that the foot-steps showed that the persons who made them had been walking in the sand. She thought that Frank Williams and his sister had at last moved in and that the spots on the steps were only something that had been broken in moving. She then described the interior of the cottage, the paint, the stains on the wall, the furniture, etc. Then, at the request of the State's Attorney that she point out the man known to her under the name of Frank Williams, if in court, she pointed to Bourk and said: "That's him next to the fellow on the pillow."

The cross-examination was then begun.

WOMEN AS POLITICIANS. Kate Field gives her opinion on the subject in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Fight at a Fish Fry.

DENNISON, Tex., Nov. 2.—At a fish fry on Brier Creek, in the Choctaw Nation, two negroes, Willis Jones and one named McCarver, quarreled and went off to fight, each taking four or five friends. Jones knocked McCarver down and then cut out his tongue. A full-blood Choctaw tried to interfere and was stabbed to death. Then the party ran away with Jones after it. A moment later he was brought down with a Winchester.

Fell From His Horse.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

OSWEGO, Kan., Nov. 2.—J. J. Goodner, a prominent farmer, while on horseback looking after his cattle fell from his horse and never recovered consciousness. He is supposed to have had an attack of heart-disease.

Failure in the Dry Goods Trade.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The dry goods and commission merchants, William Turnbull & Co., made a general assignment to Elijah P. Smith without preferences this morning.

STOP that cough. Red Cross Cough Drops will cure your cold.

REALTY ON THE MOVE.

ST. LOUIS PROPERTY SERIOUSLY DISTURBED EARLY THIS MORNING.

City Lots Shaken to Their Foundations by a Bit of an Earthquake—No Scientific Observations Taken in the City—Direction, Time and Intensity of the Earth Waves a Matter of Conjecture.



THERE was a big movement in real estate early this morning. It has been a long time since property has been as active as to-day. The movement created great excitement and caused a marvelous shifting of values. Between 1:50 and 2:05 o'clock this morning almost any property in this vicinity could be purchased for a tenth part of its actual value. The greatest depreciation was in the northwestern and western suburbs.

All of the excitement and all of the depreciation was caused by an earthquake. The time of its arrival and departure lies in the period between 1:50 and 2:05 o'clock. There was no apparatus in the city set to record a shock, and in consequence no accurate knowledge of it can be obtained. No observer was at his post prepared to write the history of an earthquake, and for the time, intensity and direction the public must rely on those light sleepers whose ready wits directed them to clock or watch when

THE RATTLING OF THEIR DOORS

and the shaking of their couches warned them. Now the clocks and watches owned by these persons are not unanimous as to the time, showing all the minutes from 1:50 to 2:05.

The direction of the shock is also variously stated. By one amateur seismologist the earth wave moved toward the southwest; another asserts that a careful examination of overturned articles in his chamber shows the wave to have moved a point south of west; and others contend that it moved directly east.

From an abundance of testimony it appears that the shock was greatest on a line running west of southwest from Baden—or possibly a point further north toward the city limits. There was no part of the city where the shock was not felt, but along that line the trifling damage of broken crockery, etc., is to be found exclusively.

NO DAMAGE.

From no point has any change in the surface of the ground been reported, nor any damage to buildings. Along what is supposed to be the line of greatest intensity small bits of fragile ware were thrown from insecure resting places and broken. Some persons were thrown out of their beds.

In intensity the shock was about the same as that felt in St. Louis at the time of the Charleston (S. C.) earthquake two years ago. As neither shock was measured in any way it is impossible to say which was greater, but the two stand in the minds of old residents as the most severe shocks felt in St. Louis during the last fifty years.

PROF. H. S. PRITCHETT

of Washington University could tell nothing about the shock this morning. The University has some very delicate earthquake apparatus which he hoped to be able to set up soon. Great difficulty has been experienced in setting the apparatus as it was so delicate that the passage of a heavy wagon on the street would render the readjustment of the apparatus necessary. Mr. Pritchett did not feel the shock, but when told there had been one, he said, he inspected the delicate clocks in the University to see if there were any evidences of the earth wave's passage. "The clocks are set at right angles with a view to that very thing," he said. "If the pendulum of one clock should be disturbed so that it would lose a fraction of a second it would be apparent on a comparison of the clocks. But they do not appear to have been disturbed at all. They were not at the time of the Charleston earthquake. The clocks are set on piers sunk ten feet in the ground and would not be affected by a slight surface shock. I would have been very sorry had my clocks been disturbed, but I should like to have had a record of the shock."

AT THE SIGNAL SERVICE OBSERVATORY

nothing was known of the shock. Lieut. Day said: "No observer was awake at the time of the shock and we have no apparatus for recording earthquakes. We are not expected to report such phenomena, though we made special reports at the time of the Charleston earthquake. Observers at other stations have not reported having felt the shock to this station though they may have sent in such reports to the chief office in Washington.

CAUSES AND RECORDS OF EARTHQUAKES.

Seismologists have theories as to the cause of earthquakes, but have little knowledge of the subject. Theirs is a new science which has only been specially studied for forty years. Before this period the records of earth movements are almost valueless to any one who would learn their cause, though in 1760 John Mitchell, professor of mineralogy at Cambridge, printed an essay on the subject which is still highly regarded. Prof. Mitchell's idea was that the earth was a liquid mass inclosed in a thin shell. Wave movements on the surface of the liquid caused the displacement of portions of the thin shell. This idea is the basis of many modern theories. The generally accepted theory is that earthquakes are caused by the expansion and contraction of the interior of the earth, due to contact of heated and cool masses of rock, or rock and water of widely different temperatures. This is conveniently brief and plausible, but whatever the cause all seismologists agree that the effects proceed from a concussion or sudden blow delivered under ground at some definite center. The center of impulse is called the seismic focus. From this center waves are sent in all directions through the solid materials of the earth's crust. The waves travel with great speed, though varying in various materials through which it passes. A shock will travel twice as rapidly through solid granite as through sand, and its slowest movement will be in water.

The investigations of Mallet, Haughton, Hopkins and others have contradicted the geologists' theory that permanent elevations of the earth's crust are caused by earthquakes. They found that in nearly every case where elevations were caused, gradual subsidence followed until the normal level was reached.

Earthquakes occur most frequently in the vicinity of volcanoes, though exactly what relation there is between the volcano and the earth shock is not known.

To measure the intensity, direction and time of earthquakes ingenious machines have been devised by scientists interested in the subject. The simplest device, intended to describe the direction and intensity of the earth waves, is a bowl of molasses set on a level base. Any movement of the earth would be transmitted to the bowl and the molasses would be thrown upon the side of the bowl in the direction the wave was going. The height of the molasses mark shows the intensity. This simple scheme is the basis of nearly all the seismometers in existence, though others are more elaborate.

At Edwardsville, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., Nov. 2.—A very distinct earthquake shock was felt here at 1:50 o'clock this morning. The vibrations did not continue so long but were much more distinctly felt than those at the time of the great Charleston disturbance. Almost everyone in town was awakened and a number of guns were fired from upper floor windows by persons sleeping over stores and places where loose articles were kept who awakened with an impression caused by the rattling below stairs that burglars were at work on the safes and should be frightened away.

At Cape Girardeau.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Nov. 2.—At 1:50 this morning our city was visited by the heaviest earthquake shock ever felt here. It seemed to come from the southwest, and lasted about thirty seconds. No damage was done.

At Brighton, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BRIGHTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—A most severely perceptible visitation of earthquake occurred here this morning at an early hour, momentarily frightening the people with its unexpected presence. Several different shocks were felt, being the most noticeable ever felt in this section of the country.

At Ironton, Mo.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

IRONTON, Mo., Nov. 2.—At about 2 o'clock last night the citizens of the community for several miles around had their slumbers disturbed by an earthquake. The usual rumbling noise that precedes the shock was immediately followed by a crash that almost shook down the furniture in residences and was from two to five minutes duration. The course of the shock seems to have followed the range of the Ozark hills that surround Arcadia Valley.

In Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PADUCAH, Ky., Nov. 2.—A severe shock of earthquake this morning lasted ten seconds. It passed from north to South. It cracked walls in several buildings and frightened people out of their beds. It was the severest shock ever experienced here.

At Mascoutah, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., Nov. 2.—At 1:50 this morning an earthquake was felt here. There was but one shock. It lasted only a few seconds, but was very distinct, sufficient to shake up dishes, windows and wake people from their slumbers.

At Alton, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—A violent shock, as of the rumbling and rolling of an earthquake, was experienced in this city about 2 o'clock this morning, and caused much excitement and alarm.

At Cairo, Ill.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 2.—A heavy shock of earthquake accompanied by a low report was felt here at 1:50 this morning. It was about one minute in duration. The direction was from southwest to northeast. No damage reported in this vicinity.

At Greenfield, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

GREENFIELD, Ill., Nov. 2.—At 1:51 this morning the entire city was awakened from their slumbers by the beds swaying from east to west. The shock was strong enough to cause dishes to be broken in cupboards.

At Collinsville, Ill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., Nov. 2.—There were two very distinct earthquake shocks felt here last night, generally supposed to have been caused by a set of Resolutions our citizens passed locating the World's Fair. The shocks occurred just as they got her located.

At Jacksonville, Ill.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Nov. 2.—At 1:50 this morning our city was visited by an earthquake shock which lasted several seconds. No damage was done, though houses were shaken and windows rattled.

A LETTER FROM NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE, the great novelist, to Mrs. Stowe, hitherto unpublished, will be given in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

AMONG THE KENTUCKIANS.

Reception of the Pan-American Delegates at Louisville—Watterson's Address.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 2.—A band stationed in the rotunda of the Galt House this morning played that dreamy Spanish air "La Paloma," and thus were the all-Americas excursionists awakened to begin a round of hospitalities in this city. After breakfast the party was welcomed at the Board of Trade. Hon. Harvey Watterson, gray haired, 76 years old, yet erect and sturdy of voice and hand grip, sat with Gov. Buckner and ex-Gov. McCreary and with them received the visitors. President Cornwall of the Board of Trade, after a brief greeting, presented Hon. Harvey Watterson as one who fifty years ago was our Minister to the Argentine Confederation. The aged Southron was cheered as he stood upon his feet and as he began speaking the face of every Spanish-American brightened with gratification. The first time since the journey began the men of the South were listening to words of greeting in their own tongue. Speaking in Spanish, Mr. Watterson said:

"Gentlemen of the International-American Congress—I am commissioned by the Board of Trade of this city to offer you their most cordial welcome. In performing this duty I have taken the liberty of using your own language. It is the most delightful language in the world.

"Almost fifty years ago I represented the Government of the United States in a Spanish-American republic. Ever since I have never ceased to admire your people. Three of my most esteemed friends in the city of Washington are Spanish gentlemen. You have made a long journey in order to arrive in this country, and as a Nation we have received your excellencies with open arms wherever you have appeared. Allow me to say to you, in the name of every citizen of the State of Kentucky and especially of the city of Louisville, that we rejoice at your presence here. I hope that the deliberations of the International Congress may result in the establishment of more intimate relations between the countries which constitute the three Americas—North, Central and South. We should not forget that we are all Americans and Republicans; that my native country has produced a Washington, and yours a Bolivar, and that our public interests are identical. I do not salute you as a stranger in a strange land, but as friends and brothers whom we delight to honor."

Enthusiastic cheers followed the closing words of the address.

Ex-Gov. McCreary of Kentucky, present Congressman and introducer of the bill providing for the International Congress, next spoke. He thought a movement had now been started, through which the Americas should dominate the world. Referring to his introduction of the bill referred to, he said he was proud already to see the success of the movement assured. He thought an unnatural and unneighborly limit to our trade and friendly relations had existed, but he hoped this Congress would establish arbitration as the means of settling international disputes and also lower the iron wall that had hedged the country, and thus bring about proper reciprocity and more friendly relations. Delegate Calderon of Colombia spoke for the visitors. He referred to the pleasure of the Southrons in reaching latitudes of more congenial climate and then dwelt upon the memory and the deeds of Henry Clay, the great Kentuckian, whose words and work had been a polar star to the Southern people at times when liberty there seemed almost expiring. He wished to-day in behalf of the sons of those people to extend to the sons of Henry Clay's State an acknowledgment of gratitude and a greeting of brothers.

The visitors were next driven to the Tobacco Board of Trade.

Carondelet Jottings.

Mr. Thomas Renaud leaves to-night for Jackson, Mo.

The patrol wagon drivers appeared in their new uniforms to-day.

The Athletic Club gave an entertainment last evening at Lafayette Hall.

Joseph Dick, colored, 12 years of age, was arrested by Patrolman O'Brien at noon to-day for hitting an aged man named John Ruhn with a rock.

A report was received from East Carondelet, Ill., to-day that the old Meir Iron Mills, which were sold recently, would be wrecked to obtain the iron and machinery. The Meir Mill has not been operated for the past seven years.

Matilda Mason, colored, aged 18 years, residing on East Haven street, was struck over the right eye by a stone about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon from a slung-shot. Dr. Thos. Saber, who dressed the wound, is of the opinion that the girl will lose her sight.

They Want a Holiday.

A petition was to-day presented to President Cox of the Merchants' Exchange, asking that the Exchange be closed on Tuesday next on account of the School Board election. A vote will be taken on this proposition on Monday next.

A MILLION DOLLARS LOSS

THE RECORD ST. LOUIS HAS MADE IN TRADING IN COTTON OILS.

Blind but Implicit Faith Placed in the Stories of Insiders by Shrewd Business Men—An Interview on Thursday Compared With Official Statements on Friday—What Is Being Done in Lead Trusts.



THE decline in Cotton Oil and Lead Trust certificates was continued to-day, the former going to 31 and closing at 32¼. In the meantime it had sold up to 33⅛, but the close was ⅛ below the low point yesterday. Leads sold down to 18¾, and closed at 19⅝, an advance over the low point of yesterday of ⅜. The highest point reached to-day was 20. Sugars were also weak, selling at 71⅛ and closing at 72¾. These were the only trusts that did not go below yesterday's market.

Just what this means to St. Louis can be seen by the estimates made by Mr. J.H. Blessing, who has followed the business up very closely, and who made the calculations on Cotton Oils, which caused the present break. Mr. Blessing's telegrams to the East were laughed at, and he was even burlesqued in the New York *Times* as somebody from the West dying to give Wall street information. This was when Cotton Oils were 10 to 20 points higher than at present, and Leads about five points higher than at present.

When seen this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter, Mr. Blessing said:

"Though I regret the situation is as it is,

ST. LOUIS HAS LOST HEAVILY

on all of the trust certificates, and some very large blocks are still held, purchased at the high prices. Of course I cannot give names, but I know of certain instances where the losses have run up into thousands. One of these was with a very well-known capitalist, who was holding a very large block of Cotton Oils, and also a great many leads. When we made an estimate as to what the Cotton Oils were really worth, and as to losses the trust must be sustaining, I sent him word to his office, and also to his residence, giving him the information we had, and advising him to sell, telling him at the same time that I did not ask him to do so through our house. He replied that he had information from the trustees which made him confident that he would come out all right, and though he thanked us for the information, stated that he would hold on. He has held, and his losses now amount to several thousand dollars. Of course, he may get part of it back through manipulation, as no one can tell anything about that, but he will never do so through the value of the property. I know I am safe in that assertion. There are also a number of other instances of this same character. They are all wealthy men and can stand it, but it hurts them, I can tell you that, and it hurts them worse because they have been imposed on by the inside officials. In the aggregate, the losses on trades made through St. Louis will amount to

OVER A MILLION DOLLARS,

according to perfectly reliable information. This, certainly, is not all in St. Louis, but three-quarters of it is and the other quarter is in territory adjacent to St. Louis and on trades made through St. Louis. Of course, this is surprising, but not more so than the blind faith reposed in the trust manipulators by shrewd business men. Only the other evening, when Cotton Oils were at 42, I met a prominent investor, who is loaded down with 30,000 certificates of Cotton Oils. He introduced the subject and asked me what I based my telegrams to the East on. I told him as fully as I could, as I am not interested in the trusts except as a broker, and he thanked me and said he guessed he'd hold on, as his information from the trust was very direct and in such detail that it could not be doubted."

"What is the information on which these people depended so confidently?" was asked.

"Mainly the statements of the officers of the trust. Here, for instance, is the *Wall Street News* of Thursday, the day before the annual meeting of the trust. In it is an interview with President James H. Flagler, in which he makes some interesting statements.

NOW NOTICE THE COMPARISONS

between this interview and the reports at the annual meeting. Here is the interview:

"'Speaking of the meeting of the stockholders of the American Cotton Oil Co., which will take place to-morrow, President James H. Flagler said to a representative of the *Wall Street Daily News* yesterday: "The statement which we shall submit will, I am sure, be pleasing to the stockholders, because it will show that we have earned over 5 per cent on our capitalization. The company has spent some thousands of dollars in improving its machinery, and as an example of what we are able to do we shall show that for a mill of 275 tons capacity we have put in machinery capable of crushing 375 tons of seed. The ambition of the administration has been to make the machinery in their numerous mills as near perfection as possible. The stockholders will have absolutely no cause to complain of the showing which we shall make.'

PERFECTLY UNRELIABLE.

"Now," continued Mr. Blessing, "according to the statement made by trustees of the trust at the annual meeting held on the succeeding day, the net cash assets are only $466,900. Virtually they have no resources beyond their plant and product on hand. President Flagler in his interview says they have earned over 5 per cent on their capitalization. This statement shows that their earnings at the outside are not over 2¼ per cent."

"What is the capitalization of the trust?"

"It is $42,000,000, based, as you can see, on a gross valuation, plant, cash and everything else, of $5,051,900. What their formula is worth no one can tell. Where it is known, as I understand it, no market can be found for their oil, and this accounts for the decrease in their sales during the last six months of 50 to 60 per cent. This is in so-called refined or compound lard. They, as you know, were forced by Congress to brand it as a compound. Congress has done this much now, but the quicker it can enact laws to wipe out all trusts the better it will be for the public."

Mr. Blessing was also asked as to the

ST. LOUIS INTEREST IN LEAD

Trust certificates and as to an estimate as to their value.

"The best advices I can get to-day are to the effect that on the present capitalization of the Lead Trust, its certificates are not worth over, on their intrinsic value, $7.50 each, and this, too, on a conservative estimate. They are held very largely in St. Louis, the majority bought at 30 and over. The highest point, in the bull craze, was 35, and a great many were bought from that down to 30, the bulk at 32. It has been easier to sell Lead Trust certificates here than any other, on account of this being a great lead market. The Eastern manipulators have taken advantage of this. The capitalization is over $82,000,000, on their own statement, but the trustees only know exactly what it is. On this our losses have been extremely heavy. Of course we have some profits on both Leads and Cottons to offset this. I have one customer who sold 1,500 shares of Cottons at 56 and 53, and who has now a profit of over $30,000. I have also several other good shorts and not a single long."

THE TRUST MARKET

to-day was as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Close.
Cottons	33	33⅛	31	32¼
Lead	19⅝	20	18¾	19⅝
Sugar	72	72¾	71⅛	72¾
Whisky	41½ nominal.			
Linseed	47½ asked; no bids.			

Over-Issue of Louisiana Bonds.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A special from New Orleans says that a further over-issue of State bonds has been discovered. The Auditor and Treasurer returned from Baton Rouge and reported to the Governor that an examination of ex-Treasurer Burke's accounts show that between $200,000 and $400,000 of bonds have been illegally issued. They state that they are not yet able to give the exact amount of the over-issue and it may exceed the amount given above.

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NONOTUCK SILK CO.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

WANAMAKER'S
Selling Out to Quit Business
STORE OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
210 and 212 North Broadway.

DRIVEN FROM THE CITY.

THE LEADER OF THE CIGARMAKERS' UNION EXPELLED FROM KEY WEST.

Deported by the Board of Trade to Havana—Other Strikers Notified to Leave—The Situation Growing Worse—Arbitration Now Out of the Question—Protest From the Spanish Consul—All Trade Paralyzed.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 2.—Yesterday's advices from Key West indicate that the cigarmakers' strike there has assumed a new phase, and that the paralysis of general business on account of the lockout by manufacturers is already seriously affecting the condition of the populace.

The *Times-Union* Key West correspondent under date of the 31st ult., says: Messonier, Treasurer of the Cigarmakers' Union, has been expelled or driven from the island. This was done by a committee of the Board of Trade who had endeavored to arbitrate the trouble now existing. Mr. Messonier left a day or two ago on a steamer and there was much excitement among the Cubans, a couple of thousand of whom were assembled on the wharf. Though no real danger was apprehended yet the militia was under arms at the City Hall, and the Mayor had all the regular police force assembled with instructions to be in readiness and subject only to his call. They remained there until notified by the Mayor that all was quiet. The reason of Messonier's expulsion was that his presence here was detrimental to the peace, as he was considered the chief promoter and maintainer of the existing troubles. His and his wife's passage money were paid to Tampa by the Board of Trade.

Monday afternoon other members of the Cigarmakers' Committee received (per delivery by a hackdriver) an anonymous letter with tickets enclosed for Havana, on the steamer Hutchins, which sailed that evening, requesting them to leave the place. They, however, paid no attention to the notice, with the exception of Jose Garcia, who went to Havana on advice of the Spanish Consul. The affair was telegraphed to the Governor General at Havana and the following telegram from the Consul, who was in Havana, was read:

"Hoist flag as a protest to the Mayor's or any authority which has a right. Protect him in my house. Justice will be given," etc.

The Spanish man-of-war George Juan arrived in the harbor Monday morning with the Spanish Consul aboard, and after taking on board 289 cigarmakers, women and children, sailed the same evening for Havana. One hundred and fifty-eight others went by the Morgan steamer Hutchins. It is the belief among citizens generally, as well as many of the manufacturers, that Messonier's expulsion has injured rather than improved matters. All arbitration is out of the question, as they say they will not resume work unless their demand is wholly conceded.

The American cigarmakers, exclusive of Cuban-Americans, number about seven thousand. Some of the manufacturers claim or believe that the trouble here is supported by Havana manufacturers and connived at by the Spanish Cuban Government. Business is pretty well paralyzed. Clothing houses which usually do a business of $1,200 to $1,500 a week did not take $200 during the last week. The withdrawals of tobacco from the bonded warehouses for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday were only twenty-three bales. It seems generally conceded that the Havana authorities are endeavoring to depopulate Key West of its cigarmakers on account of their being jealous of the new American rivalry for cigar reputation.

Miners' Strike at Odin, Ill.

ODIN, Ill., Nov. 2.—The 200 miners employed here struck yesterday for higher wages and cheaper supplies. They claim that the company charges them more for blasting powder than the market price, and that their supplies are not obtainable except at places controlled by the employers.

REAL ESTATE.

Incorporating to Improve Piasa Bluff—To-Day's Sales.

The Piasa Bluff Improvement Co. filed articles of incorporation to-day in the sum of $75,000, one half of which amount of stock has been paid by the following named subscribers: Charles C. Nicholls, ten shares, $1,000; L. Halleck, $1,000; W. H. Lawson, $1,000; C. P. Masden, $1,000; E. P. V. Ritter, $4,000; William M. Horton, $1,000; D. H. Stewart, $1,000; C. L. Thompson, $1,000; John S. Moffit, $2,000; James E. Cowan, $500; C. M. and C. Thompson, $500; Charles F. Vogel, $500; Seneca N. Taylor, $1,000; Philip E. Green, $1,000; Joseph T. Donovan, $1,000; Benjaman St. James Fry, $2,000; H. M. Pollard, $500; D. H. Stewart, trustee, $30,900.

The incorporators expect to receive their charter from the State of Missouri early next week and immediately thereafter the association will organize by electing officers.

The gentlemen who instituted this organization have acquired 750 acres of ground at Piasa Bluff, in Illinois, on the Mississippi River, just above Alton, where it is proposed to establish a summer resort. It is an admirable site for the purpose, as most St. Louisans know who have visited the Western Chautauqua.

Railway facilities are guaranteed, by which means the resort will be made readily accessible from this city.

AN EASTON AVENUE SALE.

The Baird-Barnard-Hamilton Real Estate Co., which has just established a branch office at No. 623 Chestnut street, reports the sale of a 32x218-foot lot situate on the south side of Easton avenue, west of Sarah street, at $27.50 per foot cash, from John W. Clark of Louisville, Ky., to J. D. S. Hall, who is going to improve the site with a pair of eight-room flats. The grantor, Mr. Clark, purchased the ground about fifteen months since for [illegible]. The sale of it at nearly double that price is another evidence of the enhancing value of Easton avenue property.

NOTES.

Lindenwood property owners have donated a lot in that suburban residence place and subscribed $6,000 for the construction of a church edifice which is to be built there.

J. H. Hagan has purchased the ten-room two-story brick dwelling and 30x169 feet of ground at 2631 Pine street for $4,600, from W. F. Hammers. C. E. Stinde & Co. negotiated the sale.

Malaria Fever
Experience of a Railroad Man.
"I would be pleased to state for the benefit of those who are living in sections where malaria is prevalent, that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me of one of the worst cases of malaria fever, and I believe that what it did for me it will do for others. In 1886 I was taken with that dreaded disease. I consulted the best doctors, who said they had
Done Everything They Could
for me, but without any apparent benefit. They then sent me to a noted physician who was stopping in St. Louis, but with no better results. I had to resign my situation as agent and operator for the Missouri Pacific Railroad. I had lost 66 pounds and spent over $300. At last I accidentally met a traveler for C. I. Hood & Co., who advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I bought six bottles for $5, and after using two I thought I was no better. But I determined to use up what Sarsaparilla I had, and before the third bottle was gone I began to feel better and continued to mend till I took 12 bottles, when I more than
Gained My Usual Health
and weight. I soon obtained another situation and consider myself a well man. I cannot speak too highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla to my many railroad friends." J. M. MILLER, Agent Wabash & Pacific Railway, Ladoga, Ill.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

THE FINANCIAL STATUS

MOST SATISFACTORY TO THE WORLD'S FAIR EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A Combined Meeting of the Executive and Finance Committees to Be Held To-Night—Some Peculiarities in the Assessments Explained—The Associated Press Must Come to Time.



AFTER waiting for a number of weeks to enable some few of the sub-committees, appointed to collect funds for the World's Fair, to complete their reports, the Finance Committee have decided to publish at an early day the lists of the industries that have subscribed as much or more than was allotted to them. A meeting was held at the Mercantile Club last night at which this matter was discussed, and it was held by the majority to be only fair to allow those industries that have come to the front at once the credit justly due them.

A SUCCESSFUL CANVASS.

More than the required $5,000,000 has been secured, and it is now only a question of how far the amount pledged will exceed the original assessment.

The members of the Finance Committee wish it to be clearly understood that the fact that all the assessments have not yet been filled is not to be considered as an invariable indication that those in arrears have not manifested as much public spirit and civic patriotism as those whose allotment has been more than completed. In a number of instances, necessitated by the hasty manner in which the allotment was made out, there has been much clashing between different committees. The assessment of $150,000 against the lawyers was intended to include the large property owners following this profession, but the Committee on Unclassified Interests declare that in as far as a lawyer is a property-holder apart from his profession, his subscription should be accredited to it. The assessment of $300,000 made against the Merchants' Exchange was levied before other assessments had been made, and when the list was complete it was found that by far the majority of the members had been assigned to other committees. Many other industries were in the same position, and the returns have therefore been slow. But far more money than had been expected has been raised, and the financial problem may be regarded as settled.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING.

At 8 o'clock this evening a combined meeting of the Executive and Finance Committees will be held for the purpose of discussing the situation. Secretary Moffitt will be ready with his report, and the question of the date of publication will be decided upon. It is not intended to publish all subscriptions, but only those which the collectors declare to be complete. Many subscription books, bearing the signatures of well-known merchants for large amounts, are not yet complete, and the total will be very materially swelled by those who have not yet subscribed.

Representatives of all houses having subscription books are requested to turn them in to the Finance Committee and close up their subscriptions. The salesmen of the following houses have turned in their books with subscription aggregating $8,200: Gauss-Shelton Hat Co., 1,000; Janis, Saunders & Co., $2,700; Clark Shoe Co., $500; Simon, Gregory & Co., $2,100; Scarritt Furniture Co., $500; Gieseeke Boot & Shoe Co., $1,000.

COMMITTEE WORK PROGRESSING.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence held a meeting yesterday afternoon. The reports sent out by the Associated Press in reference to the World's Fair agitation in St. Louis received attention, and the opinion was freely expressed that the general headquarters at Chicago were interested in advancing the interests of that city and keeping St. Louis in the background. A committee was appointed to bring the matter to the attention of the proper authorities, and steps will be taken to secure fair treatment for this city.

The Committee on Unclassified Interests met yesterday. Messrs. R. P. Tansey, H. J. Lamp, Geo. H. Goddard, O. B. Gould, John E. Liggett, A. B. Ewing, J. G. W. Stedman, G. M. Wright, W. V. Withnell, E. L. Ridgely and Thos. Reybnin being in attendance. A large number of subscriptions have been received and the progress made has been most satisfactory.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the Committees on Auxiliary Action in Massachusetts and Indiana met, and a number of letters were read promising Congressional support to this city.

The Bryan Land College Hill Citizens' Association will meet Monday night at Pryor's Hall on Florissant avenue. They will take steps to assist the movement looking to the location of the World's Fair in O'Fallon Park. The North End Improvement Association meets at Kron's Hall on Bissell and Twentieth streets on Wednesday evening. An endeavor will be made to have two associations work jointly in behalf of the World's Fair location project. Committees will be appointed and the advantages of the proposed site set forth before the body having the matter in charge.

BARBERS OF THE WORLD. The way of shaving and hair-cutting among the different nations of the world in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ON THE MINING EXCHANGE.

The Feature of To-Day's Trading "Central Silver"—Very Little Business Done.

The Mining Exchange market to-day was without any special feature. The largest trading was done in Central Silver, about 1,200 shares being sold during the day.

* * *

The principal sales to-day were as follows: Central Silver opened at 46¼, dropped to 45¾, jumped to 47⅛ and closed at 46¾ bid. Sold 1,200 shares. Major Budd opened at 31¼, went up to 33½, and closed at 30 bid. Sales 200 shares. Silver Age was very quiet. Shares were offered at $2.15, with $2.07½ bid.

* * *

'Frisco opened at 9½, at which figure 700 shares were sold. It closed with 9 bid and 10 asked.

* * *

Black Oak opened at 6 and was very quiet. It closed at 5½ bid and offered at 6.

* * *

Considerable trading was done in Golden Era; 10½ was offered for any part of 5,000 shares, and about 1,200 shares were disposed of at that figure.

Cheerfulness An Aid to Cure.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

There is a faith cure not often considered, but which is in constant operation and quite as effective in its workings as that practiced by professional "healers" or "metaphysicians." It is the cure brought, or assisted, by the patient's faith in his doctor. Every physician knows the desirability of inspiring this feeling, and the best methods of establishing this confidence in persons under his treatment are made matters of professional study. It is only in part a question of medical skill. He may be recognized as a man of great knowledge and ability, and may lack that one essential characteristic that makes him welcome in every household. The possession of this quality is largely a matter of temperament, and its usefulness is hardly recognized by the fortunate practitioner, though he may conscientiously cultivate it through knowledge of the fact that cheerfulness is better than gloom in all the relations of life. It is the gospel of cheerfulness that this man unconsciously teaches—not the aggressive gayety and unsympathetic jocularity that is an offense to an invalid and his friends, but a brightness of spirits that makes glad all who meet him.

BUFFALO BILL tells what he thinks of Paris and the French in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Gathered From the Adjacent Towns.

Clinton, Mo., Nov. 1.—Samuel Rahn has returned from Kansas City.——E. D. Canan has gone to Rockville.——J. B. Steele Sundayed in Clinton.——Judge G. H. Hackney of Urich was in town Monday.——C. A. Cairnes and Judge Gantt have gone to Osceola.——Mrs. O. A. Jones of Hunnewville is visiting friends in this city.——Miss Lena Davidson of Fayetteville, Ark., was pleasantly entertained last week by Mrs. G. H. Blakemore. She left Saturday for Sedalia.——Miss Kate De La Vergne of Sedalia spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. E. O. Price, J. H. Mann of Sobeli City has been visiting his daughter at Baird College.——James L. Ellis-ton has gone to Kansas City.——Mrs. Henry Taylor of Olathe, Kan., is visiting the family of A. J. Blackford.——T. W. Vandiver, formerly a Clintonian, was registered at Hotel Woods Sunday.——Frank Reed has returned from Memphis.——H. Hunter has returned from Montrose.——Mrs. Nancy Biggen, who has been visiting relatives and friends in this city, has returned to her home in Waco, Tex.——Mrs. A. J. Dickinson of Fort Worth, Tex., is visiting her son, C. C. Dickinson.——C. T. Givens, the popular young artist, is in town visiting relatives and friends.——Sponser Kelly and sister, Miss Lida, have returned to their home, in Windsor.——Mrs. Geo. Hopgood, accompanied by Mrs. Whitmore, has returned from Stockton, Kan.——Mr. Homer Wilson and wife of Waco, Tex., are visiting Mrs. Judge F. E. Savage.——John L. Wolfolk of St. Louis has been visiting J. M. Avery.——Mrs. Frank Wonderly has arrived from Indianapolis, Ind., and will make Clinton her future home.——E. W. Snyder is in Windsor on business.——W. B. Brinkerhoff has gone to Lowry City.——Chas. White, the Deepwater banker, is in our city.——F. S. Hanna of Springfield spent Tuesday in Clinton.——Mrs. Dr. Britts left Tuesday for Garland.——Mrs. Green has gone to Vinita, I. T., for a two weeks' visit.——Mrs. Rudd of Labelle, Mo., is visiting the family of Mr. Marshall.——F. Smeling of Lexington is in the city.——W. C. Adrain and wife, who have been visiting friends in Muskogee, I. T., have returned home.——M. A. E. Patton of Ft. Scott, Kan., is in the city.——Secretary Groyn has returned from a trip to St. Louis.

Effingham, Ill., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Grace Jones and husband of Windsor have been visiting Mrs. Holdskomb the past week.——Mrs. Jesse Durrell has been dangerously ill the past week.——Saint Fleming returned to Topeka, Kan., yesterday.——Mrs. H. C. Painter arrived here from Decatur yesterday.——Dr. C. W. Durst of St. Elmo was here on business yesterday.——Mrs. Geary of St. Louis is visiting her son, James Geary, in this city.——C. B. Furgeson of Paris, Ill. is the guest of Frank McCoy in this city.——Attorney F. M. Cox of Vandalia was in attendance on Circuit Court this week.——Judge J. W. Emmerson of St. Louis was here this week on business.——H. R. Durfee, an attorney of Palmyra, N. Y., is here attending our Circuit Court.

Greenfield, Ill., Nov. 1.—Clarence Mosier has been appointed Postmaster at Wrightsville; J. Bethard removed.——Geo. Bauer was here from Carrollton this week, attending the funeral of his infant sister.——The band boys had a miserable week at the Carrollton Fair, the weather being so blustering it made playing difficult, and also kept the boys in an active state to keep warm.——Mrs. J. K. Miller and children departed for their home in Hiawatha, Kan., Tuesday. They have been among relatives and friends in this vicinity for several weeks, their visit being a most enjoyable one.——Mrs. Frank Miller of Jerseyville was here last week with her parents.——Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Roach, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Roach and Henry Roach, all of Beardstown, were here Monday attending the funeral of Holly Hall.——City Clerk H. E. Wilhite is on the sick list and was threatened with typhoid fever, but we are glad to learn he is improving. Mr. Basil Davenport of Jacksonville, has been visiting friends and relatives in this city.——Miss Ida Nichols of Carrollton, is here visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Wilhite and Mrs. Fred French.——Uncle Jihonnis Slaughter of Stonington, is visiting his son, Mr. W. J. Slaughter.——The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Griswold died October 31, of diptheria.——Thos. Wiesner, has returned from his Western trip.——Mort Hall was down from Springfield to attend the funeral obsequies of his nephew.——Diphtheria is raging to an alarming extent here, and it seems almost impossible for the doctors to handle it as they would like to.——George Eives and Wm. Chiles were here from Carlinville the first part of the week. George has quit business in Carlinville and may probably locate at this place.

Nokomis, Ill., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Jacob Lindley of St. Louis is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Brandt.—Wm. Abbot of Hillsboro was in town Thursday.——Albert Snyder has returned to Chicago.——Mr. and Mrs. Adam Culp of Raymond were in town this week.——Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Henkel have returned to their home at Catawissa, Pa.——Thos. M. Jett was at Hillsboro on legal business this week.——O. D. Evans of Peoria was in town this week on business connected with Cottingham Post, No. 236, G. A. R.——Mrs. W. J. Levlay of St. Louis has recently been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson.——Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bost of Fillmore were the guests of A. J. Williford and family last Sunday.——John R. Day of Cincinnati, O., a former resident of this place, was the guest of relatives here first of the week.——Harry Phillips of Hillsboro was in town Thursday.——Miss Jennie Fay and Miss Bertie Clark of Jacksonville are the guests of Miss Nellie Griffin.——F. M. Sawyer was at Staunton Thursday. Miss Mary Bryce has returned to her home at Indianapolis after a visit with Mrs. E. Collier.——Mr. Frank Pike and family of Kansas have been the guests of old-time friends here this week.

Rolla, Mo., Nov. 1.—Mrs. L. F. Parker and little daughter Grace, returned Friday from a month's visit in Washington, D. C., Meriden, Conn., and Chicago.——Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stimson, of St. James, and Mr. W. C. Faulkner, and the consolation prizes by Mrs. George L. Love and Judge D. Donahoe.——A very pleasant hop was given Monday night at the Grant House, complimentary to Miss Nellie Fay of Springfield, who was the guest of Mrs. N. A. Kinney.——This section was visited by a very heavy rain last night.

St. Charles, Mo., Nov. 2.—Mr. William Alexander of Brownsville, Fla., visited his parents here this week and left Tuesday for the West.——Miss Gussie M. Friederich is visiting St. Louis friends this week.——Mrs. Rhodes and daughter, Miss Lizzie, left Wednesday for Kansas City, and from there they go to Denver, Colo., to spend the winter.——Mrs. Calahan, who has been the guest of Mr. T. C. Salveter, left for her home in Louisville, Ky., Thursday.——Mrs. J. P. Walker returned home to-day, after spending several weeks with relatives in St. Louis.——Mr. Shirley E. Borden arrived to-day from Philadelphia to visit his uncle, Mr. J. Johns.——A series of meetings will be held at the Baptist Church commencing to-night. Rev. A. M. Vardeman of Mexico will assist Rev. Reed.——Mrs. Ida Palmer left Thursday for her home in Bloomington, Ill., after a pleasant visit with relatives.

Hints on Health.

Never go to bed with cold or damp feet.

Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten.

Never lean with your back against anything that is cold.

Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out into the cold.

After exercise of any kind never ride in an open carriage or near the window of a car for a moment; it is dangerous to health, or even life.

Never omit regular bathing, for unless the skin is in active condition the cold will close the pores and favor congestion and other diseases.

When hoarse speak as little as possible until the hoarseness has disappeared, else the voice may be permanently lost or difficulties of the throat be produced.

When going from a warm atmosphere into a cooler one keep the mouth closed, so that the air may be warmed in its passage through the nose ere it reaches the lungs.

Merely warm the back by the fire and never continue keeping the back exposed to the heat after it has become comfortably warm. To do otherwise is debilitating.

Keep the back, especially between the shoulder-blades, well covered; also the chest well protected. In sleeping in a cold room establish the habit of breathing through the nose, and never with the mouth open.

A New York Village in Flames.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The village of Copenhagen, Lewis County, is the scene of a conflagration this afternoon. Several buildings, including three in which the telegraph and telephone offices were located, have been destroyed.

PRINCE JOACHIM MURAT.

A FEW INCIDENTS IN THE CAREER OF HIS "ILLUSTRIOUS" FATHER.

Why Lucien was Driven Out of the Bonaparte Mansion at Bordentown, N. J.—His Experience as a Horse Sharp—Thrashed by a Virginia Gentleman for Cheating at Cards—A Neglected Wife's Sorrows.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.



PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—In view of the claim made by Miss Caldwell's friends that her whilom fiance, Prince Joachim Murat, is in every sense of the word a good match and of illustrious descent the career of his father in this country is of peculiar interest. The fact, too, that the engagement between the Prince and Miss Caldwell has been virtually declared off because she had inserted in the marriage contract a provision that left her mistress of her own income, while it may not stamp the Prince as a fortune-hunter at least shows that he has inherited from his "illustrious" father a keen appreciation of pecuniary advantages.

Prince Lucien Murat, Joachim's father, was shipped to this country soon after the downfall of Napoleon in 1815 by relatives, who considered themselves disgraced by his escapades on the Continent. Joseph Bonaparte was then living luxuriously at Bordentown, N. J., and at his home Prince Murat was welcomed with open arms. He was treated as one of the family and supplied with funds by Bonaparte, which he dispensed with a lavish hand. Here the exile might have lived in ease until the restoration of the French empire had he not indulged in his dishonest proclivities and been detected cheating his benefactor in a friendly game of ecarte.

CHEATING AT CARDS.

Expelled from the Bonaparte mansion, Prince Lucien came to Philadelphia and here his title gained for him the entry to swell society. He borrowed right and left, and his card-playing made him a comfortable home. On one occasion a Virginia gentleman named Robert Digges, who was playing with him at a noted gaming saloon in Fourth street, below Chestnut, noticed several peculiarities about the game that could but be explained on the theory that some one was cheating. He soon assured himself that Murat was playing a brace game, and going to a billiard table, he got a cue and astonished the spectators by laying it over the Prince's shoulders with an earnestness that made that gentleman howl with anguish.

About 1836 Prince Lucien married a Miss Caroline Frazer, a member of an old South Carolina family. She had some property in land and slaves, all of which the noble bridegroom quickly spent. Thenceforth this unfortunate woman's life was one of toil and sorrow. She moved to Bordentown and did everything possible to support her children; kept a boarding-house, taught school, and did her best to keep up the self-respect of the family. After the Digges affair in Philadelphia, Murat discarded all pretense to respectability, and became a peripatetic horse dealer, and was better known than respected through Southern and Western Jersey. For a time his suave and effusive manner and magnificent capacity for lying enabled him to do a good business with the hard headed farmers, and even with them his title was a talisman.

MET HIS MATCH.

He was utterly without shame or scruples and would borrow of a hostler or wandering tinker, but he sometimes met his match. In 1842 a man named Able Goings lived on the line of the Delaware and Raritan canal and his business was dealing in canal teams. He had a son, who was not considered very bright and who was under age. His father had given him a fine sorrel mare and Murat met him at a tavern near Trenton. The poor hayseed was pleased by the attentions and flattery liberally bestowed by the Prince and finally traded his mare for a plug worth about $40, getting besides Murat's note for $200. Old Goings was a man of few words, and he started out on horseback to look for the Prince and found him at a tavern a few miles north of Bordentown. He at once hauled Murat out of the buggy and gave him a tremendous lashing with a horse whip, and soon effected an arrangement for restitution more to his own advantage than it was to Murat.

About 1844 his circumstances seemed to improve and it was known that he received considerable money in remittances from Europe, but his creditors were no better off. When in 1849 he and his children were invited to France by Louis Napoleon the poor wife was left behind and ended her unhappy life on a small place near Jacksonville, in Florida, friendless and alone.

BUFFALO BILL tells what he thinks of Paris and the French in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ONLY A BIT OF PAPER.

But It Came in Time and Saved Many Lives.

From the Brunswick Times.

"It was on the night run," said the engineer, "and my train was about thirty minutes late. I said to my fireman: 'Keep her hot; I mean to go to meeting point on time.' During the next fifteen minutes I was not long in passing the the mile-posts, for my engine flew along at the rate of fifty miles an hour down a long grade as straight as an arrow. Suddenly something struck me in the face, making a slight wound. I slowed down. 'What's that near the furnace door?' I asked of the fireman, pointing to a little bit of white payer lying just to my left.

"The fireman stooped, picked up the paper and handed it to me. In the dim light of the steam-gauge I read: 'Lookout at the river bridge; there's a tie on the track.' Sure enough, just at the entrance to the bridge I found a tie securely fastened across the track. Who put it there? I don't know; but I do know if the author of that message will make himself known to me he may ask me any favor he pleases with the assurance that it will be granted. Where is the piece of paper? My wife, Molly, has it in a gilt frame hanging over the parlor mantel-piece. Whenever I am out on my run she stands before it and breathes a prayer for my safety. That piece of paper is my mascot, for I've never even been behind time since the night it was thrown into my engine-cab."

A Dog Without a Brain.

From the Wiener Medical Presse.

At the last meeting of German neurologists, held in Baden-Baden, Prof. Goltz of Strasburg reported a most remarkable experiment. He cut out, in two operations, almost the entire cerebrum of a dog, leaving only the cerebellum and a small portion of the base of the cerebrum. The animal lived for fifty-one days after the last operation and then died of pneumonia. The remarkable part of the experiment was the influence it had on the dog, who, a few hours after the operation, raised himself on his hind legs, but his paws over the side of his box and looked inquiringly around. He could walk, eat and drink, and would chew any food that was placed in his mouth. Waking and sleeping alternated naturally. He was restless before feeding, but afterward would become quiet and sleep. A slight touch would awaken him from sleep. During urination and defecation the animal assumed the normal position. Hearing, taste and smell were, of course, absent.

WOMEN AS POLITICIANS. Kate Field gives her opinion on the subject in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

To Form a Coursing Club.

Mr. E. Burgess of this city is endeavoring to interest lovers of the sport of coursing in the forming of a club for that purpose. Mr. Burgess has a kennel of greyhounds some of which have excellent records, one of them, Spring, a 16-months-old pup, having recently won the coursing match at Great Bend, Kan. It is expected that the club will soon be formed.

Nugents

FIRST-CLASS

Millinery!

AT

Low Prices.

Second Floor—Take Elevator.

B. NUGENT & BRO

Broadway, Washington Avenue and St. Charles Street.

FARMERS' CONFERENCE.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

Programme of the Three Days' Sessions—Organization of the Convention—Laws Applying to It—County Agricultural and Mechanical Societies Represented—The Matter of Railroad Fairs Fully Explained.



THE Missouri State Board of Agriculture will hold its twenty-second annual meeting in Columbus, Mo., on November 6, and its sessions will continue to (and include) November 8. The meeting is held in accordance with the following law which describes the object for which it is called:

Sec. 4047. There shall be held in the Agricultural College building on the first Wednesday of November, in each year, an annual meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, together with the president of each county agricultural society, or delegate therefrom, duly authorized, who shall for the time being be ex-officio members of the State Board of Agriculture, for deliberation and consultation as to the wants, prospects and condition of the agricultural interests of the State, to receive the reports of district and county societies, and to fill by elections all vacancies in the board. The President shall have power to call meetings of the board when he may deem it expedient, and at any meeting of said board, seven members shall constitute a quorum; and all meetings of the board shall be held at the place of holding the regular meetings of the board, in November of each year.

The programme for the meeting is as follows:

NOVEMBER 6, 2 P. M.
(At the Court-house.)
"Farmers' Organizations" ..... U. S. Hall

7:30 P. M.
(At the Agricultural College Building.)
Regular Business Meeting of the Board of Agriculture.

NOVEMBER 7.

From 10 a. m. till 1 p. m. the members of the Board and visitors will be shown through the University buildings and grounds of the Agricultural College and Experiment Station.

2 P. M.
(At the Opera-house.)
"Sheep Breeding" ..... L. E. Shattuck
"Dehorning Cattle" ..... D. W. B. Kurtz
"Horse Breeding" ..... Thos. Lafon

7:30 P. M.
"The Agricultural College" ..... A. B. Matthews
"Farm Management From a Woman's Standpoint," ..... Mrs. G. E. Dugan
"Germs of Diseases" (illustrated) ..... Dr. Paul Paquin
"Destructive Insects" (illustrated) ..... Prof. G. D. Parinton

NOVEMBER 8, 9 A. M.
"The Horticultural Outlook" ..... L. A. Goodman
"Cider Vinegar Making" ..... Chas Patterson
"Orcharding in Missouri" ..... Prof. J. W. Clark
"Farm Accounts" ..... Prof. J. P. Royall

2 P. M.
"Meteorology" ..... Sergt. A. L. McRea
"Dairying" ..... J. L. Erwin
"Agricultural Experiments" ..... H. J. Waters
"Highway Bridges" ..... Prof. H. Phillips

7:30 P. M.
"Mutual Relations of Farmers and Local Newspapers ..... E. W. Stephens
"Farmers' Wives" ..... Miss S. E. Powell
"Corn" ..... Prof. P. Schweitzer
"Ancient and Modern Italian Agriculture," (illus.) ..... Dr. M. M. Fisher

The sessions of the board are always full of interest and the meetings are well attended. Besides the section of law quoted the following sections of State law relate to the board and the societies subordinate to it.

Sec. 4048. It shall be the duty of all agricultural and horticultural societies, organized and established in accordance with the laws of this State, to make a full report of their transactions to the Missouri State Board of Agriculture, at each annual meeting thereof.

Sec. 4049. It shall be the duty of the said board to make an annual report to the General Assembly of the State, embracing the proceedings of the board for the past year, and an abstract of the reports and proceedings of the several agricultural and horticultural societies, as well as a general view of the condition of agriculture and horticulture throughout the State, accompanied by such recommendations, including especially such a system of public instruction upon those subjects, as may be deemed interesting and useful.

Sec. 4,056. At each annual meeting of the society the Board of Directors shall report, in writing, the number of members and the financial condition of their society; the quantity and character of property owned by it, and the quality and cost of improvement of the same; the number and value of premiums awarded at their annual fair; the number and character of the animals and articles exhibited; a statement of the probable quantity of the staple commodities of the county, and the prices current thereof, and such other information in relation to the agricultural and mechanical interests of the county as they may deem worthy of general notice, and a copy of the reports so made shall be transmitted to the Missouri State Board of Agriculture, to be disposed of as provided in the next succeeding section.

Sec. 4059. The Missouri State Board of Agriculture shall, at each session of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, report faithfully all the facts, statistics and information contained in the reports transmitted to them from the county agricultural and mechanical societies, organized and incorporated under the provisions of this article, and such other facts, statistics and information as they may gather from other counties in this State in regard to agricultural, mechanical and domestic manufacture and productions, and to the raising of the various breeds of stock.

By the foregoing it will be seen that the Missouri State Board of Agriculture and the county agricultural and mechanical societies are bound together by law, and that the law commands the State Board and county societies to co-operate, and to perform certain duties in the interest of agriculture. A circular letter has been sent to the secretaries of the different county agricultural and mechanical societies, that they may know what the requirements of the law are and be prepared to meet them.

Levi Chubbuck, secretary of the board, has sent out the following with regard to railroad rates: "To those attending the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, to be held at Columbia, Mo., November 6, 7 and 8, a reduced rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip will be given by the following roads: Chicago & Alton; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City; Chicago, Santa Fe & California, Hannibal & St. Joseph; Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs; Missouri Pacific; St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern, and the Wabash. But to secure the reduced rate each visitor to the meeting must pay full fare at starting point and each time a ticket is procured, taking a receipt or certificate from each ticket agent, which, on being signed by the Secretary at the place of meeting, entitles the holder to return ticket or tickets at one-third of the full rate. Unless the certificate is secured and signed by the Secretary full fare will have to be paid for return ticket."

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BRIGHTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—Mr. Henry Eppler, a wealthy German farmer, died this morning after a lengthy illness. He will be buried to-morrow from the Lutheran Church.

YOUR druggist sells Red Cross Cough Drops, 5 cents per box.

Hurrah for St. Louis! Hurrah for the West!

The Sunday Post-Dispatch is Always the Best!

AND TO-MORROW

Its Special and Exclusive Telegraphic Service

AND

ITS FINE ARRAY OF SPECIAL ARTICLES

Will Clearly Prove That the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is the

Best Sunday Paper in the Country.

Kate Field, Buffalo Bill, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Opie P. Read, Pasteur, Mrs. Frank Leslie, Bill Nye, F. G. Carpenter and Wilkie Collins

Are among to-morrow's contributors, together with hitherto Unpublished Letters of

George Eliot, Nathaniel Hawthorne, James Russell Lowell and Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Among the Special Articles will be found

A Composition Written at 12 Years Old by the Author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin,"

Hitherto Unpubished. Mrs. Stowe's Own Account of Her Conversion to Religion and Her Literary Methods.

Buffalo Bill's Opinion of Paris and the French.

All About the Cat—Its History, Ways and Peculiarities. Illustrated.

The Barbers of the World—How They Shave and Cut Hair in Many Countries. Illustrated.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Gives Her Idea of "The Best Man."

The White House Family—Who and What Compose It. Illustrated.

A Trip Down the Lower St. Lawrence—Its Picturesque Boarding and Its Legends. Illustrated.

The Latest Thing in Screens—Some Points for Household Decoration.

"Blind Love," by Wilkie Collins—More Chapters.

AND

PASTEUR ON RABIES

Communication and Cure of the Malady.

Sunday, Nov. 3d.

BELIGERENT MILLERS.

THEY ARE FURIOUS ON ACCOUNT OF THE STATE INSPECTION RULES.

The Delay in the Decision of the Court Causes Much Inconvenience—The Millers Change Front—Indignation Over Out Inspection—How the Rule Will Be Combatted—Stanard and Samuel.

Hardly had the members of the Merchants' Exchange had time to assemble on the floor this morning, when the discussion in reference to the new regime in grain inspection broke out. This discussion was hot yesterday, but to-day it rose to the boiling point. The failure of Judge Withrow to arrive at a decision in the three cases presented to him yesterday, as chronicled in the POST-DISPATCH, at once suspended all movements in favor of an indorsement of East Side inspection by the Board of Directors for the present. President Cox declared that he would not call a meeting of the Board of Directors until the committee appointed by the board had made its report, and H. F. Langenberg said that the report would not be ready until the court had rendered its decision. This will probably be delayed for several days, and in the meantime the Board of Directors will take no action.

SOME PECULIAR INSPECTIONS.

The trouble on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange arose from the peculiar ideas of inspection held by the State inspectors, but soon spread further. The first case that was cited was that of one of the United elevators. Several car loads were inspected yesterday as No. 2, but the superintendent of the elevator to which the grain was assigned rated it as rejected. The inspector was called back, and reversed his decision in accordance with the opinion of the superintendent. This was closely followed by another case, a commission man having bought a carload of grain which he believed to be a poor No. 4. The new inspectors graded it as No. 3, and the commission man was jubilant, stating publicly that he had made 5 cents a bushel more than he had expected. Next came the most marked case of the day. John W. Kaufman had bought five carloads of wheat, inspected as No. 2. They were delivered at the Anchor Mill, but the head miller refused to receive the wheat, as he declared that it was graded very much too high. The Inspector sent for Dandridge, who is an employe of the Railroad Commissioners, and was appointed by Burke on the present board. Dandridge rated the wheat as No. 3, and as such it was received at the mill. The idea has been that the inspectors would depress the grading, but as far as yet known they have raised it unduly. The old inspectors have in every case in which they have been called upon to report rated grain lower than the Burke contingent.

DISSATISFIED MILLERS.

The principal kickers against the State inspection law were not the grain receivers, as had been anticipated, but the millers, the majority of whom had originally favored the State law. Chief among these was E. O. Stanard, who had expressed his preference for State over Merchants' Exchange inspection. To-day he loudly denounced the rules enacted by the Railroad Commissioners, and declared that he would submit to them only so far as the law compelled him so to do. The trouble was with out inspection. The mills have been in the habit of receiving their grain direct, have seldom paid out inspection charges at the old rates, and are not at all inclined to foot the bills at the increased charges. Gov. Stanard declared that he would not buy a bushel of grain in St. Louis, but would purchase either in the country or in Illinois, taking his grain directly from the car. Many other millers stated that they would pursue the same course, much to the disgust of the commission men.

A QUARREL ON 'CHANGE.

A sharp exchange of words took place between E. O. Stanard and Web M. Samuels. While Gov. Stanard was denouncing the new law Mr. Samuels appeared and undertook its defense. After some argument Gov. Stanard said: "You elevator men seem to have a great deal of influence with the new inspectors."

Mr. Samuel flushed, as it has been a matter of common gossip on the floor that the elevators were secretly in favor of State inspection, believing that they could control the inspectors. "Do you mean to say that we have improperly influenced the appointments?" said he.

"I did not say that, as I do not know it. What I said and what I mean is that you people seem to favor the new inspectors, and know what they are going to do."

A large crowd gathered around the two gentlemen, and for some time there seemed a probability of a personal encounter, but they separated without any hostile demonstrations.

The daily report of the Grain Inspectors was waited for with much interest, but is failed to arrive, either for yesterday or to-day. The East Side Merchants' Exchange inspectors sent in their reports as usual.

Taken Unawares.

Unsuspected causes for malaria exist everywhere. A sunken lot partly filled with water in the vicinity of your abode, a new location upon land filled in, but formerly overflowed or marshy, and causes far more occult than these produce the atmospheric miasmata which constitute the germs that, if inhaled, ripen into fever and ague and congenital maladies. A person taken unawares with a malarial complaint should, as soon as it declares itself, seek aid from the safe, non-disappointing, cordial medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has for over a third of a century, and in every quarter of the globe relieved the malaria-stricken, and neutralized miasma in air and water. The Bitters imparts activity to the stomach, bowels and liver, repels incipient rheumatism, and remedies inaction of the kidneys and bladder. Appetite and sleep are improved, and the infirmities of age mitigated by its use.

St. Jacobs Oil Cures STIFFNESS, Stiff Neck, Soreness PROMPTLY & PERFECTLY. SORE THROAT, WOUNDS, CUTS, SWELLINGS Surely and Permanently. DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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OF INTEREST TO ALL.

Harriet Beecher Stowe's

—ACCOUNT OF HER—

Life and Literary Triumphs,

With Hitherto Unpublished Letters of

GEORGE ELIOT,
JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL,
NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE and
OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES,

IN TO-MORROW'S

Sunday Post-Dispatch

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1889.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—"The Burglar."
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"He, She, Him, Her."
PEOPLE'S—"Fabio Romani."
POPE'S—"A Gold Mine."
STANDARD—Hyde's Specialty Co.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

PEOPLE'S—"Across the Continent."
POPE'S—"My Aunt Bridget."
STANDARD—"The Silver Age."

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Fair; slightly colder, northwesterly winds.

THE investment of $43,250,000 in improvements recently completed or contracted for is sufficient evidence of the magnificent growth of St. Louis.

THE attempt to inject any other issue except the best interests of the public schools into the school election should be severely rebuked by the people next Tuesday.

THE new laws which went into effect yesterday will be obeyed by good citizens and should be strictly enforced on all. Then the good laws can be distinguished from the bad by their results.

CHIEF INSPECTOR BURKS and his primary class of deputy grain inspectors have a glorious opportunity to prove how much they have learned about grain inspection within the past two months.

THE brightest and best companionship for to-morrow's leisure time can be secured by every St. Louisan through the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. It will be full of news and good things suited to all tastes.

WHETHER the citizens shall be relieved from the discomfort of the filth nuisance caused by sidewalk sweeping in business hours, depends entirely on the Municipal Assembly. The ordinance framed to regulate it is now in the hands of the Council.

CANDIDATES for the School Board who have the suspicion of political wire pulling and jobbery clinging to them should be defeated at the polls next Tuesday. Only honorable citizens with the good of the schools at heart are wanted on the School Board.

JUSTICE and a fair consideration of her merits is all that St. Louis wants to secure the World's Fair. But it will take hustling to get them with competitors desiring neither justice nor fair consideration, but determined to get the great Exposition by any sort of means.

THE farmers and grain dealers of Missouri can hardly view the increase of 300 per cent in the grain inspectors of the State with complacency. Unless the new grain inspectors have taken a thorough course in grain inspection, there is a chance of its being 300 per cent worse than it would be with the old number of inspectors.

IT looks as if quack "Dr." SMART is in the toils so deep that he will not be able to get any more poor victims in his own toils. But this excellent result is not due to the vigorous action of the Health Department. SMART is under prosecution now for not paying a license for advertising and selling medicines. In revealing the operations of this impostor by which unfortunate people lost both lives and money, the POST-DISPATCH has done good work in the interest of the suffering poor.

PRELIMINARY TRIALS.

Everywhere in Missouri except in St. Louis it is customary in cases of alleged murder to compel the accused either to undergo or waive a preliminary trial immediately after his arrest. The Four Courts way of postponing such trials week after week, and month after month, may not be intended to favor the disappearance or manipulation of witnesses, but experience has shown that such is the effect in far too many cases, especially in cases where influential parties, or parties supposed to be familiar with Four Courts ropes and pulleys, are implicated either as principals or accessories.

B. M. CHAMBERS, an old and prominent citizen, never before arraigned for crime, was brought to preliminary trial and committed without bail at Clayton within four days after the killing of BOWMAN. But AHEARN, who killed young JACKSON in a prize-fight on the 17th of September, and MCBRIDE, who killed LOFTUS on the 15th of October, have been permitted in St. Louis to choose their own time for preliminary trial, and that method of securing and holding evidence for the Grand-jury has been once more postponed for two weeks.

If there is any good reason for such indulgence the people generally are not aware of it, and have an impression that it is not in the interest of public justice. This impression is especially disagreeable in the Ahearn case, because it is suspected that the more influential persons implicated as accessories in the brutality of that ignorant slugger may be able to work the final trial into a shape which will let out all except him.

SUGAR AND COFFEE TAXES.

The tariff certainly has enabled the Sugar Trust to increase its robbery of the people, but there are other combinations that have acquired monopoly power and fleeced the public without any tariff protection. The admission of Sandwich Island sugar free gave many millions of dollars to CLAUS SPRECKELS which otherwise would have gone into the United States Treasury, but it did not cheapen sugar to the consumers. The free sugar on the Pacific coast was sold at the same price to consumers as was paid for the tariff-taxed sugar on the Atlantic coast.

Perhaps the world's output of sugar is too great to be cornered by a sugar combine, if all sugar were admitted free, but it is a notorious fact that the removal of tariff taxes on coffee simply turned over as additional profit to a "combine" in the coffee trade the amount which the tariff on coffee had yielded to the United States Government. Mr. JOSEPH J. O'DONOHUE of New York, who has acquired a large fortune in the trade, and recently retired from it, says that the American people pay for their coffee $30,000,000 per year more than they ought to pay, and that this excess comes mainly out of the pockets of poor men who are literally robbed by the illegitimate methods and machinery controlling the price of coffee to consumers.

If the protection of the public justifies laws to punish and prevent sneak-theft, burglary and highway robbery, there is equal justification for laws to prevent trade combinations from robbing the helpless and unsuspecting poor of more money in a year than all the common rogues can steal in ten years.

THE one thing to keep in view in this election, and the one thing which should call every true friend of popular education to the polls next Tuesday, is the difficulty of keeping a sufficiency of teachers and of school room provided for the great and rapidly increasing multitude of little children whose necessities compel them to leave school at 10 or 12 years of age. So long as any of them are kept out of school for want of room, or are crowded fifty, sixty or seventy in a room, the work of reform is unfinished. When there is a good school-room and a good teacher for every thirty-five or forty of them we can properly vote on the free-book question, the kindergarten question and a dozen others—but not till then.

THE Turner Hall Convention was called for the purpose of nominating an opposition school ticket of a stripe different from the Macklin ticket. It was packed in the personal interest of W. P. MACKLIN, who secured his nomination in this ward politician style. This is sufficient to condemn the Macklin ticket. He is not the right man for a School Director. He is pledged to MACKLIN'S friends, not to school reform.

THE partial reform of school management for which we are indebted to the citizens' movement of two years ago must not be allowed to go backwards in this election. The packing of the Turner Hall meeting and the capture of its nominations by the old ward politician process should be a warning sufficient to call all the friends of school reform to the polls again.

ALL Europe is laughing at the ridiculous outcome of the matrimonial negotiations of Prince MURAT and Miss CALDWELL. The young lady herself can afford to smile at the result, because she can return to America now and find a much better husband than the superannuated Prince, without even promising to pay his cigar, wine and tailor bills.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

THAT TRAFFIC ALLIANCE

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNION PACIFIC AND CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN.

The Compact to Be Binding for Ten Years—Similar Arrangements Made by Other Competing Lines—The Purchase of the Chicago & Alton—Land Sales in Florida—Railway News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.



NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The agreement between the Union Pacific and the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, signed by Presidents Adams and Hughitt October 18, has been put in print at last. It provides that a joint through line of passengers and freight shall be established between all stations on their respective lines, and that the point through which the same shall pass shall be Council Bluffs, Io. It is to be advertised and known as the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern line. Through traffic is construed to cover all business received from or delivered to connecting lines of railway or lake transportation lines, as well as to business on the lines of the Union Pacific and Northwestern system. As exception is made as to all business of the Union Pacific in Kansas or along the line of the Kansas division of the Union Pacific, which leaves the way clear for the Union Pacific to make a like arrangement with the C. & A. so far as the Kansas division is concerned.

Joint through passenger service is to be undertaken as soon as either party gives notice of its desire to establish such service, and each party is to furnish its proper proportion of the equipment and the trains are to be made up in accordance with the judgment of the general managers, and the service must be equal to that furnished by any competitor. Each company is to keep up its own equipment and to receive the ordinary car mileage for equipment used on the line of the other. The Northwestern is to make rates on all joint business west bound and the Union Pacific is not to make east bound rates, but existing rates are not to be reduced unless such action is found necessary in order to meet the competition of other lines.

All questions arising out of the operation of this contract are to be settled by an arbitration committee made up of the two presidents, one director from each of the two boards and a fifth party to be selected by the directors. Each company is to arrange its own schedules and manage its own traffic. Through rates are to be based in accordance with the provision established by Percentage Book No. 2. Two cents for passengers per mile is fixed as the minimum rate to be charged on the Northwestern.

Full accounts are to be kept, monthly statements rendered and either company to have access to the books of the other, and all balances to be promptly paid irrespective of any individual claims submitted for arbitration. If the presidents cannot agree, the matter is to be referred as provided to an arbitration committee. Neither company is to give to any other company any better terms or facilities in any way than are offered to each other. At points competitive between the Union Pacific and the Northwestern lines the traffic is to be divided as nearly as possible in proportion to earnings and tonnage. Any changes that may be made in the division of rates either by agreement or by arbitration, are to continue in force for six months from the time the change is made. The agreement took effect yesterday, and is to continue for ten years. Similar contracts are being made between Omaha and the Republican Valley, Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and Omaha and the Union Pacific—the connecting point to be Sioux City, Io., and the joint lines to be known as the Lake Superior, St. Paul & Union Pacific Line. The provisions in regard to the exchange of traffic are almost precisely similar to those in the Northwestern contract, but Lake Superior points are made points common with Chicago and St. Paul; Minneapolis and common points are made common with the Mississippi River. The Union Pacific is to receive an arbitrary rate of 5 cents per 100 pounds on all traffic before division is made, and the Sioux City bridge tolls are also to be deducted before the division is made. The same provision is also made for any reductions necessary to meet competition, the minimum for the Eastern lines being fixed at ½ cent per ton per mile and for the Union Pacific ⅜ of a cent.

Sale of Florida Railway Lands.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., November 2.—One of the largest transactions in land ever consummated in the South has recently been perfected and was made public to-day. All the unsold lands in Florida of the plant system of railroads and steamships of the Florida Southern Railway of the Jacksonville, Tampa & Key West system, including the Florida Southern Railway, and of the Florida Commercial Co., have been consolidated under the name of the Associated Railway Land Department of Florida, with headquarters of the syndicate at Sanford, Fla., under the management of Col. D. H. Elliott as general agent. The former land headquarters of the two corporations first named were in Sanford; those of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West at Jacksonville and those of the Florida Southern and Florida Commercial Co. at Palatka. Over six million acres of land are consolidated under one management by the formation of this syndicate and the entire business pertaining to their improvement, sale and lease will be transacted in Sanford. This consolidation is the outgrowth of negotiations begun last spring. It was not until October 10, however, that the compact was finally sealed in New York City by representatives of all parties in interest. Since that time the officials have been engaged in perfecting the legal papers necessary and getting matters into shape for beginning business under the new management. The new arrangement went into effect to-day.

Purchase of the Chicago & Alton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Times* says: There is wonder in some circles that President Charles Francis Adams had denied that the Union Pacific Co. had bought the Chicago & Alton road, but there is no reason whatever for any such astonishment. Mr. Adams is quite right; the Union Pacific was not the buyer, and more, nobody has represented it so. The truth is that a bargain to buy the Chicago & Alton has been made and that the contracting purchasers with others are financial magnates who figure among the controllers of the Union Pacific.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL'S letter to Harriet Beecher Stowe, on her literary work, never before published, will be given in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE DEPUTY CORONER ARRESTED.

A. F. Brown and Representative Holland Caught in a Poker Raid.

Peter J. Fox, F. Brown, George Smith and Philip Lehman are a quartette of names which appear on the docket of Judge Cady's court this morning and opposite each is a charge of gambling and an entry of costs of court as a fine. There is nothing particularly imposing about the names as they appear on the court records, but when it is stated that F. Brown is Andrew F. Brown, the Deputy Coroner, that George Smith is State Representative Tom Holland, and that Peter J. Fox is a well-known local politician, the public will take more interest in the case. Phil Lehman is a professional gambler. They were all arrested in a raid made last night in Oscar Raymond's poker room, No. 20 North Fourth street. Raymond was also arrested, but a warrant will be taken out Monday charging him with keeping a gambling-house.

There was also a raid made last night on Eph Eddy's faro bank, No. 711 Olive street, and Eddy and Dan Hudson and Joseph McCarten were arrested. Monday warrants will be taken out charging Eddy with keeping a gambling-house and the other two with playing poker.

Rabies. The famous French scientist, Pasteur, will write of Rabies, its communication and cure, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

MISSENT LETTERS.

Maj. Harlow Tells How Mistakes May Be Avoided—Increase in the Postal Business.

Maj. J. B. Harlow, the Superintendent of Mails, was found at his desk this morning puzzling over an inscription on an envelope. He turned it round, read it backwards and forwards, scrutinized it carefully and seemed very much annoyed.

"Look at that," he said finally. "Can you tell whether that State is California or Colorado?"

"No; I cannot," the reporter answered.

"Well, there is a sample of thousands of letters that are received at the Post-office. People are constantly complaining of the missent mail, yet they are responsible for most of it, and so many of them seem to think that as long as the Post-office name is written out so it can be read that we ought to know the balance. They are careless about abbreviating State names, and the result is a missent letter. Now take Cal. and Col. As most people write, how can you tell the difference? There it is, right on that letter, and to save my life I cannot say to which State that letter should go. In each of the States there is a post-office named like the one to which this is addressed, and I cannot decide which it is intended for. The department now uses Calif. for California, and, of course, Colo. for Colorado. If the people who write letters would do the same those two States would never be mixed. But there are others just as bad. Ind. is often written so as to look like Mo. or Md., and frequently Me. and Mo. are mixed. Tenn. and Penn. suffer from the same carelessness, and letters sent to one reach the other. W. T. is written for Washington Territory and Wyoming Territory, and I. T. for Indian and Idaho Territories. A capital O is used for both Ohio and Oregon.

"When there is only one post-office of a certain name in the country it is easy to settle the State question, but suppose a letter is directed to Washington and you can't decipher the State abbreviation. There are Washingtons in just thirty-three of the States of the Union, and there are Springfields in thirty. Boston is a place that bothers us. The people of the Hub seem to think that it is simply necessary to write Boston and that ought to settle it. They forget that there are Bostons in eleven States besides Massachusetts. Some mistakes could be avoided if people would remember that the department recognizes no abbreviations for Ohio, Oregon, Alaska, Idaho or Utah.

"I'll tell you another cause of mistakes. Merchants use the copy press and frequently place their letters in the envelops while they are still wet. This keeps the mucilage wet and frequently two letters are stuck together in this way and the top one carries the bottom one a thousand miles out of its way before it is discovered, though the twins may have passed through the hands of a number of postal clerks. Why, a short time ago one firm sent to this Post-office several thousand letters, and they were stuck so tight that they had to be put aside until the rush was over, then broken apart and a number of them torn. If people will avoid this and write their addresses plainly and correctly, there will not be many missent letters.

"By-the-way, I have just done some figuring that is rather interesting. I added up the receipts of second-class matter during the month of October, that is, the newspapers and other publications, and the total amount received here during the month was 327½ tons, or an average of 10½ tons a day, including Sundays. It was the biggest month that we have ever had since the Post-office was established. That in connection with the increase in the sale of stamps looks like St. Louis was not only prospering but booming. In October of 1888, the office sold $88,000 worth of stamps, in October, 1889, $101,000, an increase of $13,000 or about 15 per cent. Now take that through the year. The business amounts to about $1,000,000 a year, and an increase of 15 per cent in such a business is not small."

THE REVOLVER SNAPPED.

Laundrymen Quarrel and One Tries to Kill the Other.

Ambrose K. Bretell, owner of the Missouri Steam Laundry Co., and President of the St. Louis Toilet Supply Co., and Henry Luke, until recently manager of the latter company, have ceased to be friends. Luke, according to the statement of Bretell, was employed at the request of Mr. Bray, owner of the City Laundry, who was a director of the St. Louis Toilet Supply Co. Recently Luke was discharged. He demanded of Bretell a week's pay, because he had not been given notice that he was to be discharged. Bretell told him that he would consult the directors of the company, and if they were willing he would pay Luke the salary demanded. He did consult them and found them all willing, he said, except Messrs. Judge & Dolph, owners of the Excelsior Laundry. They claimed that Luke had done his work so poorly that he was not entitled to any pay. When he called yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock to learn what was to be done Bretell told him that Judge & Dolph opposed the payment of the salary to him, and that since he had heard some stories Luke had been telling, he too was opposed to paying him any salary. As Mr. Bray had sold his interest to Judge & Dolph his recommendation that the salary be paid carried no weight. Luke told Bretell he would not go down stairs and repeat what he had just said. Bretell went down stairs and Luke, who followed after him, pressed a revolver to his side and pulled the trigger. The weapon snapped and Bretell got away from him. Then the girls employed in the laundry interfered and clung to Bretell to keep him from getting a revolver which he was about to go to a saloon to secure. Jumping in a buggy Luke drove off. This is the statement of the affair given by Mr. Bretell, who this morning secured a warrant for assault to kill against Luke.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Burgee Is a Bad Man, According to the Police—Belleville News.

Louis Burgee, alias James H. Talbart, was arrested last night on suspicion. He was released yesterday, after serving a term of six months in the Belleville Jail for vagrancy. Sergt. Langly of the police force this morning in describing the man said he was 36 years of age, and has served ten times in the penitentiaries, as follows: April 5, 1876, he was confined at Chester for a term of seven years; September 23, 1881, for burglary, one year at Chester; September 9, 1882, for burglary, one year at Chester; April 1, 1878, for burglary, two years at Joliet; he was twice sentenced to the prison at Jefferson City, Mo.; two terms of one year each in the Work-house in St. Louis. Burgee is a house burglar well known to the police. During the summer he operated with John Miller through this county.

Mrs. Dr. De Haan is dangerously ill with an aggravated case of pneumonia.

The W. C. T. U. will give an entertainment at Association Hall next Tuesday.

Laurel Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America was organized at Jackiesch's Hall, last evening, by Deputy J. D. Youkley of Auburn, Ill., with J. G. Carr, H. C. Jackiesch, E. C. Schultz, W. E. Beckwith, G. W. Killion, Chas. B. Goedde, E. C. Rhodes, J. B. Ortiger, E. Huber, J. K. Ewing and A. Griffin as charter members. The society pays weekly benefits in time of sickness and also pays a death benefit. It accepts no members south of the parallel on which Centralia, Ill., is situated, and none in large cities. This will necessarily render the death rate small and assessments light. The following are the officers elected for the term ending January 1, 1890: Venerable Consul, J. G. Carr; Worthy Advisor, H. C. Jackiesch; Excellent Banker, E. C. Schultz; Clerk, E. C. Rhodes; Escort, W. E. Beckwith; Watchman, Charles B. Goedde; Sentry, G. W. Killion; Physician, Ben Hudson; Managers, J. B. Messick, William Ortiger and E. Huber; Delegate, E. C. Rhodes; Alternate, William Ortiger. This order is composed of the leading men of the city and will doubtless meet with success. The charter will remain open for membership for thirty days.

Mayor M. M. Stephens and Aldermen J. Benner, C. Rohn, C. F. Strecker and H. D. Sexton and T. L. Fekete left last night for Cairo to note the improvements being made in that city.

LIFE AT THE WHITE HOUSE. The family and family life of President Harrison described from a new point of view in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ALL ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

SIGNIFICANCE OF COUNT KALNOKY'S INTERVIEW WITH PRINCE BISMARCK.

Why Emperor William Visits the Sultan—Boulangists in Council—Thirty People Killed in the Glasgow Disaster—The American Fleet at Honolulu—Salvation Army Driven From Switzerland—Foreign News.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 2.—It is believed in political circles here that the interview between Count Kalnoky, Austro-Hungarian Prime Minister, and Prince Bismarck at Friedericharuhe will result in a modification of the anti-Russian tendency in the Austrian policy, but that the effect of the conference will not be sufficiently speedy and positive to induce Russia to abandon her present waiting policy.

TO MAINTAIN PEACE.

COLOGNE, Nov. 2.—A semi-official dispatch from Berlin to the *Cologne Gazette* says that the visit of Count Kalnoky to Prince Bismarck and Emperor William's visit to Turkey are intended to strengthen the peace of Europe. The Sultan, the dispatch says, will have an opportunity to convince himself that in receiving Emperor William, he will receive a friend who cherishes unselfish wishes for the welfare of Turkey and who is determined to maintain all treaties looking to European peace. All attempts to induce Turkey to join the triple alliance, or to enter into a political agreement are precluded, but the Emperor's visit will encourage the Sultan to peacefully develop the economic forces of Turkey and to further avail himself of Germany's commercial forces to attain that object.

THE MEETING.

Count Kalnoky arrived at Friedericharuhe at noon to-day and was received at the railway station. The Chancellor also met him at the station and shook him heartily by the hand. A number of persons who had gathered about the station saluted the statesmen with cries of "Hoch," to which they bowed in response. They then entered a carriage and were driven to the castle. Count Kalnoky will remain at Friedericharuhe until Monday.

England.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Government Court which investigated the causes which led to the stranding of the Cunard line steamer Malta, which went ashore near Landsend and became a total wreck, holds the Captain responsible for the accident, and has suspended his certificate for three months. The U. S. S. Enterprise has arrived at Torbay. She experienced gales Thursday, while cruising.

WALES IN EGYPT.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—The *Soleil* says that the Prince of Wales has been received in Egypt as a veritable sovereign. His visit, the paper says, is intended to increase England's prestige on the Nile, and to reaffirm her right of a protectorate over Egypt. France cannot afford to ignore the importance of the visit.

France.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—A meeting of the Boulangist leaders was held at Gen. Boulanger's residence on the Island of Jersey, on Tuesday, to decide upon the course to be followed by the members of that party in the French Chamber of Deputies.

Scotland.

GLASGOW, Nov. 2.—Twenty-nine bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the portion of Templeton's carpet factory, which was crushed by a falling wall yesterday. It is now definitely ascertained that the total number of killed is thirty.

Switzerland.

BERNE, Nov. 2.—The Government has prohibited the holding of meetings by the Salvation Army, and has closed the halls occupied by the Salvationists.

The Sandwich Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 2.—Advices from Honolulu by the steamer Australia state that the trial of Robert Wilcox, the leader of the insurgents in the July rioting, came to an abrupt termination, as the jurymen expressed a bias before the court. The jury was accordingly dismissed. Application was then made to have Wilcox released on bail, but the question has not yet been decided.

THE AMERICAN FLEET.

The United States steamer Alert, which is to sail for San Francisco with Admiral Kimberly, had not left Honolulu a week ago. The Nipsic, Iroquois and Mohican were also still there.

Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO VIA GALVESTON, Nov. 2.—The *Siglo Diez y Nueve* (newspaper) pretends to see the hand of Secretary Blaine in the recent uprising in Guatemala.

The *Monitor del Pueblo*, the first paper printed in Mexico, has suspended publication.

President Diaz was greatly pleased when shown the telegram announcing that the medals given by the Kansas City Smelting Works to the Pan-American delegates bore his bust as well as that of President Harrison.

The Senate yesterday elected Senor Aspe President. The negro colonization measure came up on the order of second reading and was open for discussion.

The Chamber of Deputies has elected Senor Romero President.

The editors of *El Nacional* have published a challenge to the editors of *El Siglo Diez y Nueve.*

AFTER THE BILL-POSTER.

An Ordinance to Make Him Pay a $5,000 License.

Last night a bill was introduced into the House of Delegates by Delegate Egan of the Seventeenth Ward, who stated that the bill was presented by him by request. The bill provides that bill-posters shall pay a license of $5,000 a year for the privilege of sticking up their bills in the city of St. Louis. The bill looks a little queer to the casual observer, inasmuch as the license is fixed at so high a rate, but the most peculiar point of it is that there is only person or firm in the city it applies to, and that is the Cottrill Bill Posting Co., which has its offices on Walnut street, between Broadway and Sixth street. This establishment has control of all the billboards and available bill posting space in the city, beside having all of the theatrical work in the city. It is utterly impossible for any other bill sticker to make any headway in the city, as there is not a hole left open for him to get at. The ordinance is evidently aimed at the Cottrill Co. and looks peculiar, as it follows immediately upon an ordinance introduced by the same delegate, making it a misdemeanor to post bills within three blocks of a church or school.

Wm. R. Cottrill, President of the company, was seen to-day at his office on the subject.

"Who is it that is making this fight on you?" was asked.

"I can't say exactly, but I guess I can come pretty near telling," Mr. Cottrill replied.

"You have all of the posting business of the city, have you not?"

"Yes. I do it all. No city the size of St. Louis has more than one bill poster."

"Do you know why this attempt is being made to force you to pay so high a license?"

"No, I don't know why it is done, but I can guess at it, and will talk when the time comes. Just now, however, I am not ready to say anything about it. But there is a provision in that bill which exempts theaters when they put up their bills on their own boards, and I can come in under that, as I can get stock in all the theaters if I want to. I don't think the bill will get through the Upper House, though."

It was said among the gossips about the House of Delegates that the ordinance was intended to break the monopoly the Cottrill Co. has on the bill sticking business in the city, as it is understood that the company here is in an organization which includes all the principal cities in the country, and if a theatrical company does not give its posting to a company in the organization its bills don't go up at all.

The Navassa Rioters.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 2.—In the United States District Court this morning E. L. Waring, counsel for Henry Jones, who is charged with being one of the ring leaders of the Navassa Island rioters, obtained from Judge Morris a writ of habeas corpus, returnable on next Wednesday. The action is taken to test the constitutionality of the law which gives to the United States jurisdiction over the Navassa Islands. The latest reports from the West Indies declare that the newly adopted constitution of Hayti declares that the black republic has jurisdiction over Navassa and the action of Counsel Waring is to determine the question of jurisdiction.

THE PENSION BUREAU.

The Court Which Passes Upon All Claims—Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—Gen. Raum, the Commissioner of Pensions, Col. Butterfield, Chief of the Board of Review of the Pension Office, and Mr. Van Mater, Chief of the Board of Review, now constitute a court whose jurisdiction is confined exclusively to pension cases. At the sittings of this court the two associate judges, as they may be termed, bring to Presiding Justice Raum's attention all the more important cases that are passed upon in the Pension Office and especially those involving the payment of large amounts of money. The two subordinate officers who have a thorough acquaintance with pension matters state briefly the facts and the law in each case and if Gen. Raum approves of their conclusions a certificate of pension is granted. It is said that this court does not delay the issuance of pensions and that moreover it gives Gen. Raum, who is made responsible for the conduct of the office, an opportunity to know exactly what is taking place. Heretofore the commissioner has practically done no more than sign his name to certificates laid before him unless some special circumstances brought the matter more closely to his attention.

There seems to be a great deal of perplexity at the pension office and the Interior Department as to the proper course to pursue towards those employes whose pensions were rerated. The commission which investigated the cases found in many instances that the employes were unquestionably entitled to the increased rate of pension, but that the method by which the ratings were secured was irregular and characterized by undue haste. As the claims were just even if rushed through the office, it is not believed that the pensioner can be called upon to refund the money received. There is still some talk of dismissing several of the re-rated employes because of their haste in pushing their claims through, but from official sources it was learned that nothing will be determined upon until after Gen. Raum and Secretary Noble have had another conference.

The Death of Guy Andrews.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—It is said to be probable that a court of inquiry will be ordered to examine into the circumstances connected with the death of Guy Andrews, one of the apprentice boys in the United States training ship New Hampshire, stationed at Newport, R. I. The New Hampshire became infected with fever several months ago, and Secretary Tracy ordered that all the boys be removed from the ship to quarters on Coaster's Harbor Island. After the order was issued young Andrews was punished for some misdemeanor by confinement on board the New Hampshire, where he developed symptoms of typhoid fever. He was then removed from the ship to the hospital on the island, where he died from the illness. It is said that Commander Higginson, the Chief Officer at the Newport Naval Training Station, made a practice of punishing the boys by confinement on this ship after Secretary Tracy's order was issued.

Callers at the White House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—The President didn't have many callers this morning. The principal callers were the Attorney-General, Secretary Noble and Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt. The usual public reception was held this afternoon.

To-Day's Bond Offerings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—To-day's bond offerings aggregated $224,750 as follows: Coupon 4s, $3,000; registered 4s, $199,750 at 127; registered 4½s, $22,000 at 105¼.

Fours, registered, $19,750 at 127; 4s, coupons, $100 at 127; 4½s, registered, $300 at 105¼. All the offers were accepted.

BARBERS OF THE WORLD. The way of shaving and hair-cutting among the different nations of the world in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. James Burnside has returned from a visit to Mrs. E. C. Morris.

Miss Nettie Biser has returned from a visit to relatives at Hannibal, Mo.

Miss Mary Herthel left last week to visit Lieut. and Mrs. J. H. Weber at Bunker Hill.

Miss Maude Rumsey will return next week from a visit to Mattie Lourie, at her country home.

Mrs. B. Nugent has returned home after a short visit to Mrs. C. H. Patton at Mount Vernon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kauffman and family are moving into their handsome new home on Lindell Boulevard.

Miss Mamie Pickel of Delmar avenue will give a chocolate Tuesday afternoon to a number of young ladies.

Mrs. Alvin Bryan, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Hugh Crawford, has gone on to join her husband in the East.

Master Allie Jones is spending a few days' holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Jones, on West Pine street.

Mrs. W. H. Smith of Vicksburg will be in the city next week en route for her Southern home, after a visit to Mrs. D. H. Smith at Sedalia.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cupples and family have taken possession of their elegant new home on West Pine street and have moved into it.

Mr. and Mrs. John Looder and their daughter, Miss Belle Looder, moved to-day from Hotel Beers to their new house, No. 4063 Morgan street.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradford and her daughter, Mrs. Blossom, of Pine and Ewing avenue, took possession this week of the residence of the late Mrs. Bathurst Smith.

Miss Mollie Grady gave a Hallow E'en party at her residence, 1709 Papin street. Among those present were Misses Mamie Schlueter, Alice and May Hamilton, Lizzie Williams and Mrs. J. McCloskey.

Mrs. Homer Byler left early in the week to attend the Byler-Robinson wedding, which occurred on Wednesday. She will make a visit of several weeks to her husband's relatives before going on to join her husband in California.

Invitations have been received to the marriage of Miss Katie Pittman to Mr. John R. Oldham, assistant cashier of the North Texas National Bank. The ceremony will be performed at the residence of the bride's mother in East Dallas, Tex., November 13.

Thursday evening a Hallow E'en reception was given by Miss Kittie McCabe at her residence on Wash street. Among those present were Misses Nettie Mullaney, Ada Gardner, Mamie McCabe, Maggie Miles, Maggie McCabe, Emma Miles and Messrs. Jas. H. Ewing, Fred Wenke, Leo Le Moine, Henry Frohman and Geo. Schroeder.

Miss Annie Lawson of Scott avenue entertained a number of her friends on Halloween night. Among those present were the Misses Kate Mullen, Sadie Wilson, E. Wall, R. Fischer, M. Glaken, A. Glaken, M. Eldridge, S. Holmes, S. Holmes, S. Maynard; Messrs. D. Newell, L. Harvey, C. Baker, B. Andrews, H. Eldridge, H. Burton, A. Wells, F. Benson, W. Kellogg and E. Bailey.

FINN—DEAN.

Miss Kate Finn, daughter of Col. John Finn, was married on Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock to Mr. Richard Dean of Chicago. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Powers, at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, in the presence of a small company of invited guests, who repaired immediately afterward to the family residence on Lucas avenue, where the wedding breakfast was served. The bride wore her traveling dress and left on the morning train for the East before going to their future home in Chicago.

Gen. Grant's Remains.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A story was published in the newspapers here this morning concerning the final disposition of the remains of the late Gen. Grant, which now lie in a vault at Riverside Park. It was said by Geo. W. Childs of Philadelphia that the body would shortly be transferred by direction of the General's widow either to West Point or Arlington. When spoken to about the report this morning, Mrs. Grant says she isn't prepared to make a statement in the matter.

Drank Carbolic Acid.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

OSWEGO, Kan., Nov. 2.—E. Lafave drank some carbolic acid by mistake, and his life is now despaired of.

IMPORTANT SECESSION.

THE TURNER HALL TICKET LOSES STRENGTH IN AN UNEXPECTED QUARTER.

Politicians Prophesying That the Operation of the Australian System of Voting Will Result in a Muddle—Partisan Fights Being Made in Some Districts—Meetings To-Night—Distributing the Ballot Boxes.



THERE has been a split in the forces which were relied on to contribute most to the election of the Turner Hall ticket. One of the principal German organs of the city has withdrawn the names of Messrs. Rogers and Macklin as the candidates to which it would give support and substituted the names of Messrs. Dutro and Butler. This is regarded as significant of the feeling existing among many of the South Side citizens, and it portends a liberal scratching of the Turner Hall ticket in that quarter of the city. Inquiry to-day to ascertain the cause of this change in policy did not develop the fact that there had been any trouble in the camp, but that it was due entirely to the statement which President Judson printed yesterday, and to a representation that Mr. Judson's views on the Kindergarten system were simply his own sentiments, and were not to be taken as indicating that the gentlemen running as non-partisan citizens would be opposed to the continuance of the Kindergarten system in the event of their election. Mr. Henry L. Rogers, one of the candidates of the Turner Hall Convention, and one of the nominees whose influence was counted on, was seen this morning and asked whether there was any cause to which he could directly attribute the change, and he stated that there was not; that in fact he was not aware that such was the case. He said that he was still hopeful of election, however, as he did not think the split would be of sufficient importance to seriously endanger his chances.

PLENTY OF POLITICS.

The fact that no party nominations were made has not, it seems, precluded politics from the campaign. Such answers to the inquiry, "How are you going to vote?" as: "Well, I guess I will vote for the Democrats on each ticket," or Republicans, as the case may be, are heard very frequently. Not only will many vote with a regard to the politics of the candidates, but it is a fact, too, that in some of the districts political lines are being drawn very closely. In the Thirteenth District there is one candidate who is endeavoring to unite the Republican forces to work in his behalf and his efforts are being seconded, at least so it is stated, by a very prominent Republican municipal officeholder. The political scheme has been worked to such an extent that the friends of the other candidates are beginning to fear for the result. This is not only true of the Thirteenth District, but of other districts also. The impression that politics would cut no figure in the campaign was very erroneous.

THE AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM.

Many who have had experience in elections are prophesying that the Australian system is going to result in the greatest muddle ever known in a local election. The average voter they say will not understand it. The reasons given why a muddle is likely to ensue are briefly these: It is not likely that but a very small vote will be cast in the middle of the day. Most of the vote will come in early in the morning and late in the evening. It is a well known fact that in all elections the largest vote by far of any hour in the day is in the hour preceding the closing of the polls. Now, when a whole string of voters are waiting to cast their ballots and the judges are obliged to hand out one ballot at a time and then instruct the voter how to prepare it, if he does not know, and in any event wait until he has fixed it to suit him, the result, at least so politicians claim, will be that a very great number of voters will become disgusted with the delay and go off without voting, and that many who do remain will find themselves unable to get to the window before the time for the closing of the polls. These are only some of the many objections presented by politicians against the introduction of the system in a city the size of St. Louis. A well-known lawyer, speaking about the system this morning, said that in his judgment it gave many more and much better opportunities for fraud than the system under which elections have been held here before. "It might work well," he said, "in small places, but there is too much red tape about it to make its operation effective in large cities."

GETTING THE BALLOTS READY.

This morning the force of clerks in the Secretary of the School Board's office was busily engaged in getting the ballots ready for distribution to the judges on Monday. The ballots, boxes, instructions to judges and everything else pertaining to the system will be given to the Chief of Police this evening and will be distributed by the police to the judges Monday. The preparations for the election will, it is estimated, cost the School Board $7,000.

A mass meeting was held at Union Capital Hall last night, on Ninth street and Allen avenue, for the purpose of indorsing the ticket nominated by the Turner Hall Convention. Frederick Bauer was Chairman and E. W. Knurle, Secretary. Frederick Rombauer and Jacob Kaiser spoke, and resolutions, indorsing the Turner Hall nominees, were then passed.

At a meeting of citizens of the Third District last night at Soulard Hall Mr. Louis C. Hehl, the free-books candidate in that district, was indorsed.

This evening the meetings will be held at Hoffman's Hall, on St. Louis and Elliott avenues, and at North St. Louis Turner Hall for the purpose of indorsing the Turner Hall ticket.

ABOUT TOWN.

J. B. McCOY of Omaha has been appointed Revenue Agent in this city to succeed George B. Clark, who goes elsewhere.

BEN DEERING returned yesterday from a lecturing tour in the Southwest and left again to-day for Salem to hold a temperance meeting.

AN inquest was held this morning at No. 1841 Division street on the body of John Seyvaert, who was killed yesterday while painting his own house by falling from the roof. The verdict was concussion of the brain—accident.

FRANK P. GORMAN, for ten years with W. McBlair & Co. of this city as a salesman, today resigned his position with that firm to take a more lucrative and advantageous one with Allison, Shafer & Co. of Cumberland Gap, Va. Mr. Gorman is well known in the city and his friends wish him success in his new venture.

Interesting Race in Kansas.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

OSWEGO, Kan., Nov. 2.—The race between Hon. J. N. Ritter of Columbus (Rep.) and J. D. McLane (Dem.) of Independence, for Judge of the District embracing Cherokee, Labette and Montgomery Counties, is becoming very interesting and the result is wrapt in doubt. There are about four thousand Union Labor voters in the district, and as they have no party nominee for the judgeship, they hold the balance of power between the others. This place is the one left by the appointment of Geo. C. Chandler, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

A Postmaster's Arrest.

Deputy Marshal McCune brought in J. M. Ragsdell of Bumach, Dunklin County, this morning, on a charge of dealing in manufactured tobacco without paying the special tax. Mr. Ragsdell is the Republican postmaster at Bumach and also a store-keeper. He is said to be A 1 with the postal authorities, but [illegible] be out of line with the Revenue Department.

WOMEN AS POLITICIANS. Kate Field gives her opinion on the subject in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

W. L. SCOTT'S STOCK FARM

THE PENNSYLVANIA MILLIONAIRE'S MAGNIFICENT ESTATE AT CAPE CHARLES.

Description of the Place Where Chaos and Other Flyers Will Spend the Winter—Racing at Nashville and Elizabeth—Peter Jackson and Jem Smith Will Spar on the 12th Inst.—Sporting News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.



NEW YORK, Nov. 2.
X-CONGRESSMAN Wm. L. Scott's horses, including Chaos, which won the great purse of $35,000, will winter on his big farm near Cape Charles. Cape Charles is largely the creation of the Pennsylvania millionaire. Five years ago he bought the Gov. Tazewell farm. It is a splendid estate of over five thousand acres, and the price paid was $50,000. Mr. Scott has spent nearly that amount upon its improvement, and it is now one of the best kept and handsomest farms in the South. The present town of Cape Charles did not exist when he made his investment. The New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk Railway had just been projected. It was to connect with the Delaware division of the Pennsylvania system, and afford by large transfer steamers a through line to Old Point Comfort, Norfolk and the South. The road was built by Mr. Scott and other capitalists and this point, snugly situated on the Chesapeake Bay, a few miles from the top end of the peninsula is the terminus of the line. Extensive dock accommodations allow the large transfers of freight and passengers. The town has a population of about eight hundred inhabitants. It is new, but progressing. Mr. Scott has sold enough lots to pay for his farm, and, as he owns all the land around the city, his investment has been a very lucrative one.

The farm employs several hundred people. It is as neat as the average park. All the woods are cleanly trimmed to a height of fully thirty feet, and whitewashed fences divide the fields. There is a mile racing track, fully equipped and kept in the best order. The land is used almost exclusively for trucking purposes, and the products of kale, cabbage and other vegetables, aggregating thousands of barrels each season, are shipped to New York. The Superintendent is the brother of Congressman Bayley Browne.

On the estate are the grounds occupied by the County Fair Association. It is a remarkably fine location, being a large level strip of land along the shore of Chesapeake Bay. One can sit on the grand stand and look at the horse race and a boat race at the same time, and see in the distance big steamers going up and down the bay. The fair held last week was a success. The great feature was a tournament, in which nineteen of the best riders of Eastern Virginia took part. This section boasts of the best horses outside of Kentucky, and the riding was about as fine a contest of horsemanship and skill as one could wish. The grounds near a large city would be worth thousands a year. As it is, Congressman Scott rents them to the association for $50. But then he has the honor of being the President of the Fair Association.

Racing at Elizabeth.

At Elizabeth, N. J., yesterday the races of the New Jersey Jockey Club resulted as follows:

First race, six furlongs—Glenmound won; Meriden, second; Crackesman, third. Time, 1:20¼.

Second race, one and one-eighth miles—Tristan won; Theodosius, second; Castaway II., third. Time, 2:05½.

Third race, six furlongs—Lisimony, first; Robespierre, second; Tulla Blackburn, third. Time, 1:31¼.

Fourth race, match, one and one-quarter miles—Glendale beat Barrister in 2:19.

Fifth race, six and one-half furlongs—Tipstaff, first; Pelham, second; Brussells, third. Time, 1:28½.

Sixth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Oregon, first; Stockton, second; Quesal, third. Time, 1:59.

Nashville Meeting.

At Nashville, Tenn., yesterday, the races resulted as follows:

First race, selling, purse, for 2-year-olds, allowances, five furlongs—Fakir won by one length; Romaine, second by three lengths ahead of Happiness, third. Time, 1:05.

Second race, selling, purse, 3 years old and upward, seven furlongs—Zulu won by four lengths; Pantalette, second by three lengths ahead of Cora Fisher, third. Time, 1:30¼.

Third race, purse, for maiden fillies, 2-year-olds, to carry 105 pounds each, four furlongs—Jessica won by one length; Destruction, second by a length in front of Silva Plana, third. Time, :51¼.

Fourth race, purse, for all ages, 5 pounds below scale, allowances, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile—Cecil B. won by a neck; Brandolette, second, a head in front of Tom Hood, third. Time, 1:36½.

Fifth race, selling, purse, for 2-year-olds and upwards that have not won at the meeting, allowances, six furlongs—Carleton won by a length; Vivian, second, by a length and a half in front of Weeks, third. Time, 1:17¾.

Sixth race, same conditions as fifth, six furlongs—Litterol won by a neck; Bootjack, second, and Katie S., third. Time, 1:17¾.

Dividing the World's Series Profits.

There was a tinge of sadness and regret in the parting between the officers and players of the New York Base Ball Club at Sauer's Pavilion yesterday afternoon, says the New York WORLD of Thursday. Finished with victory and with the best of feeling existing between employer and employe, the leave-taking was more than impressive. Next year the players who have twice won the championship of the world will not be in the National League.

By invitation of President Day they had assembled to say good-by over a final glass of wine. Most of the men have been with the club since 1885, and in many cases the association dates further back. In business their [illegible] have been closely interwoven and the [f]act that under the present circumstances [e]very man leaves the club with nothing but [ki]ndly feelings towards its officials reflects [the] highest credit upon John B. Day and James Mutrie. "If all the magnates were like John B.," said one of the players, "there would be no Brotherhood to-day. He is the broadest and fairest base-ball man in the business."

Before the farewell the players assembled in the club-house and heard President Day read these figures

Gross receipts, world's series	$20,067.01
Expenses	7,902.86
Net profit	$12,055.15

Of this sum each player received $380.15. The attendance at the nine games was: At the Polo Grounds, 22,364; at Washington Park, 24,702; total, 47,066.

President Day formally thanked Capt. Ewing for the team's play during the past season and asked the boys to adjourn to the pavilion. Here the party insisted upon speeches from Mr. Day. Manager Mutrie and Capt. Ewing shook hands and separated. Many of the players left for their respective winter quarters last night.

Diamond Chips.

Chamberlain yesterday signed to play with the Browns next season.

The Bostons have purchased "Kid" Nichol's release from Omaha for $3,000, and the "Kid" will receive half the purchase money and play next year with Boston.

The Browns leave to-night on their Western trip. They play at Kansas City Sunday, Ft. Scott, Tuesday; Wichita, Wednesday; Hutchinson, Thursday; Pueblo, Colo., Friday and Denver Sunday.

Tom Loftus yesterday signed a contract to manage the Cincinnati Club next season. He is an excellent man, but no better than Gus Schmelz, who retires from the position. Gus took a lot of new blood in the old Columbus Club and made by far the best record achieved by a team of raw material.

Secretary Morton of the Western Association, has requested the managers of Union League clubs in all parts of the country to [illegible] representatives to the meeting of the Western Association to form an alliance to protect themselves. His idea is to await the action of the National League and Brotherhood, and if both are unfavorable to form an organization of union league clubs with the Western Association at its head to compete with the National League and Brotherhood.

THE BEECHER TRIAL, as viewed by Mrs. Stowe in a letter to George Eliot, hitherto unpublished, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

CHURCH CHAT.

Y. M. C. A. News—Subjects for Sunday Sermons—Notes and Personals.

Dr. Foy will preach on Sunday morning on "Saving Faith." In the evening on: "Lessons From the Life of Absolom, a Fast Young Man."

Rev. H. F. W. Kuhne will lecture for Dr. Foy's church (the Fourth Christian) on Wednesday evening, November 6, on: "St. Paul and His Labors."

A special Pullman sleeper has been chartered to take the St. Louis delegation to the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor Convention at Sedalia on November 8.

A neat little pamphlet entitled "How to Spend an Evening" has just been gotten out by the Y. M. C. A. It tells of the advantages and privileges of membership in the association.

The topic for consideration at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this evening will be, "I Will Never Leave Thee." Jas. I. McClelland will lead and a cordial invitation is extended to all young men.

The Harlem Heights Land & Improvement Co. at a meeting held last evening subscribed $6,000 to complete the new M. E. Church at Lindenwood. The site for this church was also dedicated by the improvement company.

Rev. J. G. Merrill, pastor of the First Congregational Church, who recently received a call from Portland, Me., will announce his decision to his congregation to-morrow. It is the impression of his brethren that he has made up his mind to accept.

The gospel service for railroad men at the Union Depot Railway Branch of the Y. M. C. A., 1308 Poplar street, to-morrow afternoon at 4:15, will be conducted by Miss Adelaide Sherman, the well-known railroad evangelist. Railroad men and their families are cordially invited to attend.

At Tower Grove Methodist Episcopal Church Rev. S. Warner will preach and administer the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. Rev. Dr. B. F. Thomas of Carondelet M. E. Church will preach at night. Services will be held every night during the week. Revs. B. F. Thomas, O. J. Gary and others will assist the pastor.

Services for young men will be held at the Central Y. M. C. A., Pine and Twenty-ninth streets, to-morrow as follows: At 3:30, a Bible class, conducted by the general Secretary, and at 4:30 gospel meeting, addressed by Mr. Claus Olandt, Jr., Secretary of the International Committee. Mr. R. L. Fletcher of Philadelphia will sing. Any young man is welcome.

The Christian ministers of the city have reorganized their Ministerial Association. They will meet on the first, second and third Mondays in the morning as usual, but on the fourth Monday of each month will meet in one of their churches in the evening and listen to a lecture from some distinguished minister secured for the occasion by invitation and "consideration." These addresses will cover current religious perils, social questions of general interest, etc., and will be open to discussion. They are expected to draw public attention and attendance.

The following gentlemen have been appointed from St. Louis as delegates to the Catholic Congress to be held at Baltimore, November 10: Charles Green, Louis Fusz, Peter L. Foy, F. A. Drew, John Lolar, Hanson Raisin, Edward Martin, E. F. Farish, Thomas S. Noonan, John D. Neville, J. A. Sellers, Julius Walsh, S. A. Grotte, Richard Walsh, J. H. McNamara, Gerald Griffin, P. W. Provenchere, Father Brennan, F. F. Connor, James McGrath, Joseph J. Imbs, J. A. Ballantine, J. A. Gibney, Senator M. K. McGrath, J. J. McCann, T. A. Rice, C. B. Pallen, H. J. Spaunhorst, T. Panin, Jr., and George Kenna. They will leave for Baltimore next week.

Mrs. Mayo Rhodes of Kansas City will be the soprano at the Second Baptist Church, Twenty-seventh and Locust streets, to-morrow. The programme will be: Morning—Organ prelude, grand offertory in G, Batiste; anthem, "Te Deum," B minor, Buck; offertory, "My Redeemer and My Lord," soprano solo, Buck; Lord's prayer, A. Halter; organ postlude, "Prelude and Fugue," D minor, Bach. Evening—Organ prelude, "Pilgrim Chorus," Wagner; opening service, "O, Praise the Lord," Ansden; anthem, "O, Give Thanks," E. A. Sydenham; offertory, soprano and bass duet, "Crucifix," Faure; Lord's prayer, A. Halter; organ postlude, "Grand March Triumphal," G. Lemmens.

The Educational Department of the Young Men's Christian Association will begin the fall term next week. The following classes and teachers have been arranged for: Penmanship, Mr. H. E. Bell; book-keeping, Mr. Allan C. Bush; vocal music, Prof. Jas. M. North, Mondays. Elocution, Prof. E. L. McDowell; Spanish, Mr. E. M. Borges; arithmetic, Prof. W. H. Vaughn, Tuesdays. Short-hand, Mr. Chas. J. Rea; German, Prof. B. S. Newland; mechanical drawing, Mr. J. W. Woermann, Fridays. No charge is made to members for admission to classes, they being one of the privileges of membership. The Committee on Educational Classes, composed of D. C. Ball, Murray Carleton and Alexander Penny, will give the work a close personal supervision during the season, which lasts six months.

FOOLISH people introduce new remedies, but knowing ones want Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

A FATHER'S ARREST.

Made on the Story Told by His Son and Daughter.

Michael McKenna is under arrest on a charge of arson. At 12:30 this morning the one-story frame building, No. 2109 Osceola street, owned and occupied by his wife, Mrs. Margaret McKenna, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss on the house amounted to $350 and on the contents to $100. There was no insurance on either, and no cause for the origin of the fire could be learned. Michael McKenna, the husband of the owner of the property, separated from his wife last September and has not lived with her since, the children remaining with the mother. Susie, their daughter, and Michael, their son, told Officer Connolly that their father had stated not long ago that he would burn down the house and his wife with it. On this statement McKenna was arrested at 2 o'clock this morning and locked up at the Soulard Street Station. He will be held for further investigation, there being no evidence whatever against him at present except the threat his children allege he made.

FIRST-CLASS pictures make the test, Strauss's photos are the best.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

W. W. Frost, New York; John Senton, Atchison, C. A. Gray, Wichita, and G. F. Wheeler, Beloit, are at the Laclede.

E. J. Murphy, Chester, Ill.; W. D. Frank, New York; Cicero Barber, Tamaroa, Ill., and D. M. Beck, Fort Jefferson, are at Hurst's.

J. W. Weiman, New York; A. Traveling, Boston; C. A. Whitney, New York; Erwin Ellis, Lebanon, Mo., and R. H. Are, Chicago, are at the Lindell.

Zeb Ward, Jr., Little Rock; B. F. Mitchell, Louisville; H. D. Wellington, Boston; N. B. Musselman, Philadelphia, and C. T. Jenks, New York, are at the Southern.

The Humane Society.

The report of the Humane Society of Missouri for the week ending November 1 shows that the cases investigated during that time are as follows: Beating or whipping, 4; overdriving or over-working, 3; driving when galled or lame, 34; depriving of necessary food or shelter, 1; cases reported at office, 16; remedied without prosecution, 12; not substantiated, 3; warned, 45; prosecuted, 5; convicted, 1; animals taken from work, 19; animals killed, being unfit for further use, 3. One injured horse was removed from the street to the owner's house in an ambulance, and in the First District Police Court Joseph Tracy was fined $20 and costs for working lame stock.

MRS. WINSLOW'S Soothing Syrup for children teething produces natural, quiet sleep. 25c.

Wholesale Grocer Assigns.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—A special dispatch from Fort Worth, Tex., says: Joseph H. Brown, the heaviest wholesale grocer south of St. Louis and west of the Mississippi, has assigned with preferred creditors for $100,000. His total liabilities are over $300,000, with assets of $300,000.

THE NATION'S FEAST DAY

ANNUAL THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION ISSUED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Origin of the Oldest of the Three Distinctively American Holidays—The First Thanksgiving, and How It Was Celebrated—Massasoit and Gov. Bradford—The First Presidential Proclamation.



T Washington the twenty-seventh annual proclamation of Thanksgiving Day was issued yesterday by President Harrison. It ran as follows:

"A highly favored people, mindful of their dependence on the bounty of Divine Providence, should seek fitting occasion to testify gratitude and ascribe praise to him who is the author of their many blessings. It behooves us then to look back with thankful hearts over the past year and bless God for his infinite mercy in vouchsafing to our land enduring peace, to our people freedom from pestilence and famine, to our husbandmen abundant harvests, and to them that labor a recompense of their toil.

"Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do earnestly recommend that Thursday, the 28th day of this present month of November, be set apart as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, and that the people of our country, ceasing from the cares and labors of their working day, shall assemble in their respective places of worship and give thanks to God, who has prospered us on our way and made our paths the paths of peace; beseeching him to bless the day to our present and future good, making it truly one of thanksgiving for each re-united home circle as for the nation at large.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 1st day of November, in the year of our Lord 1889, and of the independence of the United States, the 114th.

(Signed) "BENJAMIN HARRISON."

THANKSGIVING DAY

has been long recognized as a national feast, one of the three that can be regarded as distinctively American, the other two being February 22 and July 4. All Americans know the origin of two of the days of national festivity, but it is possible that not one in a thousand is aware of the origin of Thanksgiving Day, whose celebration antedates by more than a century and a half the other national holidays. The first Thanksgiving ever celebrated was in the month of April, 1621. As will be remembered, the Mayflower landed her passengers at Plymouth Rock in 1620; the succeeding winter was one of unusual severity and the colonists were reduced to the greatest extremities for food, living for months on parched corn and a scanty supply of fish. Edward Bradford was Governor of the Plymouth Colony at the time, and by his efforts alone were the settlers held together.

MASSASOIT'S ARRIVAL.

Early in April, 1621, an Indian runner came to Plymouth announcing the immediate arrival of the great Sachem Massasoit, at the head of ninety men, who was coming to make a treaty with the whites. The settlers were greatly disturbed and embarrassed as they had become acquainted with the savage customs of hospitality and had but little to offer their guests. Their minds, however, were relieved when they saw the long line of Indian warriors filing through the woods bearing with them the materials for a feast. Five deer and three wild turkeys were contributed by Massasoit, and the half-famished settlers were overjoyed at the prospect of an unaccustomed feast. The tables were spread in the log house of the Governor, and the painted warriors of the forest partook of the feast with the Puritans of the new colony.

SPREAD OF THE CELEBRATION.

As a method of recognizing the great relief which alliance with Massasoit afforded the struggling settlers Gov. Bradford issued a proclamation, setting apart one day in the year as a season of thanksgiving and prayer. Until 1635 this feast was celebrated in the spring, but after that date the fall was settled upon as the fitting season, partly because the farmers had more leisure at that time, but principally to replace Christmas, the latter being regarded as a popish festival by the Puritans. In 1638 Connecticut set aside the last Thursday in November as a State thanksgiving day. One by one the New England States followed this example and the custom gradually spread until, in 1840, the Governor of every State in the Union issued a Thanksgiving Day proclamation. In 1862 the first National recognition was taken, the President issuing a proclamation setting aside the last Thursday in that month. These proclamations have since been issued annually. The feast was not observed among the Southern insurgents during the war. The choice of the turkey as the chief dish of the day arises from the present made by the Indian Sachem Massasoit.

Pasteur. The famous French scientist, will write of rabies, its communication and cure, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Getting Hyde Park Church Ready for Services—Social News.

Miss Lula Parks is visiting friends at Keokuk and Quincy.

The Cass Avenue Distilling Co. will hold its annual election on Monday.

Court Future Great, A. O. F., will have a ball and entertainment next Saturday night at the North St. Louis Turner Hall.

Justice Harry S. Harmon of the Tenth District, with a party of friends, will go over to Chouteau Slough to spend the day in piscatorial sports.

Nearly 100 Knights of Labor have recommended James Mulholland to Auditor Brown to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Fred Swaine.

The carpenters are at work repairing recent damages by fire on Hyde Park Congregational Church, and the pastor hopes to be able to conduct service in it to-morrow.

The Oblate Sisters of Providence will, as is their usual order, give a dinner to their friends and benefactors on Thanksgiving Day at Stolle's Hall, Thirteenth and Biddle streets.

Last night Sommers Bros. gave a banquet in honor of their new three-story factory just completed at the southwest corner of Broadway and Destrehan street. The banquet was given in the new building. There were many speeches of congratulation. All of the prominent men interested in the collar trade were present.

Miss Jennie Mudge of No. 1125 Salisbury street was struck in the right shoulder yesterday afternoon by a runaway team attached to a delivery wagon of the Anheuser-Busch Co. The accident occurred at Broadway and St. Charles street. The lady was rendered unconscious for a time. Dr. A. F. Williams attended her.

Thursday evening, November 14, Branch No. 238, Order of the Iron Hall, will celebrate its fourth anniversary at Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets, with an entertainment and hop. The St. Louis Zither Club, a class of the Social Turners, and several well-known soloists have volunteered to lend their aid to make the event a success.

Deserving of Confidence.—There is no article which so richly deserves the entire confidence of the community as BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Those suffering from Asthmatic and Bronchial Diseases, Coughs, and Colds should try them. Price 25 cents.

Skeletons Unearthed.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Paola, Kan., says: Workmen unearthed yesterday what is probably the remains of the victims of an old murder while excavating for a foundation for a new house. The spot selected for the work was on the site of an old log-house which stood on the old Santa Fe trail. This house was at one time a general resort for travelers going to the West from the States. It was a tavern and saloon and was noted for the hard characters who made it their headquarters. In digging the workmen came upon three skeletons lying together under the floors of the house. Each skull bore the marks of having been crushed in by a heavy blow.

A COMPOSITION OF MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE, written when she was but 12 years old, hitherto unpublished, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE ORGANS MUST GO.

The Business of the Grinders Abolished by Ordinance in New York City.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The organ-grinders had not heard yesterday that they had been called in, and they continued to grind their merry grind in different parts of the city as though the aldermen had never passed nor the Mayor signed an ordinance abolishing their business.

"They have not heard of it," said H. S. Taylor, the hand organ manufacturer in Chatham Square, yesterday, "and even after they do the most of them will keep on playing until the police warn them to quit. Next week I expect I'll begin to hear from them, and by the middle of the month I'll have had most all of them here trying to sell me their organs. There are about 150 of them in New York City, and not less than 500 persons depend upon the earnings of the organs for their living. Almost all of them own their own organs, but they have frequently had to borrow money with which to pay for them, and so they are worse off by the ordinance than those who only rent their organs. The way most of them do is to come here with all the money they can scrape together and buy as good an organ as the money will pay for. Then they save what they can and when they have a little sum they will come again and swap their old organ for a better one, giving the money as boot. They keep on that way if they have good luck, until they own a really fine instrument like these piano organs that are carried about on wheels and cost $200. There are a number of them now owned in this city and, of course, the investment, representing the savings sometimes of years, is pretty nearly dead loss. The business is a very poor one at best. The organ-grinder's average income is from $1 to $1.50 a day, and that generally has to support a family. Many, if not most of the able-bodied men in the business follow it when they have no other work to do, but in winter time it goes hard with them. If the new ordinance is strictly enforced it will be harder yet on the women, cripples and others whose sole support has been in the organs. It would not have been so hard on them if the Aldermen had made them take out a license or something of that sort; they do that in some Southern cities and in Newark and other towns, but to prevent them from playing entirely is a great hardship. Those who can will probably go to other towns, but it is very few that are situated so that they can, and besides there are lots of organ-grinders in other towns already."

Everybody had a good word to say for the organ-grinders and the little German bands yesterday. Ninety-nine people out of every 100 probably enjoyed it, and if there had been any belief that such an ordinance would really be enacted there would have been a loud protest against it. The police are among those who don't think that the musicians ought to go, but they say they will have to enforce the law all the same.

"If a hand organ, now," said one of the finest yesterday, "were like a concealed weapon, and they could carry it around out of sight and fire it off when we were not looking, I'm not saying but what there would be a good many of us that would be hard of hearing or busy somewhere else, but you see we can't help seeing a hand organ; we could not skip it even with cotton in our ears, and as for the little German bands—there's no use talking, we would have to be blind and deaf both, and without any nose besides, to get past one of them and not know it. There is no use talking, they have got to go, and it's sorry most of us fellows will be to make them, for a harmless set they are and lots of fun for the children besides. It will do your heart good sometimes to see how the children on the East side enjoy the bands and the organ; they will dance and sing and have a little ball and concert all at once so long as the music is on the block."

LIFE AT THE WHITE HOUSE. The family and family life of President Harrison described from a new point of view in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

ROW AMONG COLLEGE STUDENTS

Sophomores and Freshmen Fight It Out at the University of Pennsylvania.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The second year medical students at the University of Pennsylvania this afternoon received the worst drubbing by a Freshman class ever known in the history of the institution. As Prof. Reichert's class in physiology were taking their places in the lecture room some enterprising Sophomores, eager to pick a quarrel with the Freshmen, saw one of that class seated on one of the benches which are reserved by custom to the second and third year students. With a class yell the second year men attempted to pass the offending individual to his proper place which is beyond the fourth row. But his classmates came to the rescue and then occurred one of the bloodiest fights in the history of the college.

Coats, hats and neckties were torn asunder; men went to the floor under the weight of freshmen pressing from above, and the cries for help were heard away out in the street.

The professor, coming in, attempted to rescue the suffocated men, but to no purpose. He was pushed and jostled about till he was glad to escape with nothing more than a large rent in his coat.

In one corner two strapping youths were fighting on their own hook and the freshman having the upper side, landed his rival over the seats.

The fight lasted more than fifteen minutes and was stopped by the intervention of the professors and the third-year men, who came to the call of Prof. Reichert. When the room was cleared it was found that one of the two-year men had his head split and nose broken, and was unconscious. Others were nursing bloody noses and blackened eyes.

Prof. Reichert said: "I'll appeal to the faculty to have the unruly students disciplined, as the second-year men are entirely in the wrong."

The Freshmen are sullen and refuse to say anything, but say that hereafter they will occupy any seat in the lecture-room, whether second-year men are willing or not.

MURDEROUS AFFRAY.

A Drunken Quarrel Leads to a Tragedy at Scranton, Pa.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 2.—Patrick Hughes is dying and [illegible] Schultz is in the County Jail as the [illegible] fight, which took place [illegible] day afternoon in front of [illegible]. Hughes wanted some [illegible], which the latter refused [illegible] then they struggled and fell with Hughes uppermost. Schultz's little daughter watched the struggle and her father told her to run into the house and bring out his shotgun. She did so and in the meantime Schultz had torn from Hughes' grasp. He seized the gun and discharged both barrels. One tore its way through Hughes' lungs and the other one lodged in his leg. Schultz, who was frenzied, then rushed upon Hughes with a knife, which he plunged into his side, just below the heart, inflicting a terrible wound. The doctors say Hughes' recovery is impossible.

Schultz fled to the residence of a neighbor named Sauer, and as soon as he could realize the situation he started off for police headquarters to surrender himself. He was met on the way by the policemen, Riley and Edwards, who placed him in the lock-up to await the result of Hughes' injuries. The prisoner claims that he did the shooting and stabbing in self-defense, as he was attacked by Hughes, whose demand for money he had refused. It is stated that the men had been drinking whisky in Schultz's house and the quarrel originated there, and Schultz followed Hughes into the front yard when the latter started to go home.

Eads Monument Concert.

The rehearsals for the Eads Monument Concert will soon begin, as the music, which had to be cabled for, is now on the way from Europe.

No official call to the singers of the city has as yet been issued, but many have already sent in their applications and the chorus promises to be one of great number and excellent quality.

DEATH OF FATHER VERDIN.

A Long Life of Earnest Labor Ended To-Day.

VERDIN—This morning, at 8:15, Rev. JOHN S. VERDIN, S. J., passed away in his room at St. Louis University.

The funeral services will be held at St. Francis Xavier's Church, at Grand and Lindell avenues, at 8:30 a. m., Monday, November 4, thence to St. Stanislaus Novitiate, Florissant.

This is, in brief, the last chapter of a noble man's story. Father Verdin was admired and loved by those who knew him intimately, and was respected by all. The students of St. Louis University mourn a teacher and a friend and his colleagues a brother and a counselor.

A personal friend of Father Verdin in speaking of him said: "He was such a plain and unostentatious man. He endeavored to hide his good deeds and numerous charities from the world, but they were so many that it was impossible to conceal them. In his habits he was very precise and his diet very frugal. One of his peculiarities was that he never wore shoes in the house. He was exceedingly studious, and such a gentle, kind, and considerate friend. He was a hard worker, and his death was undoubtedly caused by the arduous duties which he imposed on himself. For the past two years he has been going steadily into a decline which ended in his death.

"As a pupil of the old university, which alone is entitled to the credit of giving him his excellent education, he was remarkably painstaking; as a professor he was kindly but firm, and was beloved by all his pupils, and as President of the University he has been never excelled. In all matters he showed the best judgment and the consideration of others before himself."

Rev. John S. Verdin of the Society of Jesus was born February 1, 1829, in St. Louis. He received his whole education at the old St. Louis University, and after completing his course of study there joined the order. He was employed at the university in different capacities until he was made President. At different times he has held every position in the university. He was away from St. Louis for a number of years connected with Jesuit colleges in Bardstown, Ky., Cincinnati, Chicago and Woodstock, Md. Two years ago he returned to St. Louis and celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his membership in the Society of Jesus.

Few clergymen have been so well and favorably known as Father Verdin. Many St. Louis gentlemen have known him as a companion, teacher and friend, and their associations with him are remembered most pleasantly.

He was a brother of James Verdin, formerly a prominent St. Louis merchant, and an uncle of Mrs. Wm. H. Swift.

THE BEST MAN. Mrs. Frank Leslie tells who and which he is in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

The Woman's Humane Society.

The report of the Woman's Humane Society for the week ending October 29, shows that the following cases were investigated: Beating or whipping, 8; overloading, 2; overdriving or overworking, 1; driving when galled or lame, 13; depriving of necessary food or shelter, 2; general cruelty, 3; cruelty to children, 2; abandoning animals to die, 1; cases reported at office, 11; remedied without prosecution, 8; not found, 1; warned, 16; prosecuted, 3; convicted, 2; animals taken from work, 10; animals killed, being unfit for further use, 2. In the First District Police Court George Huber was fined $20 and Joseph Orippi fined costs for illtreating animals.

A TRIFLE EXCITABLE.



Jones is one of those kind of men who gets mad over trifles. Tears his shirt off because it won't button itself.

He jumps a foot out of his chair if a door is slammed.

He becomes crazy if an organ-grinder insists on playing Sweet Violets.

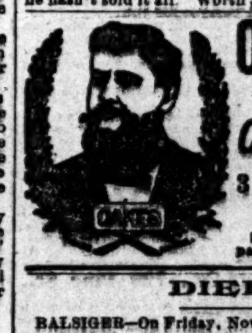
He never has an argument but what he comes to blows.

He went home a few nights since, and feeling blue, drank a bottle of wine with his dinner. Retired at 10. Woke up at 11 and thought he had the delirium tremens and lay in bed shivering till daylight. It was only a cat that had got her head stuck in his boot.

Now, such a man, and every nervous man, needs—positively needs

Rogers' Royal Nervine.

Your druggist keeps it if the rush isn't too great and he hasn't sold it all. Worth $1000. But $1 buys it.



OAKES' 40c pound CANDIES, 3 pounds $1.00. ST. LOUIS. Sent by express to all parts of the world.

DIED.

BALSIGER—On Friday, November 1, 1889, at 10 o'clock p. m., SAMUEL FREDERIC BALSIGER, aged 66 years, 5 months and 17 days.

The funeral will take place Sunday, November 3, at 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 3615 Bacon street. Friends are invited to attend.

Highland (Ill.) papers please copy.

DEVOTO—KATY, beloved wife of August Devoto, November 2, at 6 a. m., aged 31 years and 7 months.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 1501 Lucas avenue, Sunday, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of family invited to attend.

KLUTE—Friday, November 1, at 7 o'clock p. m., WM. H. KLUTE, aged 39 years 7 months and 26 days.

Funeral will take place Sunday, November 3, at 1:30 p. m., from residence, 2230 Biddle street.

SCHMITZ—FREDERICK XAVIER, Thursday, 12 a. m., beloved husband of Mary M. Schmitz, nee Walter, aged 25 years, 2 months and 5 days.

Funeral from residence, 916 Buchanan street, Sunday, November 3, 1:30 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

OFFICE OF LACLEDE MUTUAL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO., Southeast Corner Third and Locust Streets, St. Louis, Nov. 1, 1889.—At a special meeting of the directors of this company, held this day, it was unanimously

Resolved, That it is with profound regret we have learned of the death of our late associate, Oliver Garrison, who was one of the incorporators of this company, and for nearly thirty years one of the most regular in attendance at the meetings of this board.

That, in the death of Mr. Garrison we have sustained the loss of an esteemed friend, an influential member and one whose name was honored and respected by all who were favored with his confidence and friendship.

That we tender the surviving widow and family of the deceased our heartfelt sympathy and condolence in their bereavement; and

That these resolutions be made part of the records of this company and a copy of the same be sent to the family of the deceased.

E. W. POWELL, President.

CHAS. T. WHITSETT, Undertaker, Olive st., opp. Exposition. (Residence 3513 Locust st.)

FLOWERS. FLORAL DESIGNS For Funerals, Wedding Bouquets, etc. LINDELL FLOWER STORE, [illegible] Washington Avenue, [illegible]

THE CENTURY FOR NOVEMBER



JOSEPH JEFFERSON.

Begins a new volume (the twentieth year), and presents a table of contents of remarkable interest and variety. First chapters of the long-expected

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF **JOSEPH JEFFERSON**

Open the number. No more interesting record of a life upon the stage could be laid before the American people. The present installment is full of delightful reminiscences of the boyhood of Mr. Jefferson, and is richly illustrated with portraits, etc.

NOVELS

BY FRANK R. STOCKTON AND AMELIA E. BARR,

begin in this number. Mr. Stockton's is a characteristic story, by the author of "The Lady, or the Tiger?" describing the remarkable voyage of the *Merry Chanter;* Mrs. Barr's is a powerful love story, of the days of Cromwell, by the author of "Jan Vedder's Wife." The first of the

"PRESENT-DAY PAPERS,"

BY BISHOP POTTER, SETH LOW AND OTHERS,

is printed in this number—a series of discussions of timely social questions by prominent writers and thinkers who are associated for this purpose. In December the series by Prof. Fisher of Yale, on "The Nature and Method of Revelation," will begin. Accounts of the latest discoveries at the Lick Observatory, by Prof. Holden, and illustrated articles on "Prehistoric America," by Prof. Putnam of Harvard, will appear soon. The November number contains, also, "Street Life in Madrid," "The Grolier Club," by Brander Matthews, and other illustrated articles; a new story, "A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court," by

MARK TWAIN,

illustrated by Dan Beard; a complete story by Judge Ernest H. Crosby, poems by Walt Whitman, Margaret Deland and others, George Kennan's Adventures in Eastern Siberia, Cole's Engravings, etc.

Among the great number of important articles in preparation for THE CENTURY is an illustrated series on "The Gold Hunters of California," by men who were in California in '49.

Yearly subscribers to THE CENTURY may count on receiving nearly 2,000 pages of the best and most entertaining reading, enriched with illustrations by the leading artists and engravers of the world. The magazine is always issued on the first of each month. Terms $4.00 a year, in advance; 35c a number. Buy of any bookseller or newsdealer, or subscribe through them or direct. Remit by check, draft, registered letter, money or express order.

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AMUSEMENTS.

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★ Hyde's Star Specialty Co. ★

Next Week—Edwin F. Mayo, in his Sensational Drama, THE SILVER AGE.

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To-night at 8, Mr. AIDEN BENEDICT, supported by the Great Emotional Actress, Miss FRANCES FIELD, and his own Excellent Company.

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Sunday Matinee—OLIVER BYRON in Across the Continent.

$1.50 CABINET PHOTOS, CUT PRICE.

Full-Figure Cabinets $1.50 for Six.

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This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a lying-in institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September every year. Ladies who expect their confinement accommodated.

DR. H. NEWLAND, 1208 Chouteau av.



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To-night at 8.

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Mr. Geo. H. Adams and Toma Hanlon

—IN—

HE, SHE, HIM, HER

Monday, November 4—Lawrence Barrett.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

MONDAY, NOV. 4,

MR. LAWRENCE

BARRETT

—IN—

CANELON

SEATS NOW ON SALE

OLYMPIC.

To-night at 8.

Mr. Gus Thomas' Successful Comedy-Drama.

The Burglar.

Monday, November 4.—EMMA ABBOTT.

OLYMPIC—NEXT WEEK.

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GRAND ENGLISH OPERA CO.

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MONDAY [illegible]
TUESDAY [illegible]
WEDNESDAY MAT. [illegible]
WEDNESDAY [illegible]
THURSDAY [illegible]
FRIDAY [illegible]
SATURDAY, ABBOTT MATINEE [illegible]
SATURDAY [illegible]

Emma Abbott sings every evening.

CONSULT [illegible]

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Ethical Society, Memorial Hall, Nineteenth and Lucas place—Sunday, 11 a. m., the subject of Mr. Sheldon's address will be the third in the series of addresses on Ralph Waldo Emerson: "The Religion of Emerson." Music by the quartette. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Temple Israel, cor. Pine and Twenty-eighth sts.—Sunday lecture at 0:45 a. m. by Rabbi Sonneschein. Subject: "Selfishness." All are welcome. Seats free.

New Church Chapel (Swedenborgian) 2834 Lucas avenue, Rev. F. L. Higgins, will speak to-morrow on "The Story of Cain and Abel, Is It Literally True? and If Not, What Does It Mean?"

St. George's Church, Corner Beaumont and Chestnut sts. Rev. Robert A. Holland, S. T. D., Rector. Holy Communion and sermon by the rector, 11 a. m. Evening service and sermon, 7:45 p. m.

Central Evangelical Church (undenominational), 11th and Locust sts.—Preaching service every Sunday evening 7:45; young people's meeting 7 o'clock. Rev. John B. Brandt, pastor. All welcome.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Washington and Ewing avs. Rev. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., pastor, services at 10:30 a. m. and 3 p. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 12 m. Young people's meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Christ Church Cathedral — The seventieth anniversary of the organization of Christ Church Parish will be celebrated to-morrow at 11 a. m. The services will begin with the Holy communion office, to be followed with a sermon suitable to the occasion. At 7:30 p. m. there will be an evening song service.

First Presbyterian Church, Corner Washington av. and 41st st.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Geo. E. Martin, Sunday, November 3, at 11 o'clock a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9:30 o'clock a. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Midweek meeting Wednesday evening. All are cordially invited.

North Presbyterian Church, corner 11th and Chambers sts.—Rev. Marcellus G. Gorin, pastor. Residence 2011 N. 11th st. Preaching Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9 a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. The Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sabbath evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church, Missouri avenue, opposite west gate of park. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by Rev. Samuel C. Palmer, pastor elect. Church Sunday-school, Soulard and Gravois missions at 3 p. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Second Presbyterian Church, northwest corner 17th st. and Lucas pl. Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine services Sunday, November 3, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meet every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the lecture room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

St. Mark's English Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bell and Cardinal avenues. M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school, 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45. The Young People's Society meets in the church parlor every Sunday evening at 6:45. The pastor's class for catechetical instruction and Bible reading meets every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. Welcome.

Second Baptist Church, Corner Locust and Beaumont (27th) sts. Rev. J. W. Ford, D. D., pastor. Morning—"Putting Ignorance to Silence." Evening—Preaching by Rev H. A. Stimson, D. D., of Pilgrim Congregational Church, the congregation of Pilgrim Church uniting in the service. Brief after service in the lecture room, to which all are invited. Public services at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7:45 p.m. Sabbath school, 9:30 a. m. Young People's meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 6.45 o'clock p. m. Midweek service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Class in English Bible Study, under the direction of the pastor, on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

LODGE NOTICES.

$5.00---REDUCED TO $2.50.

Cabinet Photos, Bust Black Ground, have always been $5 per dozen: Parsons cuts the price to $2.50 per dozen for 30 days. 1407 Market st.; open on Sunday. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular. 36

Clerks and Salesman.

WANTED—Sit. as clerk in book or drug store; have had ten years' experience in book and drug business. Add. E 59, this office. 37

Boys.

WANTED—Boy of 17 wishes to learn cigarmaker's trade. H. N., 2114 Blair av., city. 42

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

TELEGRAPHING

JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
421 N. 3d st.

The Western Union Telegraph School is now in charge of Prof. S. B. Fairchild of the Western Union Telegraph Co., and offers superior facilities for teaching commercial and railroad operating.
53 J. G. BOHMER, Principal.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A young man, experienced dry goods salesman. Geo. Wander, Jr., 1604 and 1606 S. Broadway. 54

DO You Use Figures?—Farnsworth's New System of Addition solves the secret of "lightning calculation." Learned in an hour. For highest indorsement and particulars inclose stamp to the Farnsworth Co., Johnston Bldg., Cincinnati, O. 54

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

hand and Business College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Successor to Martin & Hayward. Est. 1876. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—Shoemaker on repairing and some new work. 1427 Old Manchester road; Market st. car. 58

WANTED—A good, sober, industrious mechanic, that understands stove mounting and repairing stoves, to take charge of odd-plate department. F. Ozanne & Co., 231 2d st., Memphis, Tenn. 58

Coachmen.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch

WANTED—A good family coachman; one that is willing to make himself useful about the house; references required. Apply at Room 6 A Laclede building, 10:30 to 11:30 Sunday a. m., 8 to 9 a. m. Monday. 55

Boys.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A good active boy, 12 to 16 years old, to make himself useful in a store. 1240 S. Broadway. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—William Kerr call and see Joyce. 62

WANTED—Man or boy to make fires. 1411 Olive st. 62

WANTED—Young men to sell books, papers, etc., on trains. 1215 Poplar st. 62

WANTED—100 men at stage door of Grand Opera-house, Sunday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. 62

WANTED—Two gentlemen for our night lines to learn telegraphing; steady positions guaranteed; $75 to $125 monthly. Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d. 62

BUST Black Ground Cabinet Photographs, $1.50 per dozen; cut prices for 30 days; satisfaction guaranteed; two sittings. Parsons', 1407 Market st.; open on Sunday. 62

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a first-class dressmaker a few engagements in private families. Address 2424 Second Carondelet av. 46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By a middle-aged woman a situation as working housekeeper in a small family; wages $1.25 to $1.50 per week. Ad. O 59, this office. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—Sit. for general housework or housework. 3017 Hickory st. 48

WANTED—Situation for housework by a German girl. Call at 1432 Taylor av. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Sit. by an experienced order cook, lady, in a restaurant. Add. 2620 Olive st. 49

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A lady to learn and fill permanent position as soon as qualified in bookkeeping and typewriting. Union Telegraph office, 102 N. 3d st.

WANTED—An experienced saleslady for fancy and knit goods department; good salary to right party. Apply to G. Soule, Sonnenfeld Millinery Co. 63

Teachers, Companions, etc.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—The services of a young French woman. Add. H 58, this office. 78

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Woman or girl to keep house and take care of two children, 7 and 8 years. Address G 60, this office. 65

General Housework.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 4311 N. 11th st. 66

WANTED—Girl to do housework; call at once. No. 2305 Market st. 66

WANTED—Good girl to do general housework. 4236 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at once. 1302 Taylor av. 66

WANTED—Girl for housework and assist with children. 4377 Delmar av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages. 1150 Leonard av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages paid. 4377 Delmar av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. 1723 California av. 66

WANTED—Colored girl about 15 years of age for light housework. 3658 Finney av. 66

WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework; small family. Apply 1113 N. 15th st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 1603 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; new 6-room flat; family of two. 3843 Windsor place, between Finney and Bell avs. 66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Machine and hand girls for tailory. 2301 Sullivan av. 69

Nurses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Girl to take care of two children and assist in housework. 2321 Whittemore place.

WANTED — Wet-nurse, with milk not younger than four months. Apply 1419 Missouri av. 70

WANTED—A settled woman, white or colored, to assist in care of baby and housework; none need apply without reference. 3806 Washington av. 70

Cooks, etc.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Good cook and a dining-room girl. 1518 Washington av. 68

WANTED—German girl to cook; reference required. 3043 Locust st. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron and general housework. 4377 Delmar av. 68

WANTED—A good, intelligent cook; must be neat and have first-class ref. 2900 Lafayette av. 68

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A chambermaid. Hotel Beers, Grand av. and Olive st. 71

WANTED—A dishwasher at Hotel Beers, Grand av. and Olive st. 71

WANTED—An experienced dining-room girl with references. 840 S. 8th st. 71

WANTED—Good girl to do light housework for two. 2509 Bacon st. 71

WANTED—A girl or woman to work in boarding-house. Call at 2040 Clark av. 71

WANTED—A girl to work for family of two in flat. Apply Monday at 1716 Bacon st. 71

WANTED—Six girls to label boxes; must have experience. Dozier-Weyl Cracker Co., 16th and Morgan st. 71

WANTED—Two ladies for our night lines to learn telegraphing evenings; steady positions guaranteed; $75 to $125 monthly. Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d st. 71

WANTED—Immediately, ten good spinners and weavers, at Louisville Bagging Manufacturing Co., 19th and Walnut sts., Louisville, Ky. David Miller, Manager. 71

500 YOUNG MEN AND LADIES

To try Parsons' Black Ground Bust Cabinet Photos, $2.50 per dozen; choice of two proofs; two styles; hurry up, as the cut price is only for 30 days. Parson's, 1407 Market st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Canvassers to call and see specimen "Chefs of Paris Exposition 1889," which has just arrived. F. P. Kaiser, 14 South Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. 73

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free Standard Silver Ware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

WANTED—We want to hire an energetic person in every locality to distribute advertising matter and attend to our local interests. A straight salary of $2 50 per day and expenses will be paid. Address, inclosing 2c stamp for particulars, Universal Supply Co., Chicago, Ill. No postals answered. 73

THEATRICAL.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one lot opera costumes. Address C 59, this office. 75

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange Gold Nugget mining shares for gold watch and chain. Address B 60, this office. 24

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$15,000 at 6 per cent on improved business property, worth $35,000. Address or call F. W. T., n. w. cor. Gratiot and 22d st. 25

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—I want a "reversible" or "magic" case watch, Howard movement. Address W 59, this office. 26

MUSICAL.

MRS. H. JACKSON, teacher of piano, 830 Gratiot st. 27

WANTED—A widow would like to give piano lessons to beginners. 2129 Market st. 27

EDUCATIONAL.

MARIE WILLIAMS EDDY will teach a class in Christian Science Healing. Apply at 2205 Olive st. Patients received in the mornings after 9 o'clock. 29

SPANISH CLASS JUST OPEN

For beginners and advanced students. For particulars call at once on Prof. Antonio Maestre. 2238½ Washington av. 29

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first-class corner saloon, centrally located; price $700. Inquire at A. Griesedieck's brewery. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Seven fine-bred Newfoundland pups, 4 weeks old, at a bargain at 514 Walnut st. 5

FOR SALE—Fine imported gray hair and some fine second-hand clothing. Ellen Elders, 827 N. 23d st. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture, cheap—I will furnish bedroom and kitchen for $25 and upward for cash or time. All goods at bottom prices. D. A. Clark, 111 N. 12th st. 5

TREES, shrubs, evergreens, roses, etc.; plant now Sander's Nursery, 5606 Delmar av., formerly Olive st. 5

PARTY wishing to go to New Madrid, Mo., or Paragould, Ark., Monday or Wednesday, can get cheap single or round-trip ticket by addressing B 61, this office. 5

FOR SALE—Handsome seal plush coat; elegantly made and trimmed with beaver; bust 42; length 58 inches; will sell at a great bargain. Address G 61, this office. 5

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Red Irish setter dog; $5 reward will be paid for his return. J. W. Fischer, 4340 North Market st. 30

LOST—A black and tan hound; will give a fine Irish setter for her return or for another good hound. Room 2, 211 Chestnut st. 30

LOST—A white, long, straight-haired poodle, with a ring tail. Finder will receive $5 by bringing him to 521 O'Fallon. Mr. L. Thiel. 30

LOST—About October 1, from No. 7 Shaw place, large brindle mastiff dog, name "Bosen." Return to above address and receive $10. 30

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Gale: Where are you? When and where can I see you? Add. C 60, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A middle-aged gent desires the acquaintance of a young lady between 20 and 25; object social amusement and matrimony; correspondence confidential. Add. D 60, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st.; massage; baths of all kinds; female assistants.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

PARTIES declining housekeeping can realize the highest cash prices for their surplus furniture and effects, in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., AUCT'RS, 1104-6 Olive.

PERSONAL—We offer $1,000 reward for a cough or throat trouble (last stages of disease excepted) which cannot be relieved by a proper use of Dr. X. Stone's Bronchial Wafers; samples free. Address Stone Medicine Co., Quincy, Ill. 24

3 CENTS per yard, steam carpet cleaning; best and largest. Eagle Works, 21st and St. Charles st. 74

1000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. Send for estimates.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13, at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

TAPE WORM Expelled with head or no pay; physician, 15 years' experience. Write to Direct Medical Co., 919 Olive st.



DR. E. C Chase's Dental Rooms, 904 Olive st., are better equipped with skillful operators than ever before, and persons unable to make future appointments can have their work done at the first visit. Second floor, elevator, 904 Olive st. 74

MME. E., the great European fortune-teller, 1129 N. 7th st.; charges, 50c; past, present and future.

MME. LEAHON tells past, present and future by a burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

MME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; business confidential; charges reasonable. 119 S. 14th st. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies pending and during confinement; first-class accommodations at very reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2613 South Eleventh st. 74

TRY MRS. DR. SILVA'S

Baths of all kinds: lady attendance. 1319 Pine st. 74

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms Call at 1017 Morgan st 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates, no com. chd. 621 Chestnut

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

Do You Want Money?

If so then call at the Eagle Loan Co., who loan from $15 to $1,000 on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, without removing same from residence. Money loaned at very lowest rates without delay and strictly confidential; the amount borrowed can be returned in weekly payments if desired and cost reduced in proportion. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet payments we will pay it for you. Loans made to suit the borrower for long or short time. No commission charged. EAGLE LOAN CO.
O. C. VOELCKER, Manager, 714 Pine st.

IF YOU WANT MONEY,
THEN CALL ON THE
German-American Loan Co.,
515 PINE ST., SECOND FLOOR,

Before calling elsewhere; they will loan you money—$25 to $5,000 on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, without removal. The amount borrowed can be returned in installments, and costs reduced in proportion.

This company has the facilities which no other firm has, because they have the largest capital and can afford to loan money at lower rates; no commissions, business confidential. F. W. Peters, Manager. Do you know the number? 515 Pine st., second floor.

MONEY TO LOAN
In Sums from $1 to $10,000.

On watches, chains, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, musical instruments, merchandise or first-class personal property of any description. All loans made at the lowest possible rates of interest and on the most advantageous terms for the borrower. Business strictly confidential and all negotiations in strict privacy if so desired.
S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.
Special rates given on large loans. 31

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
Read this.
It will save you time, it will save you money.
You can borrow from the Missouri Mortgage Loan Co., 524 Pine st., $10, $50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000 $5,000 $10,000.
In fact any sum you want on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, mules, etc., on easier terms and at lower rates than can be found elsewhere in the city.
If you have a loan in any other office call and get our rates
We will take it up and carry it for you.
If an installment is due on your property, and you cannot meet it, call on us, we will pay it for you.
We make loans for one to six months and you can pay a part at any time, each payment reducing the principal and interest.
We will renew your loan at the original rate and no charges for papers.
This company is organized under the State law and composed of men who are responsible and who will not take advantage of your necessities.
All transactions are strictly confidential.
Don't forget the number. 524 Pine st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.,

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodation will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

STORAGE.

NEW moth-proof lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Alfred J. Yandell, Manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

STORAGE—Furniture, pianos, baggage, etc., safe; reliable; rooms and separate apartments; money loaned; moving, packing and shipping (with care) a specialty; warehouses, Jefferson av. and LaSalle st.; send for our pamphlet containing full details; get our rates. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1104-6 Olive st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY FOR INDIVIDUALS or corporations. For sale to close the estate, as a whole, the Architectural Iron Foundry, as most successfully run for over 15 years by the late Samuel J. Creswell, Twenty-third and Cherry sts., Philadelphia, Pa. Location—Freight yards of Baltimore & Ohio and Philadelphia & Reading Railroads within one block, and Pennsylvania Railroad within four blocks. Buildings—specially erected for this business and of most substantial character. Real Estate—owing to location, of great intrinsic value, apart from present occupation. Equipment—the finest of its kind in this country. Patterns, tools and machinery all modern and requiring no further outlay. Possibilities of production unlimited. Business—running as in lifetime of late owner, with full force of employes, large contracts on hand and in midst of great activity. Possession immediate. Apply to or address JOSEPH de F. JUNKIN, Executor, S. E. Cor. 6th and Walnut sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL.

PILES, fistulæ, irritable ulcers, etc., a specialty.
FRANCIS O. DRAKE, M. D.,
34 1302 Olive st., St. Louis

ALL SORTS.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kroeney, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

16 S. 22D ST.—Nicely furnished front room for gents; convenient to cars. 13

18A TARGEE ST.—Second floor front room, furnished. 13

110 S. 14TH ST.—One furnished room for light housekeeping. 13

412 S. 15TH ST.—A nicely furnished front parlor, with fire and light; convenient to Union Depot; also light housekeeping. 13

572 MONTROSE AV.—3 rooms and finished basement kitchen: all conveniences; $12. 13

603 WALNUT ST.—One front room nicely furnished on second floor; rent reasonable. 13

913 N. HIGH ST.—Furnished room; suitable for two; on second floor. 13

921 N. 9TH ST.—One large 2d-story front room for light housekeeping. 13

1214 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms suitable for 3 or 4 gents; also rooms for housekeeping.

1305 WASHINGTON AV.—Large nicely furnished parlors; also small room. 13

1400½ PINE ST.—Over Drug Store—Furnished front room for gents or light housekeeping; respectable only. 13

1505 CHESTNUT ST.—Front and back rooms en suite, nicely furnished, rent $20; also a room, with winter stove, furnished for light housekeeping, rent $2.25. 13

1530 LUCAS AV.—Furnished rooms for two colored gents. 13

1617 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished back parlor for one or two gents; also other rooms for housekeeping: low. 13

2131 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished room, with bath room; second floor; cheap. 13

2247 EUGENIA ST., corner of High—Furnished room in a French family. 13

2318 PINE ST.—Two large rooms, one hall room, neatly furnished; gents preferred; rent low. 13

2623 PINE ST.—Large 2d-story room, furnished; ref. exchanged 13

2634 OLIVE ST.—Fur. rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. 13

2644 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen; fire, gas and bath; quiet; private family; reasonable. 13

2625 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room for gentlemen; fire and light. 13

2734 MADISON ST.—Five neat rooms, 1st floor; water, gas; latest improvements; rent low.

3042 EASTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. 13

3152 EASTON AV.—3 rooms, water, etc.; $12. 13

3214 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished room; first-class accommodations; private family; to gentlemen. 13

3504 OLIVE ST.—Wanted, young lady room mate; reference. 13

3626 CLARK AV.—Three rooms; all conv.; with or without stable. 13

4242 GANO AV.—3 rooms, 1st floor. 13

FOR RENT—2 rooms 1120 and 1218 Cass av. Apply at 1118 Cass av. 13

FOR RENT—3 elegant fur. or unfur. front rooms, cor. 19th and Franklin av., over drug store.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, transient use; convenient to cars. Address S 57, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished heated room in quiet house, convenient to cable lines, for transienture. Address J 61. this office. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

1830 PAPIN ST.—A new flat; 5 rooms, large wash kitchen and cellar; all for $24; well worth $30; see it before you rent somewhere else.

FOR RENT—Two flats, four rooms each; all modern improvements, No 1865 Cass av. Inquire at 1867 Cass av.

FOR RENT—The best and most modern new 7-room flats in St. Louis, 3732 and 3734 Olive st. Geo. B. Morgan, 708 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT.
NEW WEST END FLATS.

3782A and 3784A Olive st., 7 rooms each. Beautiful entrances. Handsomely finished. Large yards, etc.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
Phone 886. 902 Chestnut st.

BOARDING.

411 MONTROSE AV.—One nicely furnished room in private family, with or without board. 18

1225 WASHINGTON AV.—Newly furnished rooms very cheap; board next door if desired. 18

1232 CLARK AV.—First and second-floor front rooms, newly furnished; board, $3 per week. 18

1302 TAYLOR AV.—An elegantly furnished 2d story front room with board; suitable for gentleman and wife. 18

1431 LUCAS PLACE—Desirable rooms for family or gentlemen with board. 18

1706 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board; transients accommodated.

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front room; first-class board. 18

2113 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms, with first-class board; hot water, gas and every convenience; also hall room. 18

2627 PINE ST.—Front parlor and other rooms with board; day boarders accommodated. 18

2712 WALNUT ST.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front room, with or without board; private family.

2913 FRANKLIN AV.—One nicely furnished room with board; southern exposure; suitable for two. 18

3054 SHERIDAN AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, with board; terms reasonable. 18

3504 OLIVE ST.—One nicely furnished room, with or without board; refs. given and required. 18

WANTED—Five or six boarders in private family; also one nicely furnished room, third story front, suitable for two gents, with or without board. 2021 Eugenia st. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1116 GRATTAN ST.—Six-room house, in perfect repair; rent, $27.50. Apply to Geo. H. Billon. Post-Dispatch Counting-room. 14

3843 COOK AV.—8-room house, stone front. Apply THOMAS F. FARRELLY,
Real Estate Agent,
14 812 Chestnut st.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

3506 EASTON AV.—First-class store in a fine building, for any business. Apply on premises. 17

FOR RENT—Hall suitable for balls, parties, etc. Inquire at 1306 Olive st. 17

FOR RENT—Stable with 2 stalls; will rent singly or together; in thorough order. Apply 2944 Madison st. 17

FOR RENT—Hotel in Alton; the St. Elmo Hotel, corner 3d and Market sts., one block from depot and post-office, in the center of the business portion of the town, is for rent and furniture for sale on reasonable terms; 20 rooms, with more or less (20) boarders and good transient custom; reasons, change of business. Apply on premises; dr... 17

Druggists, ... oil bbls, ... 2. 8¾@3... per lb. ... Result betw... Jone...
We have choice locat... stable, 312 N. 11th st. TELEGRAPH.
17 JAS. M. CARPE... & CO.

FOR RENT.
Twenty Offices
Rental $12 to $50 per month.
IN THE NEW
MERMOD & JACCARD
BUILDING,
BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.
With all conveniences, Passenger and Freight Elevators, Water, Steam Heat, etc., etc.
The most central, best lighted and ventilated offices in the city.
Inquire at Room 201,
Mermod & Jaccard Building,
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
AGENTS.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—New five-room cottage, at Laclede Junction; $10. G. A. Wurdeman, 5 S. Broadway, second floor. 16

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap: nice building lot on Henrietta st., near Oregon av. Apply at 1910 California av.

IMP'VED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Great bargain; new 4-room cottage; Semple and St. Louis avs. Apply R. F. Miller, 3152 Easton av. 7

FOR SALE—Monthly Payments—4044 Morgan st., bet. Vandeventer and Sarah, brand new 2-story stone-front house of 6 rooms, finished laundry, hall, bath, gas, hot and cold water, electric bells; terms, $600 cash, balance $30 to $40 per month.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—A new 5-room dwelling, No. 4591 Maffitt av., attic, porches, shed; substantial and neat; lot 30x145 feet; nice neighborhood; convenient to Easton av. cable and Marcus av. cars; cheap price; cash or monthly payments.
Also a two-story detached central dwelling, 6 rooms, bath, laundry; every convenience; very complete; lot 25x145; owner left the city; price very low; terms to suit; call for descriptive catalogue.
7 WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut.

"SAFE DEPOSIT."

Why put your money in a "safe deposit" box, where it will lie idle, when you may receive 8 per cent for its use by putting it into certificates of stock in the Peter Cooper Building & Loan Association? Office 221 Commercial Building, s. e. cor. 6th and Olive sts. J. B. FOLLETT, Secretary.

TIME TABLE

Of Trains Running into Union Depot—St. Louis Time.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; §Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)		
Day Express	*7:25 am	*7:30 pm
Chicago Express	†8:00 pm	†7:00 am
OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.		
10 hours to Cin. & Lou.; 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:50 am	* 7:30 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:55 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 7:05 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	8:40 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans & Memp's Fast L.	† 7.40 pm	† 7:55 pm
Cairo & Memphis Express	† 7:40 pm	† 7:50 am
Cairo & Paducah Express	† 7:45 am	* 1:50 pm
Sparta, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 1:50 pm
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Kansas City Mail	† 8:15 am	† 7:00 am
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:30 am	† 7:30 am
Alton Express ex. Saturday and Sunday	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Alton Express, Saturday only		1:20 pm
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	†10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	*10:40 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:30 pm
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:20 pm	* 7:00 pm
CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE." Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.		
Day Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 6:30 pm
Alton Express Daily	10:40 am	8:10 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	† 7:25 pm	† 7:30 am
Alton Express Daily	5:55 pm	1:45 pm
Ticket office cor. 5th and Chestnut sts.		
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation		† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	10:45 am	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am
LOUISVILLE & ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE." (L. E. & ST. L. CON. R. R.)		
Louisville Day Express	† 7:50 am	† 7:45 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am
ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION.		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 8:25 am	† 8:00 am
Belleville Accommodation	*11:00 am	*10:40 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 pm	* 2:05 pm
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 5:35 pm	† 5:15 pm
(On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.		
MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:25 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	* 8:20 am	* 7:00 pm
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Murphysboro & Chester Acc'n.	* 5:20 pm	*10:55 am
VANDALIA LINE.		
Day Express, daily	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	7:25 am	7:30 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom. daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am
Cincinnati Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Cincin. Night Express, daily	7:00 pm	7:00 am
WABASH RAILROAD.		
LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Chicago & Peoria Express	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago & Peoria Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accom.	* 4:45 pm	*10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	† 6:55 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & Ottumwa Fast Line	† 9:00 am	† 6:30 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line	† 8:35 pm	† 6:40 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 8:20 am	* 8:10 am
Belt Line (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	11:10 am
Belt Line (Sunday only)	4:15 pm	4:00 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	*12:40 pm	*12.30 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:15 pm	* 5.45 pm
FROM VINE STREET STATION.		
Belt Line (Sunday only)	9:45 am	9:40 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:25 am	*10:15 am
Belt Line (Sunday only)	2:30 pm	2:20 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 2:00 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Belt Line (Sunday only)	6:15 pm	5:55 pm
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	* 7:10 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	* 8:30 am	* 8:00 am
Through Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:50 pm
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	*12:30 pm	*10:45 am
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	* 4:00 pm	* 3:15 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:20 pm	* 7:50 am
Windsor Spring Acc'modat'n.	* 6:30 pm	* 6:15 pm
Through Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Local Express	* 7:55 am	† 6:25 pm
Washington Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 8:00 am
Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:40 am
Colorado and Texas Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am
ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.		
Columbus Accommodation	* 7:55 am	* 6:45 pm
Fort Worth Express	† 8:30 am	† 5:50 pm
Gal., Laredo & City of Mex. Ex	† 8:10 pm	† 7:30 am
El Paso & Memphis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 7:20 am
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.		
Charleston Express	4:30 pm	11:00 am
ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Arkansas & Texas Express	† 8:20 pm	
Texas & St. Louis Express		† 7:20 am
ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Through Express	* 9:00 am	6:30 pm
ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line)		
Grafton Express	* 7:15 am	* 4:45 pm
Jerseyville Ex., Sunday only	7:15 am	5:45 pm
Jerseyville and Springfield Ex.	* 4:20 pm	† 1:45 pm
J'ville & Spg. Ex., Sun. only	5:55 pm	

Burlington Route

BURLINGTON ROUTE. Through Chair and Sleeping Cars to Kansas City. Solid through trains to St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Joe and Denver, with no change of cars of any class from St. Louis to these points.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & NW. R. R.		
St. Paul, Cedar Rapids and Burlington Express	* 9:20 am	* 5:55 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph and California Express	† 8:05 pm	† 7:20 am
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Cedar Rapids and Des Moines Exp.	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am
BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	† 9:30 am	† 6:50 am
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	† 8:15 pm	‡ 5:20 pm

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—Horses to winter. E. H. Benoist, 7 miles out Olive st. road or 419 N. 6th st. 11

WANTED—Buggy horse, young, sound, gentle; give particulars and price. Add. P 59, this office.

WANTED—Horses to winter; called for and delivered free. R. C. Pate, Baden, North St. Louis. 11

GILBIRDS' Rose Hill, brother in blood to the fastest trotting 4-year-old in the world, making a limited fall season at the old price, No. 5441 Page av.

HORSES taken to board lowest possible prices; best conveniences; men to deliver and receive them, and every comfort provided for 300 head. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address Missouri Horse Exchange, Broadway and Chouteau av. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Vehicles; 200 new and second-hand vehicles and harness of all kinds, and we will sell them cheaper than any other house; our stock consists of open and top buggies and wagons of all kinds; phaetons, cut-unders and jumpseats, surreys, storm buggies, village carts, couprockaway, barouches, laundeaurs, etc. North Western Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway. 12

STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

OFFICE of the Union Press Brick Works, St. Louis, Mo., October 25, 1889—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Union Press Brick Works will be held at the office of the company, room 514, Odd Fellows' Building, s. e. cor. of Olive and 9th sts., in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Friday, December 27, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition then and there to be submitted to increase the capital stock of the company from two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000), its present authorized capital, to four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000). [Signed] E. C. Sterling, H. W. Eliot, Ephron Catlin, G. W. Simpkins, a majority of the Board of Directors.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS GASLIGHT CO., St. Louis, Mo., October 21, 1889.—To the stockholders of the St. Louis Gaslight Co. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Gaslight Co. has been called by the Board of Directors of said company, and will be held at the office of the company, 912 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on the 7th day of November, 1889. The object of said meeting is to consider and take such action in respect of the disposition of the plant, property and ordinance privileges or franchises of the company as may be deemed advisable in view of the approaching expiration of the charter of the company and the privileges or franchises conferred by the ordinance of the city of St Louis numbered 13,494, approved January 30, 1886.

The meeting will be convened at 9 o'clock a. m. on said 7th day of November, 1889.
WM. H. THOMPSON, President.
GEO M. PASCHALL, Secretary.

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Leroy, son of Charles and Maggie Smith, October 24; 2139 Bremen avenue.
May, daughter of William and Annie Hoffswels, October 27; 5221 Conde street.
Lillian, daughter of Charles and Sophia Grauh, October 25; 3603 North Twenty-second street.
Minnie, daughter of Fred and Annie Patterson, October 24; 2336 North Twenty-fifth street.
John, son of Ned and Kate Brennan, October 22; 709 Bittner avenue.
——, son of John and Mary Yeggel, October 16; 8203 Baden street.
Wilhelm, son of Henry and Amy Sundermann, October 30; 2011 Madison street.
Nathaniel, daughter of David and Mary Brown, October 31; 2300 Walnut street.
——, daughter of John and S. E. Garner, October 28; 823 South Ewing avenue.
James, son of J. B. and Ella McCormick, October 28; 4123 Finney avenue.
Minnie, daughter of W. S. and Adeline Henry, October 5; 2904 Morgan street.
Sarah, daughter of Martin and Sarah Darcy, October 21; 2111 Franklin avenue.
Frank, son of Herman and Pauline Benjamin, October 31; 3109 North Eleventh street.
——, son of Amele and Carrie Orton, October 22; 2500 Garrison avenue.
——, son of Louis and Maggie Heller, October 22; 2316 O'Fallon street.
James, son of John and Kate Foley, October 23; 310 Convent street.
Alfred, son of George and Sophia Billirth, October 31; 23 9 Arsenal street.
Claude, daughter of Thomas and —— Holland, October 24; 1615½ Lucas avenue.
Gustave, son of Gustave and Elizabeth Wuest, October 26; 2225 South Ninth street.
Mamy, daughter of William and Anna McGaven, October 29; 1319 Pine street.
Ruth, daughter of William and Mary Beattie, October 13; 2126 South Compton avenue.
Joseph, son of Joseph and Annie Marchdek, October 31; 1504 Linn street.
J. T., son of Charles and Elizabeth Brookes, October 28; 3419 Shenandoah street.
William, son of Andrew and Sophia Boeddecker, October 18; 703 Chestnut street.
Renard, son of Jacob and Frances Maurer, October 28; 2234 Adams street.
Wilhelm, son of John and Margaret Eigert, October 30; 2218 Bismarck street.
William, son of Henry and Sophia Licking, October 25; 705 Geyer avenue.
Carl, son of Dominick and Dora Martin, October 27; 738 Second street.
Martha, daughter of Simon and Laura Campbell, October 29; 3515 Cozzens street.
Annie, daughter of Fred and Clara Rhiner, October 1; 104 Anna street.
Pauline, daughter of Val and Rosa Schmidt, October 3; 2112 De Kalb street.
Freeda, daughter of Lawrence and Mary Backhof, October 6; 2412 South Broadway.
Michael, son of John and Bridget Lavin, October 6; 2313 Sidney street.
Margaret, daughter of Joseph and Mary Sutter, October 17; 2419 De Kalb street.
Martin, son of Peter and Barbara Erhart, October 16; 135 Soulard street.
Albert, son of Fred and Mary Wunsch, October 27; 406 Victor street.
Edward, son of Edward and Bertha Meller, October 18; 2213 South Seventh street.
Bertha, daughter of Herman and Mary Grunst, October 22; 3317 Kosciusko street.
John, son of William and Sophia Bauman, October 30; 2441 De Kalb street.
William, son of William and Clara Betz, October 12; 1804 Sidney street.
Gustave, son of Gustave and Meta Walker, October 28; 1118 North Nineteenth street.
Ray, son of L. W. and Flora Buans, October 16; 1912 California avenue.
Fred, son of Ferdinand and Sofana Krause, October 28; 1819 North Market street.
——, daughter of Louis and Dora Mathering, October 28; 1025 North Eighth street.
——, daughter of —— and Alice Haynes, October 30; Broadway, between Angelica and Farrar streets.
Nellie, daughter of George and Annie Wilson, October 31; 1321 Chestnut street.
Walter, son of Fred and Lizzie Zimmerman, October 26; 5022 North Broadway.
——, daughter of Daniel and Catherine Connors, October 28; 2713 Papin street.
Joseph, son of Wilhelm and Mary Meyer, October 23; 3749 Oregon avenue.
John, son of Jacob and Mary Kashmacher, October 27; 3302 Indiana avenue.
Ida, daughter of Ernest and Emma Hoffman, October 27; 3717 South Jefferson avenue.
——, daughter of Andrew and Katie Weamler, October 29; 2105 Menard street.
Matilda, daughter of Robert and Nettie Levy, September 15; 3100 Clark avenue.
Erwin, son of Jacob and Caroline Jockim, October 24; 3501 South Second street.
——, son of Lawrence and Mary Mylar, October 21; 513 Argyle avenue.
——, daughter of Warden and Gertie Penn, October 22; 2718 Adams street.
Sadie, daughter of Wilhelm and Katherine Hohman, October 23; 3508 North Eleventh street.
——, daughter of Louis and Lavinia Kuehn, October 28; 2906 Easton street.
——, son of Harry and Veronica Grufield, October 25; 2719 Bernard street.
David, son of F. H. and M. T. McCoole, October 27; 3238 California avenue.
Harry, son of Conrad and Anna Kunst, October 22; 2222 Gains street.
——, daughter of Eugen and Annie Considive, October 27; 3105 Clark avenue.
Annie, daughter of Jacob and Anna Hass, October 28; 1945 North Tenth street.
——, daughter of Rolia and Emma Ray, October 27; 1512 Chouteau avenue.
Louis, son of Louis and Kate Holyer, October 22; 127 Lombard street.
——, son of Charles and Lillie Bincher, October 28; 1442 Clinton street.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

L. A. Howard, 56 years, 2805½ Wash street; nephritis.
Conrad Hengel, 82 years, 1634 Texas avenue; diabetes.
Elizabeth Dorn, 29 years, 4 South Jefferson avenue; consumption.
William McLaren, 53 years, 1731 Howard street; cancer of throat.
William Runseke, 43 years, 2336 Maiden lane; hydrothorax.
Louise Hartmann, 15 years, 2208 Sullivan avenue; diphtheria.
Max Reudick, 3 years, 3317 North Ninth street; nephritis.
Charlotte Leip, 73 years, 2414 Second Carondelet avenue; paralysis.
Fred Haverschnitz, 25 years, 916 Buchanan street; bronchitis.
Annie M. Bernhardt, 44 years, 2011 South Second street; puerperal fever.
Willie Loos, 7 years, 1044 South Eighth street; diphtheria.
John Lienhard, 4 months, 211 Lombard street; kidney disease.
Clara Rinne, 4 years, 1946 North Eleventh street; diphtheria.
Louisa Kraentler, 30 years, 2138 Carr street; lung disease.
James B. Powers, 28 years, 4135 Green Lea place; typhoid fever.
Ella Jones, 17 years, 4012 Papin street; puerperal fever.
Delia Frans, 8 years, 1407 Franklin avenue; diphtheria.

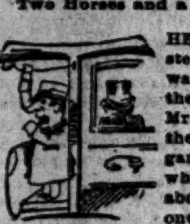
Snowing in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 2.—A special to the Star from Atchison says: "The rains of yesterday changed to snow on the western and central branch division of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. Advices from Solomon Valley announce a heavy fall there. At Beloit, Kan., snow was four inches deep.

BOUNCING THE BOB-TAIL.

A BILL TO ABOLISH THE ODIOUS ONE-HORSE CAR.

It Was Introduced in the House of Delegates Last Night—What the Bill Provides—Each Car Must Have a Conductor, Two Horses and a Rear Platform.



THE bob-tail must go! A step in the right direction was taken last night in the House of Delegates by Mr. Bogard, member from the Ninth Ward. Mr. Bogard introduced a bill which provides for the abolition of the odious one-horse, drop-a-nickle-in-the-slot street cars which for so long have been a nuisance and an inconvenience to every one except the companies running them.

The old antiquated method must go and St. Louis must keep up with the march of modern improvements in this direction as well as in others.

The practice of compelling a passenger, be it man, woman or child, to march up to the front door of a street-car and stick his hand through a window and remain standing until the driver of the car ties his reins to the brake, takes off his gloves and returns the change with 5 cents in it, must be abolished and the comfort of the riding public considered.

The bill of Mr. Bogard is calculated to work a radical change and do away with the old established nuisance.

The bill as presented to the House of Delegates last night reads:

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING STREET RAILROAD COMPANIES.

Be it ordained by the Municipal Assembly of the city of St. Louis as follows:

Sec. 1. On and after ninety days from the approval of this ordinance it shall be unlawful for any street railroad car to be operated in the city of St. Louis with less than two horses or two mules, and each car shall have two persons employed on the same, one as conductor and the other as driver, and each car shall have a rear platform so arranged that persons entering or leaving the car shall proceed at right angles to the direction of the track on which the car is operated.

Sec. 2. Every failure to observe this ordinance and every violation of the same, shall constitute a misdemeanor on the part of the corporation in fault, and also on the part of the President or chief officer, and each trip of each car, in violation of this ordinance, shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punishable on conviction by a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $500 for each offense.

It can be seen from a glance at the ordinance that although it is brief it strikes right at the root of the evil and will settle the matter completely.

A conductor must be provided. That will do away with much of the inconvenience, as the passengers will not be compelled to pass up fare for each other, or pass up money to have it changed, and then pass back the change minus the fare, or will not have to go through any of those very complicated operations incident to

A FIVE-CENT RIDE

on a very small uncomfortable street car with only a narrow step behind which deposits the passenger nine times out of ten right into the mud between the tracks.

Two horses or mules will be necessary under the new law. This will have the effect of forcing the companies into increasing the size and capacity of their cars, as the extra power of one animal will simply be wasted unless this is done, and, again, it will hardly pay to put a conductor on a small car, as the passengers it would be capable of carrying would not pay the wages of the conductor and driver both.

The ordinance further provides that each car must have a rear platform which will enable a passenger to enter and depart from the side of the car instead of behind, as they are now compelled to do on the bob-tails.

That the bill will meet with the approval of the public there is no doubt, but it is to be expected that the street car companies will make a hard fight against it.

It is, however, a well-known fact that all the cities of any considerable size in the United States have abolished the bob-tail, and find that it has paid in every way to adopt the double-ended cars and put conductors on them.

THE BEST MAN. Mrs. Frank Leslie tells who and which he is in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The dry goods firm of Bond & Cobb at Terrell, Tex., assigned yesterday.

The locomotive engineers refused to adopt articles of federation yesterday at the convention in Denver, Colo.

About one hundred coal miners went out on a strike at Vincennes, Ind., yesterday for an increase of 5 cents a ton.

The National Bank of Shelbyville, Tenn., failed yesterday for $50,000, but every cent due creditors will be paid.

The sensational reports sent out from Axtell, Kan., about the Catholics throwing a priest out of the church window are denied.

Oyster schooners and police boats had a battle on St. Clement's Bay near Bolleviere yesterday, and two men were injured.

John Plankington, the Milwaukee (Wis.) millionaire, was seized with a stroke of paralysis yesterday and will not recover.

Richard Devoll, a wealthy planter at Baton Rouge, La., died of hydrophobia yesterday from the effects of a puppy bite three weeks ago.

During a festival at Maxton, N. C., Bert Wilson, a negro, shot and killed Duncan and Roderick Chisholm, whose house he had entered and burglarized.

An attempt to wreck a passenger train was made at Clark's siding near Manton, Mich., yesterday, and though the train was derailed no one was seriously hurt.

The disappearance of the cashier of the Conshohocken (Pa.) Bank with $80,000 cash has thrown the bank into liquidation, and yesterday it closed its doors.

Mary Donegan, a servant girl at Cincinnati, O., was bitten by a tarantula hidden in a bunch of bananas yesterday, and her life was only saved by prompt action.

During the university hazing case trial at Madison, Wis., A. M. Long, a student, refused to testify or be sworn. An attempt will be made to punish him for contempt.

The latest from Harlan County Court-house, Ky., is that Judge Lewis and sixty armed men surrounded Willis Howard, killed six of his men and wounded twelve, and then drove them into Virginia.

IN COURT TO-DAY.

Judge Anderson Passes on a Number of Cases Brought Before Him.

Adolph W. Franz, a wholesale dealer in toys on North Fourth street, was in Second District Police Court this morning on a charge of damaging property, which consisted of cutting a guy rope that was used by the contractors on the foundation of the Boatmen's Bank building to support a derrick. Mr. Franz claimed that the rope extended across the sidewalk, and was obstructing the passage of pedestrians along the street, and was consequently detrimental to his business. He was fined $50, but took an appeal in the case.

Charles Nolan, an ex-member of the House of Delegates and a Union Labor politician, was before the court to-day on a charge of loitering. His case was continued until November 5.

George Tobin, aged 23 years, was arrested in the Third District this morning for driving off a horse and market wagon belonging to F. Ostoman of Compton avenue and Arsenal street. The wagon had been left standing at Broadway and Wash street. When arrested Tobin was driving on the bridge, apparently bound for East St. Louis. A warrant charging him with grand larceny will be asked for.

The Supposed Benders.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

OSWEGO, Kan., Nov., 2.—The supposed Benders have retained Hon. H. G. Webb and J. T. James as their counsel. Their preliminary examination has been postponed till the present.

STATE BANK OF ST. LOUIS

(Formerly the States Savings Association.)

Corner Third and Vine Streets.

CAPITAL......$650,000. SURPLUS.....$950,000.

CHARLES PARSONS, President.
JOHN T. DAVIS, (of Sam'l C. Davis & Co.) Vice-President.
JOHN H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.
LOGAN TOMPKINS, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

L. M. RUMSEY, President L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Co.
DANIEL CATLIN, President Catlin Tobacco Co.
A. F. SHAPLEIGH, President A. F. Shapleigh Hardware Co.
JOHN A. SCUDDER, President New Orleans Anchor Line.
JOSEPH FRANKLIN, Vice-President Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
CHARLES C. MAFFITT, President Iron Mountain Co.

☞ No interest allowed on deposits of any kind. Deposits received. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Letters of credit issued, available in any part of the world.

MATTHEWS & WHITAKER,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

121 North Third Street, St. Louis.

Buy and sell all local bonds and stocks and investment securities.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers, 307 Olive St.

We make a specialty of State, County, City and School Bonds and carry a full line of choice Bonds for investors.

RAILROAD STOCKS.

We are connected by private wire with Jones, Kennett & Hopkins of New York and Chicago and are prepared to execute orders for the purchase and sale of railroad stocks and bonds for cash, and we also carry the same on margins. Our facilities for obtaining quick and reliable information are unsurpassed.

GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, 307 OLIVE ST.

MONEY.

"BRADSTREET'S" REPORT.

The Week Reviewed in Financial and Other Business Lines and in Produce.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Special telegrams to *Bradstreet's* point to further moderate checks in the movement of general merchandise from first and second hands, but the bulk of interior jobbers' needs are thought to have been filled. Even now the volume of general trade is in excess of that one year ago, the total of October's bank clearings at fifty cities being the largest on record for one month. Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Boston and Philadelphia and New York each report moderate declines in the distribution in some lines. The drouth in Louisiana has hurt the sugar, and unfavorable weather in Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas and Missouri has some effect upon interior trade.

The mild fluctuations in the Chicago hog product market did not prevail here, pork leaving off steady and lard only 7½ points down. At Western centers hogs close lower, but cattle are steady for better grades.

Reduced calls for steam tonnage for the Black Sea and Mediterranean trade, especially for iron ore, as cabled from London, resulted in weakness in tonnage rates, which shows itself here. Sail rates, too, are unsettled.

Out of thirty cities with close money markets or slow mercantile collections on October 25, additional as was reported yesterday at New Orleans and improving collections at Toledo only. Those which showed a tendency to tighter money yesterday are San Francisco, Milwaukee, Cincinnati and Boston. At Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York money was actually closer, with call loans a point higher at Baltimore and Philadelphia, and up to 6@12 per cent at New York, against 6 per cent at the close a week ago. The drain on Chicago banks to the country has increased and receipts are not showing like gains. At New York funds are in short supply and the call loan market is feverish. This is partly due to November disbursement and is regarded as temporary. Railroad share speculation is quiescent in spite of supposed pending deals. The market at the close of the week was unsettled by an advance in money rates and vigorous bear attacks on the trust securities, which are exceedingly weak on unfavorable disclosures regarding the Cotton Oil trust. Bonds are active and generally strong. Foreign exchange is weak and declining—demand sterling, $4.84¼@4.85.

Steel is relatively more active and has advanced more in price than iron, foundry pig having gained about $3 this year from the lowest point reached and bessemer pig about $5. Steel rails are up fully $5@6 per ton from prices reached earlier this year. None of the steel mills are fully supplied with raw material. There is an apparent lull in foundry pig iron, with best grades firm at $18@18.50, a gain of 50c. Copper is firm at 11c for Lake and in more active demand. Higher rail rates for coal and iron tend to stiffen prices asked.

Prices of leading cereals have advanced, wheat being up 1@1¼c, Indian corn 2@2¼c and oats ¼@½c. Wheat receipts at primary markets are freer, but holders are firmer, and ocean steam freight weaker. The gain in price is in the face of decreased exports and renewed buying by London of Russian futures. There is a lighter interior and forward movement of corn, but a better home and foreign demand stimulated prices, while oats sympathized. Wheat flour did not change much in price. The exports of wheat (and flour as wheat) this week (six days ending yesterday) aggregate 1,598,352 bu, against 2,197,400 bu last week, and 1,342,814 bushels for the like week last year. Total exports from July 1 to date, or for one-third of the current cereal year, are 34,234,455 bu, against 40,240,000 bu in the like four months of 1888, and 57,608,000 bu in 1887. Foreign shipments are declining sharply, as they did one year ago at this time.

Raw sugar shows signs of weakness again on a pressure to sell, and refined has gone off ⅛ @⅛c easily. European crop advices favor holders, but others do not.

Coffee options have declined about 35@40 points on improved Brazilian crop reports. In distributing channels the movement is light at irregular prices.

Teas, for good qualities, are quite steady in price. Interior grades have sold off some.

The movement of Louisiana rice is sluggish and prices are weak.

Trade with dry goods jobbers at New York and Boston is quiet, but compares well with last year. Cotton goods are in active demand in agents' hands for spring delivery and are generally firm. Woolens are in light demand. Heavy weight goods have begun to move at a slight advance.

Interior wool markets are active and higher. At the seaboard manufacturers are showing a slightly renewed interest. The outlook for woolen goods is unchanged.

Cotton is ⅛c lower at New York on an equalization of spot prices with November quotations. Deliveries on October contracts at New York were larger than expected.

Business failures reported to *Bradstreet's* number 201 in the United States this week, against 190 last week and 220 this week last year. Canada had 35 this week, against 26 last week. The total number of failures in the United States from January 1 to date is 9,383, against 8,904 in 1888.

EDITOR BRADSTREET'S.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 11 a. m.—The stock market this morning was a continuation of that of yesterday, the two Trusts and Missouri Pacific monopolizing the attention, while all three were especially weak. The opening of the market was generally steady to firm, and the general list in the early trading presented a strong front, but the depression in the three leading stocks was soon felt in a drooping tendency, while the movements in the list were entirely without significance. Cotton Oil opened ¼c lower at 33c, and rapidly declined to 31c, at which point some support was met and it rallied to 32½. Lead opened unchanged at 19⅞ and declined 1 per cent, which was afterward regained, but Chicago Gas dropped 1½ to 52. Missouri Pacific opened ⅛c lower at 68⅛ and declined to 67½, rallying a small fraction. The trading in the trusts then became much smaller and the market declined to 51½. At 11 o'clock the market was quiet and rather heavy at the lowest prices for the general list.

Noon.—Money has been tight with no loans, but closed offered at 6 per cent. Bar silver, 94⅛. In the stock market after 11 o'clock there was again considerable increase in the amount of business done, which was accompanied by a general appreciation of values which, however, in few cases amounted to more than small fractions. Oregon Short Line displayed marked strength and rose 2 per cent to 54½. Sugar again scored 73, and Chicago Gas recovered 1½ per cent. Later the market reacted and finally closed active and weak, generally at a small fraction under the opening prices.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 2.—Mexican 4s, 65½@66; common, 15@15½; Allouez, 1@1½; Calumet, 224 @226; Huron, 1@2.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Consols closed at 96 15-16 for money and 97 for the account. A. & G. W. lsts, 35; Canadian Pacific, 70¾; Erie, 28¾; do 2ds, 107½; St. Paul common, 71¾; Reading, 21½; Mexican Central new 4s, 69.

The Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $8,000; loans, increase, $758,000; specie, increase, $547,200; legal tenders, decrease, $331,100; deposits, increase, $1,299,600; circulation, increase, $16,200. The banks now hold $1,120,475 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 2.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	31	31¼	31	31⅛
Canada Southern	55⅛			5⅞
Canadian Pacific	68½	68⅞	68⅛	68⅞
Central New Jersey	122⅛	122⅛	121⅝	122⅛
Central Pacific				
Chicago Gas Trust				
Chi., St. P., M. & O.				
Chi., St. P., M. & O. pfd				
Chi., R. I. & P.	97⅛	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛
C., B. & Q.	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	69⅛	69⅞	69⅛	69⅞
Chi., Mil. & St. P. pfd				
Chi. & N. W. com	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
Cotton Oil Trust	33	34	31	32⅛
Del., Lackawanna & Western	141⅛	141⅛	140⅞	141⅛
Delaware & Hudson				
Denver & Rio Grande				
East Tennessee com				
East Tennessee pfd				
Erie com	28⅞	28⅞	28⅛	28⅞
Erie pfd				
Erie 2d mortgage bonds				
Fort Worth & Denver	30⅞	32	30⅞	32
Hocking Valley	17			17
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
I., B. & W.				
Lake Shore	107⅛	107⅛	106⅞	106⅞
Louisville & Nashville	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛
Lead Trust	19⅞	20	19⅛	19⅞
Michigan Central	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
Missouri Pacific	68⅛	68⅛	67⅛	67⅛
M., K. & T.				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
New York & New England	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
New York Central	106⅛			106⅛
Norfolk & Western com				
Norfolk & Western pfd				
Northern Pacific, com	31⅛			31⅛
Northern Pacific, pfd	72⅞	73⅛	72⅞	72⅞
Ohio Southern				
Oregon & Trans	33	33⅛	33	33⅛
Or. Nav. & Trans				
Ohio & Miss	22⅛			22⅛
Pacific Mail				
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville				
Philadelphia & Reading	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
*Pullman Palace Car	185			185
Richmond Terminal	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
Sugar Trust	72⅛	73⅛	71⅞	72⅛
St. Paul & Duluth, com				
St. Paul & Duluth, pfd				
St. L. & S. F., com				
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd				
St. P., M. & M.	116			116
Tennessee Coal & Iron	60	60⅛	60	60
Texas & Pacific	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
Union Pacific	67⅛	67⅛	67	67⅛
W., St. L. & P.	16⅛	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛
W., St. L. & P., pfd	31	31⅛	30⅞	31
Western Union Tel. Co.	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
West Shore Bonds	105⅛			105⅛

*Ex-div.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, banker and broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
4½ ℔ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	105⅛	106
4 ℔ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	127	127⅛

RAILWAY BONDS.

	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov.	112	113
Mo. Pac. 3d	1895	May and Nov.	117	120
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	117	117
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	116	117
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	111	112
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	116	117
K. P. consols	1919	May and Nov.	116	117
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	106½	107

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec.	101½	102½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	102	104
City 4s sterling 20s	1898	June and Dec.	104	106
City 5s sterling 10-20s	1900	June and Dec.	101	102
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	108	110
City 6s, gold	1892-93	Various	105⅛	106⅛
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec.	114	116
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec.	115	117
City 6s, water	1892	April and Oct.	105	106
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec.	105	106⅛
County 6s, gold	1895-95	Jan. and July	109	110
County Park	1905	April and Oct.	124	126

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$2,959,528
Balances	289,246

Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Son, Stock, Bond and Exchange Brokers, 318 North Third street.

New York	65c dis
Philadelphia	65c dis
Boston	85c dis
Chicago	40c dis
Cincinnati	25c dis
Louisville	25c dis
New Orleans	50c dis

COMMERCIAL.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Nov.	77⅛ b	....	....	77 b
Dec.	78⅛@⅛ a	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛@⅛
Year	77⅛a			76⅞ b
Jan.	79⅛ b	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛ b
Mch.	81	81	81	81 b
May.	83⅛	83⅛	83	83@⅛ b
CORN.				
Nov.	29	....	....	28⅛ a
Dec.	28⅛ a	28	28	28
Year	28⅛ a			28
Jan.	28 b	28	28	27⅞@28 b
Feb.	28⅛ b	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛ b
May.	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
OATS.				
Jan.		....	....	....
May.	22 a	22	22	22 a

CHICAGO:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	80⅛	80	79⅛	79⅛@⅛
May	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛ a
CORN.				
Dec	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛@⅛	31⅛
May	33⅛@⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛@⅛
OATS.				
May	21⅛	22	21⅞	22
PORK.				
Nov.	9.40	9.40	9.12	9.25
Jan.	9.25	9.22	9.12	9.17@20
LARD.				
Nov.	5.95	5.95	5.95	5.95
Jan.	5.85@87	5.87	5 82	5.85
SHORT RIBS.				
Nov.	4.92	5.05	4.92	5.02@05
Jan.	4.70@72	4.72	4.67	4.70

NEW YORK—Wheat—November, 82⅛c b; December, 83⅛c b; January, 85c a; May, 89⅛c. Corn—November, 41⅛c b; December, 41c b; January, 41⅛c; May, 42c a. Oats—November, 26⅛c; December, 26⅛c a; January, 26⅛c b; May, 27⅛c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—December, 81⅛c; May, 86c a.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	57,082	51,965	17,880	47,482
Milwaukee	29,250	3,240	......	100
Baltimore	42,500	40,611	......	97,072
Toledo	15,769	3,122	......	3,070
New York	91,000	31,400	25,500	112,510
Chicago	112,012	127,440	46,958	181,020
Detroit	16,875	501	4,264	......
Duluth	159,052	......	74,820	......
Minneapolis	303,180	......	62,320	......
Philadelphia	17,142	11,021	8,234	8,799

Chicago Letter.

Telegraphed the Redmond Cleary Commission Co.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Continued liberal receipts, no export clearances and lower cables, depressed wheat to-day. Another large increase in the visible is probable. We see nothing to buy wheat on yet. Receipts in the Northwest continue good.

SCHWARTZ, DUPEE & CO.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
T'd	1,773,102	67,698	328,028	59,883	53,150
Yes	1,862,872	107,762	387,109	61,578	61,474
'88	4,080,748	217,456	905,791	142,918	59,736
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
T'd	1,270,058	11,330	91,329	44,261	.....
Yes	1,360,241	108,308	92,511	44,289	.....
'88	976,810	70,347	174,809	110,778	.....

Exchange Items.

Clearing and colder weather is looked for.

Future trading in grain is still conducted on "new" and "old styles."

United Kingdom movement of wheat and flour during the eight weeks ended October 26, 1889, as compared with the corresponding period of 1888 was as follows:

	1889. Bushels.	1888. Bushels.
Farmers' deliveries	13,854,000	9,866,000
Imports	23,312,000	26,817,000
	37,166,000	36,683,000
Consumption	32,640,000	32,640,000
	4,526,000	4,043,000
Increase on passage	2,664,000	352,000
Net increase	7,190,000	3,895,000

The increase in wheat on passage to the Continent for the four weeks was 1,056,000 bu, and in the United States visible supply 6,854,000 bu, against a decrease of 528,000 bu in wheat bound for the Continent, and an increase of 1,967,000 bu in the visible for same period last year. This means a total increase of 14,500,000 bu in October this year, against 7,834,000 bu increase for same month last year.

New York to Green: "Cables wheat and corn dull and rather easier." To Small: "Liverpool wheat dull and shade lower." To Francis: "London and Liverpool wheat little doing, and the turn in buyers' favor." "Some demand here, and three loads red, part for Continent, taken. At Baltimore, 4½ loads red, partly for Liverpool."

Advices recently received from South Australia state that seasonable rain has been followed by genial weather, and the crops could hardly be looking better. There is every reason to expect that the outcome will prove favorable and that a large quantity of wheat will be available for export in January.

Clearances for week from four Atlantic ports were 264,300 bbls and sacks flour, 269,850 bu wheat, 1,527,900 bu corn.

The following notice was posted on the board, showing the stocks of grain in store: "Commencing November 1 the stock of grain will be furnished by the United Elevator Co. and will represent outstanding receipts. Heretofore the stocks have represented the actual grain in elevators as compiled from supervisors' reports. The Elevator Co. deduct from the stock each day all receipts that are filed for shipment, regardless of whether the grain is delivered that day or not." This explains the large decrease in the stock of corn yesterday.

Receipts of wheat at primary points for week, 5,863,000 bu, against 5,401,000 bu the preceeding week; shipments, 2,425,000 bu, against 2,344,000 bu the week before. The excess of receipts over shipments this week is 379,000 bu larger than last week, when the visible increased 2,455,000 bu.

There will be no sessions of the Chicago & Toledo Boards of trade next Tuesday, owing to elections then held.

Private wire to Ewald: "The visible supply of wheat, 9,000,000 less than last year, but Northwest reports make stocks in country elevators 4,000,000 more than last year."

The D. P. Grier Grain Co. review the grain markets as follows: The price of wheat has ruled very steady this week, but closes with a general feeling that we shall see higher prices in the near future. The bear element have been very aggressive and have insisted that prices could not be held up under the enormous receipts of spring wheat in the Northwest. These receipts have been very large, but somehow they are rapidly absorbed. Minnesota and Dakota have already marketed fully 40,000,000 bu of the new crop, and they will have to retain not less than 20,000,000 for bread and seed, thus leaving about 15,000,000 to sell, which will hardly supply the Minneapolis mills until another crop is marketed next September. The receipts of winter wheat do not increase here, but are steadily falling off, and this week are not large enough to supply the milling demand. It looks to-day as if our stocks this week would show a decrease of from 100,000 to 200,000 bu, and as our stock is about 2,500,000 less than last year, if this decrease should continue we would have no wheat in our elevators on the 1st of January, 1890. The final outcome therefore depends on the amount held back in the hands of the producers. Some claim that this is large. We have taken pains to ascertain as near as we can the facts. Our information is that in some counties in Illinois the larger proportion of wheat is still held by the producers and in country elevators, while the great majority of the winter wheat belt in Illinois report no more back than is usually held at this time of the year. With scarcely an exception Missouri reports no more and in several counties considerably less. Taking all these facts into consideration we cannot help but believe that the time is not far distant when prices will rule considerably higher. The bears will undoubtedly continue to raid the market, and may succeed in reducing the price temporarily, but the price of wheat will probably act like Banquo's ghost, and refuse to stay down. Corn has advanced since our last letter about 1c per bu, caused in the first place by a general feeling that the price was too low, and in the second place by general rains throughout the corn belt which, if it should continue, would retard the movement of the new crop. Kansas and Nebraska, prior to the late advance, had commenced to sell corn freely for December and January shipment, but the advance has to a great extent stopped them from selling. We can see nothing in the situation that will cause higher prices, but are of the opinion that with clear cool weather they will drop back to the low prices prevailing last week and that the country will continue to sell liberally for December and January shipment.

The stock of flour in this market on November 1 was 70,410 bbls, against 62,330 bbls one month ago and 96,600 bbls one year ago. Inspections last month were 70,696 bbls, of which 68,411 bbls were ungraded.

The closing of the May option with comparisons is given below. For same week last year wheat showed 5⅛c decline, corn was ⅛c higher and oats ⅛c lower.

Below will be found a comparison of prices for the principal speculative options:

	Nov. 2, '89.	Oct. 26, '89.	Nov. 3, '88.
ST. LOUIS:			
Dec. Wheat	83⅛	82⅛@⅛ a	$1.17⅛
May Corn	30⅛	30⅛ a	35⅛
May Oats	22 a	21⅛ a	28⅛
CHICAGO:			
Dec. Wheat	83⅛ a	84@⅛	$1.14
May Corn	33⅛@⅛	33⅛@⅛	39
May Oats	22	21⅛	28⅛

St. Louis Markets.

REGULAR SESSION, CLOSING 1:15 P. M.

Wheat didn't have a single bull influence on hand this morning. The cables were dull, and where they were not lower they were easier or in buyers' favor. Receipts kept up well. The Northwest was still feeding Minneapolis and Duluth, 745 cars arriving to-day, which exceeded last Saturday by over 90 cars, and the talk from that section was still of increasing supplies in country elevators, of a scarcity of cars alone restricting the movement and that farmers were free sellers. The Northwest is undoubtedly heavily short and pulling every string to depress prices. A large increase in the visible was confidently looked for also. In all there was enough to cause a very weak feeling and a decline from 83⅛c to 83c for May. Subsequently there was only the recovery and the close was a 83@⅛c, or ⅛@⅛c below yesterday. "Old Style" May sold at 83⅛c to 82⅞c and offered late at 83c. December sold at 78⅛c to 78⅛c for new, closing at 78⅛@⅛c bid, and at 78⅛c to 78c for old, with sellers late at 78c. Spot grades were lower and the demand was rather slack. No. 2 red new sold regular at 76⅛c and in U. at 77⅛c, and old offered at 76⅛c, bid 76⅛c. No. 2 red new sold at 74c this and 74⅛c E. side, and for old 73⅛c bid this and 74c for E. side. No. 4 old and new, 69c bid. 2 Turkey offered at 69c, 68c bid E. side.

Corn was easy on predictions of cold clearing weather and weak markets elsewhere and the close was weak at ⅛c decline. Sales were at 28c for December and January, 28⅛c for February and 30⅛c for May and—the at le; No one seemed to care whether it was the style of fall fashions of '89 or winter and spring of '89 and '90. Spot grades were higher, but the demand moderate. No. 2 new sold at 29⅛c regular and E side, 29⅛@30⅛c in St. L., 30⅛c in C.; for old, 29⅛c bid for St. L., C., M. and U. No. 2 white old sold in U. at 30c and for St. L. 31⅛c bid. No. 2 white new sold E. side at 28⅛c and for old in St. L. 30c bid. No. 3 new sold in U. at 27⅛c. No. 4 sold in St. Louis, 28⅛c bid. No grade old sold this side at 26c.

Oats were dull and weak for May, which had sellers at 22c, and very little traded in. Spot grades were firm but very little selling, so small were the offerings and so small the demand. No. 2 old sold in St. L. at 18c, and for new 18c bid regular, 18⅛c for St. L. No. 3 old in St. L. had 17c bid.

Rye steady and wanted for shipment. Grade No. 2 sold at 38c for old in St. L. and 38⅛c for new this side, with 38⅛c bid for E. side. No. 3 salable at 35⅛c regular for either new or old. No grade sold in C. at 30c.

Flour was very quiet, the decline in wheat causing most buyers to hold off, but no change in prices. We quote: XXX, $2.20@2.35; family, $2.50@2.65; choice, $2.70@2.80; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra fancy, $3.70@3.80; patents, $4.10@4.25. Prices for lots at depot and on levee this side.

Cornmeal at $1.65@1.70, and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $2.40@2.50.

Rye flour steady at $2.80@2.85 per bbl delivered.

Bran—Fairly active and steady. Sales: In bulk—5 cars at E. side points at 35@34c; 4 on East tracks at 36@36⅛c. Sacked—3 cars at E. side points and 1,000 sks f. o. b. mill tracks at 43c; 2 cars f. o. b. E. tracks at 44⅛c. On orders delivered by dealers small lots sold at 46@48c.

Hay—The new law compelling receivers of hay to get all their receipts off the tracks within forty-eight hours after arrival or pay $1 per day track demurrage, had a dampening effect on the market, and the movement was the smallest for a long time past, and the feeling weak. Sales ranged on west track—Prairie, prime, $7.00@7.50; choice to fancy, $8.00@8.25. Timothy, prime to strictly prime, $10@10.50; choice to strictly choice, $11@11.50; fancy, $12@12.50; gilt-edge, $13.

Provisions were strong for bacon and meats and the former was higher, as it was scarce, but pork and lard declined. Cured dry salt c'ribs, 70c average, sold to arrive at 5⅛c c. and f. here. Loose shipping age dry salt sold f. o. b. for cash; shoulders, 4⅛c; longs and c'ribs, 5.50c; shorts, 5.70c; boxed shoulders, 4⅛c; longs and c'ribs, 5⅛c; shorts, 5⅛c. Packed bacon—Shoulders, 5c; longs 6.20@6⅛c; c'ribs, 6.70@6⅛c; shorts, 6⅛@6⅛c. Standard mess pork at $11.25. Prime steam lard salable at 5⅛c; fancy leaf, 7c; second brand, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 11⅛@12⅛c; breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Beef—Family, $6.50@10 per bbl on orders higher; ...; ...; dried, 9@10c; selected, 13⅛ per lb; tongues, $4@5 per doz. Salt—Domestic, 85@90c per bbl on E., 90@95 on this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 per 1-lb sack; ... way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.0 ... In St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, $1.08 in Peoria.

Lard steady, with buyers at $3.60 for refined and common offered at that. Spelter worth $4.75.

Afternoon Curb.

Wheat—May, 83@⅛c; puts 82⅞@⅛@82⅞c and call 83⅛c. Chicago—December, 79⅛c. May 83⅛@⅛c.

Cotton.

To-day the Liverpool market was steady for spot, with a fair demand; opened quiet and steady for futures and closed firm. The New York market was quiet and 1-16c lower for spot; opened firm for futures and closed steady. The local market was firm, advancing 1-16c, with a fair movement.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7⅛c; ordinary, 8c; good ordinary, 8⅛c; low middling, 9⅛c; middling, 9⅛c; good middling, 9⅛c; middling fair, 10⅛c; fair, 10⅛c; stained ⅛c lower than white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts, 3,778 bales; since September 1, 1889, 90,136 bales, against 127,320 bales same time last season; shipments to-day, 2,915 bales; since September 1, 1889, 68,636 bales, against 100,870 bales same time last season; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 22,015 bales, against 30,360 bales same time last year.

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 12,895 bales. Spot firm at 9 9-16c. Futures closed very steady; November, 9.53c; December, 9.56c; January, 9.61c; February, 9.66c; March, 9.72c; April, 9.80c.

MEMPHIS—Receipts, 2,028 bales. Market steady; 9 9-16c.

GALVESTON—Receipts, 9,195 bales. Market steady at 9 7-16c.

CHARLESTON—Receipts, 3,906 bales; firm at 9⅛c.

WILMINGTON—Receipts, 1,550 bales; middling firm at 9⅛c.

BALTIMORE—Receipts, 2552 bales; middling nominal at 1⅛c.

BOSTON—Receipts, 131 bales; middling quiet, 10⅛@10⅛c.

PHILADELPHIA—Receipts, none; middling quiet, 10⅛c.

MOBILE—Receipts, 1,953 bales; middling firm, 9 7-16c.

SAVANNAH—Receipts, 3,276 bales; middling firm 9⅛c.

NEW YORK—Middlings, 10 5-16c.

	Closed Yesterday	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
November	10.00	10.06	10.02	10.05
December	10.04	10.10	10.06	10.09
January	10.02	10.10	10.05	10.08
February	10.09	10.18	10.14	10.16
March	10.18	10.25	10.22	10.24
April	10.24	10.34	10.29	10.31
May	10.32	10.40	10.37	10.40
June	10.39	10.47	10.44	10.47
July	10.45	10.52	10.50	10.52
August	10.57	10.57	10.56	10.57
	Steady.			Steady.

LIVERPOOL—American spot, 5 11-16d.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
November	5.37	5.37
November and December	5.34	5.35
December and January	5.34	5.35
January and February	5.34	5.35
February and March	5.34	5.35
March and April	5.34	5.36
April and May	5.36	5.37
May and June	5.38	5 39
	Steady.	Firm.

Coffee Market.

As reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.:

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1889.

	1st call.	2d call.	3d call.
November	14.35 b	14.40	14.70
December	14.55 b	14.65	14.75
January	14.50 b	14.60	14.70
February	14.60 b	14.65	14.70
March	14.65 b	14.70	14.85
April	14.65 b	none	14.80@85

Fair coffee in New York, 19c.

Mail-Pouch coffee in St. Louis, 23⅛c.

Exchange market advanced from 20 to 30 points, showing strong market. Holiday in Havre to-day, hence no cable. Spot market is quiet, but with more demand. Matthews, the leading bear, now seems to be turning bull and quotes higher market for Rio and Santos.

RIO, Nov. 2.—Prices and exchange unchanged. Receipts for two days 6,000. Clearances for United States, 6,000. Clearances for Europe, none. Stock, 343,000; market steady. Santos receipts for two days, 7,000.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Range at $1.25@1.75 for common to fair and $2@2.25 for choice and fancy per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried apples, 3⅛@3⅛c; evaporated quarters and sliced, 4⅛@5⅛c; rings, 6⅛@7⅛c; sun-dried peaches, 2@2⅛c per lb.

ONIONS—Good to choice at 40@50 per bu and $1.25@1.35 per bbl.

POTATOES—Sales at 18@25c per bu.

BUTTER—Receipts, 38,950 lbs; steady and quiet. We quote. Creamery—Choice, 20@22c; to fancy, 23c. Dairy—Choice to fancy, 16@17c to 18c; low medium, 10@14c; near-by make in pail, 7@10c.

EGGS—Receipts, 759 pkgs. Steady at 16⅛@17c per doz for guaranteed fresh.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full creams, 10@10⅛c for twins, 10@10⅛ for singles; Young America, 10⅛@10⅛c; skims, 3@7c.

LIVE POULTRY—Spring chickens, 6@6⅛c ℔ lb; old hens, 6⅛c, and roosters, 3c; turkeys, 7@8c; ducks at 6@7c; pigeons, 75c ℔ doz.

GAME—Quail, $1.25@1.60; grouse, $4.25@4.50; pheasant, $5 ℔ doz; deer, 8@9c ℔ lb for carcasses and 12@13c for saddles; snipe, $1; wood and mixed duck, $1.50; teal, $1.75; mallard, $3; woodcock, $5; wild turkey, 7@8c ℔ lb; rabbits, $1, and jack rabbits, $2 ℔ doz.

VEAL—Choice fat quotable at 4⅛@5c; poor and heretic, 2⅛@3⅛c per lb.

COOPER-STUFF—Shaved hoops, slack work flour bbls, country shaved, $4.00@5.00; cooper shaved, $5.50@6; half bbls, $3@3.50; patent hoops, 6.50@6.75; tight stuff—pork bbls, $8 for oak, $9 for hickory; lard tcs—oak $11; hickory $13. Staves—Flour bbl, No. 1, $5.75; pork bbls, $18@19; lard tcs, $23@24; flour bbl culls, $3.50@4; beer keg, $18@20; flour bbl headings, 4⅛@4⅛c per set.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—Wrought, 60c; heavy cast, 50c; plow, 40c; stove plate, 40c; malleable and burnt, 20c; heavy brass, 7c; light brass, 6c; copper, 7c; lead, 3c; zinc, 2⅛c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 22c for choice.

FEATHERS—Steady; prime live geese at 42@43c, top rates for small sks; prime gray at 35@37c; mixed, old, etc., at 15@35c; chicken (dry picked) at 4@5c; duck, 20@30c; tare, 3@10 per cent.

DEER SKINS—Quiet and unchanged; prime flint, 35c; green, 18c; salted, damage ⅛, etc., half price; antelope, 20c; goat at 10@25c each.

HIDES—Easy; green salted No. 1, 4⅛c; No. 2, 3⅛c; bulls, 3⅛c; uncured Southern ticky, ⅛@1c less; "pepper boxes" or badly grubby, 1⅛c. Dry flint: No. 1 at 9c; No. 2 at 6c; skins weighing less than 10 lbs and bulls at 5c. Dry salted at 6⅛c for 1 and 5c for No. 2; glues at 1⅛c for green and 3c for dry. The ordinary run of dry flint sell round at 6c; green salted, 3⅛@4⅛c per lb.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.55@2.60—large dry, more; seneca, 29@30c—loppy less; snake, 23c; blood, 3c; May apple, 3@3⅛c; golden seal, 22c; angelica, 5⅛c; pink, 17c; black, 5c, wahoo root bark, 10c; blue flag, 5c; bit or sweet bark, 6c.

MOSS—Rough; Gray, 1⅛@2c; brown, 2@2⅛c; brown, mixed with black, 2⅛@3c; black, 3@3⅛c.

NUTS—Pecans: Western, 4c; Territory, 4⅛c; Texas, 4⅛@6c. Peanuts—Red, 2⅛@3⅛c, white, 4@5c per lb. Hickorynuts—Shellbark, 75c; large, 50c. Walnuts, 40c. Hazelnuts, 1⅛@2c.

WOOL—Receipts, 46,049 lbs. Market quiet and steady. Quotations:

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright, medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	24 @24½	19@22	16@18
Kansas and Nebraska	21 @22	15@17	11@13
Texas and I. T., 8 to 12 mo.	23 @23½	18@21	15@17
Ind. Ty., 4 to 6 mo	19 @20	14@15	11@13
Colo., New Mex., etc	20 @21	16@19	13@15
Mont., Wyo., etc.	21 @22	18@21	15@17

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE. Light.	FINE. Heavy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc.	21 @22	18 @19
Kansas and Nebraska	17 @20	15 @18
Texas and Indian 8 to 12 mo	20 @22	16 @18
Territory 4 to 6 mo	16 @18	13 @14
Colo., New Mex., etc	18 @19	15 @16
Montana, Wyoming, etc	19 @20	15 @18

Tub—Choice, 35c; inferior at 30@33c. Sacks—10@20c. Tare, 2⅛@3⅛c per lb. Burry, cotted, etc.—slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 4@6c off; hard at 10c per lb for Southern to 16c for Missouri; black, 2@5c off.

BROOMCORN—Easy and quiet at 2@2⅛c for poor, to 3@3⅛ for choice—fancy hurl more.

POPCORN—Quotable at 1@1⅛c per lb.

SHEEPSKINS—Large green, 80c; current kill and lambs, 40@60c; shearlings, 20@30c; dry pelts, 10@15c less; shearlings, 5@20c.

TALLOW—Good to prime in oil bbls, 4⅛@4⅛c; in irregular pkgs, ⅛c less; No. 2, 3⅛@3⅛c per lb.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Wheat—Receipts, 91,000 bu; sales, 1,360 bu; weak at ⅛@⅛c lower; quiet; December, 83⅛@84c; January, 85c; May, 89⅛@89⅛c. Barley inactive; State, 65c; Western, 55@58c; Canadian, 68@68c. Corn—Receipts, 31,400 bu; sales, 112,000 bu; stronger, quiet; mixed Western, 40@42⅛c. Oats—Receipts, 61,800 bu; sales, 10,000 bu; quiet and steady; Western, 24@34c. Beef strong; plate, $7.7 @8.25; extra mess, $7. Pork quiet and unchanged; new mess, $11.75@12.50; prime, $10@10.25. Lard quiet and easy; steam rendered, 6.70@6.75c. Butter—Receipts, 3,135 pkgs; choice, firm; other grades easy; Western dairy, 9@16c; Elgins, 24@25c; Western creamery, 12@24c; creamery, 10@18c. Cheese—Receipts, 5,604 pkgs; quiet, steady; State, 9⅛@10⅛ fancy, 10⅛@10⅛c; Western, 7⅛@10c; skims, 2@8⅛c. Eggs—Receipts, 6,559 pkgs; firm; moderate demand; Western, 23@24c. Sugar—Raw, dull; fair refining, 4⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test, 5⅛c; refined, quiet; powdered, 7⅛c; granulated, 7⅛c; crushed, 7⅛c. Coffee—Rio, quiet; fair cargoes, 19c; options, steady. Spirits turpentine, 48⅛@49⅛c; quiet, steady. Molasses nominal.

1:15 p. m. close—Wheat steady; November, 78⅛c; December, 79⅛c. Corn lower; November, 31⅛c; December, 31⅛c; May, 33⅛c. Oats steady; November, 18⅛c; December, 18⅛c; May, 22c. Rye—November, 42c. Barley—November, 56. Prime timothy, $1.16. Flax—Cash, $1.26; May, $1.37⅛. Whisky, $1.02. Pork steady; November, $9.25; January, $9.17⅛@9.20. Lard steady; November, 5.95c; January, 5.85c. November short ribs, $5.05. Butter and eggs steady.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, in fair demand at 89⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 84⅛c; winter wheat, No. 2 red, 83c. Corn—No. 2, in store, 38⅛c. Receipts—Wheat, 147,000 bu; corn, 100,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 130,000 bu; corn, 60,000 bu.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 80⅛c; No. 2 red, cash and November, 80c; December, 81⅛c asked; May, 86⅛c asked. Corn—No. 2 cash, 34c; November, 33⅛c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 22⅛c; No. 2 white, 23⅛c; December, 23⅛c. Receipts—Wheat, 10,200 bu; corn, 400 bu; oats, 10,000 bu.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 2.—Flour steady. Wheat quiet at 79c. Corn firmer at 35@37⅛c. Oats firmer at 22c. Rye steady at 45⅛c. Provisions steady and unchanged; pork, $10.75; lard, 6 12⅛c. Bulk meats and bacon steady. Whisky firm; sales, 1,447 barrels.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 2.—Wheat quiet; cash and December, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 80⅛c. Corn firm; No. 3, 30c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 22c. Rye quiet; No. 1, 44c. Barley firmer; No. 2 in store, 56⅛c.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 2.—Wheat—Cash, 80⅛c; December, 81⅛; May, 86c. Corn steady; cash, 34⅛c; May, 37c asked. Oats quiet; cash, 20⅛c; May, 23⅛c. Clover seed easy; cash and November, $3.50; December, $3.50; January, $3.60.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 2.—Petroleum is moderately active, but lacks strength. The market opened at 105⅛, touched 105⅛ and then declined to 105⅛ at the close.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 2.—Petroleum easy; S. W. 110, 7⅛c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 2.—Turpentine, 45⅛c; firm.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2, 2 p. m., Close.—Pork holders offer moderately; prime mess Eastern, 56s 6d, easy; do Western 44s 6d, steady. Lard—Holders offer moderately; spot, 34s, dull; November, 30s 9d, dull; December and January, 32s 6d, dull. Wheat—Holders offer moderately; new No. 2 winter, 7s 9⅛d, steady; do spring, 7s 1d, steady. Flour—Holders offer moderately, 10s 3d, steady. Corn—Holders offer moderately, while the supply of spot is in excess of the demand; spot, 4s 3d, steady; November, 4s 1d, steady; December, 4s 2d, steady; January, 4s 1d, steady.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	868	1,488	1,830	247
Shipments	357	.....	.....	750

CATTLE—There was not enough of a supply to make a market. The attendance of buyers was not very large and the demand comparatively light and altogether for good fat range cattle and native steers. Transfers were few and far between, and are not worth mention. Common stock dull.

Choice steers, $4.15@4.50; good native steers, $3.75@4; fair to medium steers, $3@3.50; grass steers, $2.25@3; stockers and feeders, $1.50@2.25; corn-fed Texan steers, $2.50@3; grass Texan steers, $2@2.50; cows and heifers, $1.35@2.25; bulls, $1.40@2.75; veal calves, $4@6.50 per head.

HOGS—This being the closing day of the week did not affect the demand in the least, buyers being as willing to operate as for any day of the past three or four, and the moderate supply sold promptly at strong prices, the range being from $3.80@4, with the bulk of sales going at $3.95 per 100 lbs. The demand far exceeded the supply. Yorkers, $3.90@4; packing, $3.75@3.85; butchers, $3.90@4; skips and culls, $3.25@3.50.

Representative sales:

105	203	4 00	49	187	4 00
58	194	4 00	61	263	3 90
25	180	4 00	64	272	3 90
64	189	4 00	77	192	3 95
60	245	3 87½	71	166	3 95
58	236	3 90	74	218	3 95
22	285	3 80	81	225	3 80
41	278	4 00	71	214	3 95
19	267	3 90	56	234	3 95
19	332	3 80	119	1 6	4 00

SHEEP—Good and prime muttons continue in active request, and are scarce. Offerings of common and thin sheep light, and inquiry limited. Prices range in extremes from $2.75 to $4.75 per 100 lbs. Lambs, $3.75@5.50 per 100 lbs.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Extra draft, 5 to 7 years	$140@175
Good draft, 5 to 7 years	110@135
Extra drivers, 5 to 7 years	140@200
Good drivers, 5 to 7 years	11 @130
Saddlers, extra	140@165
Saddlers, good	110@130
Streeters, 5 to 7 years	90@115
Plugs	20@ 40

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years	75@ 85
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	85@ 95
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	95@100
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years	10 @115
15½ hands, extra	130@140
16 to 16½ hands, extra	150@175

Live Stock by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,400 head; shipments, 3,100 head; market slow; native beeves, $3.25@3.62½; cows, $1.80@3.15; stockers and feeders $2.15@3 00; Texans, $1.30@3.15. Hogs—Receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 1,100 head; 5c higher; good to choice light, $3.9 @4; heavy and mixed, $3.75@3.85. Sheep—Receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 900 head; market strong; good to choice muttons, $3.60@4.60; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.25.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 12,500 head; market slow and easier than opened; light, $3.80@4.15; rough packing, $3.70@3.75; mixed, $3.80@85; heavy packing and shipping, $3.80@4.10. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; market dull; beeves and stockers, $2.85@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2@2.75; cows, bulls and mixed, $1@2.60; Western rangers and Texans, $1.40@3.50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; market steady; natives, $3@4.90; Westerns, $3.50@4.27½; Texans, $3.50@4; lambs, $4.25@5.55.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Cattle unchanged; receipts, 116 loads through, 10 sale. Hogs fairly active; receipts 20 loads through, 30 sale. Yorkers, $4.05@4.15; pigs, mediums and heavy, $4@4.15; pigs, $4@4.05; roughs, $3.25@3.50.

THE STOCK BROKERS.

Private Wire Telegrams to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

From New York, 9 a. m.: Fourteen of the city banks, principally engaged in business with the interior, show a loss in currency this week of $513,000. The shipments going West and Southwest are of about equal amount. The Corn Exchange Bank received about $500,000 from Chicago for the account of the Rock Island dividend, and interest on Southwestern securities.

There was quite an informal meeting of Wall street people connected with Cotton Oil property at the Windsor last evening, including Thomas, Flagler and several bankers and capitalists. They were all rich men and seemed to take their loss with a great deal of composure, and they were joking each other about the deal of yesterday.

The prominent bears, including Cammack, did not come to the Windsor last evening, and some traders thought this meant that they probably intended to buy in in a batch of their shorts in a quiet way to-day, but there is no apparent reason for any such theory.

* * *

From Chicago, 10 a. m.—The Rock Island earnings for October increased approximately $33,500.

From New York, 10:45 a. m.—The bank statement shows reserves, decrease, $8,800; loans, increase; $758,200; specie, increase, $547,200; legals, decrease, $331,100; deposits, increase, $1,299,600; circulation, increase, $16,200.

* * *

From Chicago, 11 a. m.: Chairman Walker returned from New York to-day. He says: "The Interstate Association is all right, and will continue as heretofore." The railroad outlook in the West he regards as very good.

* * *

From New York, from the *Financial Chronicle*: The banks' loss to the interior is $541,000; lost to Sub-Treasury, $140,000; total loss, $1,941,000.

* * *

From New York: Eighty-three roads for the third week of October gained in gross earnings $766,565, equal to 12.34 per cent.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. today:

Name.	Residence.
Edward A. Carrell	414 Market st
Catharine E. Hayine	Sparta, Wis
James Johnson	1305 Linden st
Ida Kane	1305 Linden st
Peter Schiff	3411 S. Jefferson av
Ida Kopp	3020 Benedict st
Richard Weisenborn	3823 N. 22d st
Wilhelmina C. Schaperkoetter	3333 N. 22d st
William O. Daniel	Truxton, Mo
Katie J. Johnson	Marion County, Io
Robert Taylor	1506 Franklin av
Carrie Ritter	1711 Franklin av
Edward Kerner	7102 Minnesota av
Annie Frank	7102 Minnesota av
Louis A. Mason	3116 N. Market st
Agnes M. Green	2626 Wash st
Jacob Kraisert	2303 Chouteau av
Eugenia Huck	2609 Montgomery st

PURE 18KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.

Wedding invitations executed, lowest prices.

Lovely goods for Wedding Gifts, lowest prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. today:

Edward F. Dickson and wife to Elizabeth Voniker, 33 ft. on Walnut st., city block 1712	6,500
James D. [illegible] and wife to James Lacy, 30 ft. on Papin st.	300
James Ferguson to John Exler, 50 ft. on New Manchester road, city block 3974	1,700
Jane G. Van Sickle and trustee to Thomas Howard, 50 ft. on Bell av., city block 2513	3,000
George Shields et al. to John M. Wagaman, 50 ft. on Bingham av.	375

BUFFALO BILL tells what he thinks of Paris and the French in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE FIRST OFFENDER.

JOHN C. DUST REPORTED FOR VIOLATING THE NEWBERRY BILL.

Ten Pins Were Played in the Alley Back of His Saloon at 11 O'Clock Last Night—Information Will Be Filed Against Him—How the Law Works—Saloonkeepers Yielding to It.

JOHN C. DUST, who keeps a saloon at No. 2800 Gravois road, has the distinguished honor of being the first man in St. Louis to be reported for violating the Newberry law. He has a ten-pin alley in the rear of his saloon and last night about 11 o'clock this alley was in full blast. The Fifth District police reported the case to the Chief of Police, who will file information against him to-day. Other violations of the law are expected to be reported to-day.

"We will certainly file information against Dust," remarked Chief Huebler this morning, "as he had been duly notified that the law went into effect yesterday. When I said we would not report violations of the law committed yesterday I meant violations committed by saloon keepers who had not been notified, as all of them were not

NOTIFIED THURSDAY NIGHT.

Those who were notified yesterday were told the law was already in effect and that they would have to carry out its provisions immediately. If after receiving such notice they violated the law, we, of course, will file informations against them. Most of the saloons, in fact nearly all of them, have shown a disposition to abide by the law. Saloons in the center of the city will, as a rule, suffer little by it. The greatest hardship will be worked in the southern part of the city where men gather of an evening and play cards and dominoes to while away the time. These saloons will suffer from the enforcement of the law."

COFFEE AND SUGAR.

"Some saloons are using coffee grains instead of dice, the count depending on which side turns up, and others are using sugar loaves, each man in the game being represented by a lump of sugar, and the man on whose lump a fly alights first must pay for the drinks. Will arrests be made in these cases?"

"Well, there is an element of chance there, but the question arises whether sugar loaves and coffee grains can be called gambling devices. We shall probably wait awhile before testing these cases."

A trip through the western part of the city showed that the dramshop keepers were obeying the law, most of them willingly, but some with grumbling and complaining. It offered the wags a good chance to "guy" the proprietors and the chance was taken. All sorts of propositions were made within the hearing of the proprietors "to have fun with them."

"Let's have a game of poker here on the end of the bar," was proposed and the others consented. The proprietor looked up as if he was

TIRED OF JOKING,

and when one of the fellows said: "John, give us the bones, will you?" he threatened violence.

The dramshop-keepers in the West End are determined to obey the law implicitly for a while at least, until they find out whether the words of the law are to be construed literally. The law forbids any dramshop-keeper to keep about his premises any musical instrument, nor may he permit any sparring, wrestling, boxing, dog or cock fighting, nor keep any cards, dice, pool, billiard tables, bowling alley or other device for playing games of chance in or about his premises.

If the law is taken literally Dust will certainly be convicted and the amusements will certainly be barred out of the saloon. But it is expected that the courts will not be as rigid as the law seems to be and that

"ON THE PREMISES"

will not be taken to include the whole lot. There is one well-known place of amusement which occupies three buildings. The south building is a billiard and pool-room, the middle one the saloon, and the north one a sitting-room where cards are played. Doors connect them all, but the proprietor hopes that the courts will hold that the premises of the saloon are those bounded by the lines of the building proper which contains it, and that though it may connect with the other buildings they are not on its premises. This case is a fair example. The proprietor does not propose to make a test, for he does not care to lose his license, but he will watch for rulings on similar cases. If the court holds that the premises of the saloon are only the lot proper on which it is located, then the saloons will find a way out of the law, by renting two buildings instead of one, and putting their amusements in one and their bar in the other.

A WEATHER OBSERVER AS A WITNESS.

The Value of His Testimony in Cases of Which He Has Never Heard.

From the New York Tribune.

The field of a meteorological observer is rather broader than one might at first suppose. One is scarcely likely at first blush to think that a man who measures the winds, the rains and the temperature lays himself open to frequent and repeated summonses as a witness in all kinds of court cases. Daniel Draper, who is at the head of the Central Park observatory, told a *Tribune* reporter the other day that on an average he was called to court two or three times a week to testify in law cases. When asked what a weather observer, who spent his time in a tower up in the air, could tell a judge or jury in regard to cases he had never heard of, he laughed and said: "Take an example. One vessel comes in collision with another and a suit follows. I have the weather record at the time of the accident and I am called to testify. It may be that at the time a terrific wind was blowing and the thing was unavoidable. In that case the defendant is anxious for my testimony. On the other hand if there was no high wind the complainant finds my evidence valuable to his case. My records show exactly what the condition of the weather was.

"Many suits are brought against the city by people who have been injured by slipping or falling in a snow storm, for instance. Now, the city has to clear the sidewalks within twenty-four hours after the storm. The city finds out when the accident happened and I come down with my records and tell at what hour the storm ceased. In nearly every case my testimony has an important bearing on the case. People seem to think they must sue the city at every opportunity, and the weather record saves a good deal of money for the defendant.

"Frequently a man is able to show through my testimony that he was unable to deliver perishable goods at a certain time according to contract, owing to the bad weather. I could tell you dozens of cases where a little technicality has made a great difference. This thing is a great nuisance, too, I am called so often. But they have got so now that they do not serve a formal summons on me. They know that I am here all the time. When they want me they telephone to me and I run down to the court, give my testimony and run back again to wait for the next 'witness call.'"

Disgraced and Then Honored.

From the London Truth.

About six weeks ago the Emperor of Russia banished his brother, the jovial Grand Duke Alexis, from St. Petersburg, having previously deprived him of his State offices, in consequence of the scandal caused by his friendship with the Comtesse Beauharnais, the morganatic wife of Duke Eugene of Leuchtenberg, who was herself punished by being ordered to quit Russia. The Emperor has done many odd things lately, but his latest aberration is the most extraordinary of all, for the recently disgraced Countess has suddenly been created Duchess of Leuchtenberg, with the style of "Serene Highness," and his Majesty's complacency is the more unaccountable inasmuch as he had long ago refused peremptorily to grant her these distinctions. This speedy boxing of the imperial compass has excited a great deal of gossip in Russia and [illegible]any, all of a very scandal[illegible] kind, the [illegible] worth [illegible] version of [illegible] being tha[illegible] necessary for the [illegible] to bribe [illegible] fair friend [illegible] order to [illegible] give up [illegible] last [illegible]

the Grand Duke, and she had then been sufficiently prudent to place them abroad in safe custody. No doubt this story and the others of the same sort are fictions.

Now Fortunes Come.

From Chambers' Journal.

A few years ago a pleasant, genial old gentleman called at one of the city banks and requested an introduction to one of the junior clerks. The clerk, who had noticed the stranger and seen him enter into the manager's room, was startled by a summons to go inside. Once inside the manager's room, the clerk found himself face to face with the stranger. The visitor immediately broke the ice by saying he had the pleasure to announce that by the death of an uncle, and in consequence of the death of several other relatives, this young gentleman was heir to a baronetcy. Hardly believing his ears, the clerk summoned up enough presence of mind to ask if it was an empty title. The visitor immediately and blandly informed him that his income was at least £10,000 a year, with £50,000 at a bank upon current account. It has since been ascertained that the income is not less than £16000 a year.—The owner of a very valuable pair of trousers was lately advertised for in the French papers by the honest finder of the same, who allowed the individual to whom they belonged fifteen days in which to come forward. After this delay he stated he would consider himself justified in profiting by this strange windfall, which, as he was in poor circumstances and about to be married, would be very serviceable to him. On the Place de la Concorde he stated that he saw one evening a dark object on the ground, which he first took to be a sleeping dog. On closer inspection, however, he discovered his mistake and picked up the garment then in his possession. He took the trousers with him on board a boat which he owned, and on passing them in review noticed that the buttons seemed different from ordinary ones. Prompted by curiosity he undid the cloth that covered them and found, instead of wooden molds, gold pieces. Carrying his investigations further he came across some bank notes stitched into the waistband with papers of value.—Stories of extraordinary windfalls are so frequently due to an effort of the imagination that we may be excused for receiving them with a considerable amount of reserve. Elizabeth Scott was found by the police in 1875 lying on the floor of her back kitchen. She had been dead apparently for about a week, portions of her hands having been eaten by rats. It was stated that although the deceased—who was 72 years of age and lived in London—was in possession of upward of £10,000 in consols, producing an income of £400 a year, she never associated with any one; and a search through the house resulted in sums of £83 in gold and £47 in silver being found secreted in little bags between the mattresses of the bed. For many years she had been leading a miserly existence. It was stated that she had left no will, and had only two cousins living in Scotland.

THE RIVERS.

Rise and Fall in the Rivers

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. All observations taken at the 75th meridian time.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2, 1889.

STATIONS.	Danger Line.	H'g't of Water.	Ch'nge.
Pittsburg	22	5.0	-0.9
Parkersburg	38	8.6	-2.1
Cincinnati	45	14.5	†1.3
Louisville	24	6.5	†0.5
Nashville	40	4.9	-0.2
Chattanooga	30	2.7	0.0
St. Paul	7	.....	.....
La Crosse	24	.....	.....
Dubuque	16	1.7	0.0
Davenport	15	0.8	†0.1
Keokuk	14	0.3	0.[illegible]
Omaha	18	.....	.....
Kansas City	21	4.4	-0.9
St. Louis	30	4.2	†0.6
Cairo	40	4.9	†0.7
Memphis	34	3.2	0.0
Helena	37	.....	.....
Ft. Smith	22	1.0	-0.1
Little Rock	23	3.3	†0.3
Vicksburg	41	‡1.8	0.0
Shreveport	29	6.1	†0.1
New Orleans	13	2.5	-0.2
Hermann	.....	8.7	†2.7
Louisiana	.....	4.1	†2.7
Arling on	.....	‡2.3	0.3
Grand Tower	.....	2.3	0.0

†Rise. -Fall. ‡Below zero of gauge.

W. H. HAMMON,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

River News.

ARRIVALS.

Libbie Conger, Davenport; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Dora, Clarksville; City of Florence, Tennessee River; Crystal City, Grand Tower.

DEPARTURES.

Libbie Conger, Davenport; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Dora, Clarksville; City of Savannah, Tennessee River; Crystal City, Grand Tower; Arkansas City, Natchez; Helena, Black Walnut; Future City and barges, New Orleans.

NOTES.

The Grand Republic is reported aground at Ross Lee Landing.

The Diamond Joe Libbie Conger clears for Davenport this afternoon.

The river will close up very easy this winter owing to the shallow water.

The City of Savannah will make her first trip this afternoon for the Tennessee River.

The Crystal City is keeping up her usual good run of business in the Grand Tower trade.

The Arkansas City is loading for Natchez and will clear this afternoon in command of Capt. Zeigler.

The river is rising slowly, gauge 4 feet 2 inches. Prospects are favorable for a good stage of water to Cairo.

The City of Monroe ran over a big snag near Ste. Genevieve which the snagboat was reported to have taken out.

The Board of Underwriters decided to cease insurance risks on the Missouri after November 10, until further notice.

A pilot said, regarding the condition of the river with regard to snags, that there is sad need of snag boats all along the river.

In the event that the Dora will not arrive in time from Clarksville, then the Bald Eagle will take her place at once, clearing at 4 p. m.

The St. Louis & Mississippi Valley Transportation Co. had the misfortune of losing a barge loaded with shingles Wednesday night, near Memphis.

The transfer boat McCombs dropped three empty cars in the river near Cairo. The river out to Cairo has raised about a half a foot within the last week.

The fast steamer Idlewild is herself once more, and is doing a booming business in the Cape Girardeau trade, leaving every Monday and Friday at 5 p. m. George Keith, master, with Tom Peniston as her popular agent.

The officers of the famous steamer New South have been very well satisfied this season. They have done a larger business, freight as well as passenger, than any time heretofore. The low water has interfered very little with their trade.

River Telegrams.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 2.—River rising; 4 feet 10 inches in the canal; 4 feet 6 inches on the falls. Rain this morning.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 2.—Arrived: W. H. Cherry, St. Louis, 11 a. m. River 4 feet 8 inches, rising. Cloudy and cool.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 2.—River 14 feet 7 inches, rising. Cloudy, rain this morning. Thermometer 64.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 2.—River rising. No arrivals or departures. Weather cloudy.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 2.—River 7 feet, 9 inches, falling. Cloudy.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—The storm is now central over the upper lakes and is apparently about to form a junction with the storm central Friday morning north of Montana. Light rains have fallen throughout the Mississippi Valley and lake regions and heavy rains on the middle gulf coast and snow in Iowa and southern Minnesota. The temperature has risen slightly in the States bordering on the Atlantic and in the Ohio Valley. It has generally fallen at stations west of the Mississippi River, a fall of 20 degrees being recorded at Memphis and Vicksburg and light frosts are reported from Northern Texas.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Sunday:

For Iowa and Missouri—Fair; slightly [illegible] northwesterly winds.

For Nebraska and Kansas—Fair; warmer [illegible] ern, no decided change in temperature [illegible] portions; variable winds.

For Ohio, Indiana, Upper Michigan—Rain, partly as snow in [illegible] colder; winds becoming northwesterly [illegible]

For Illinois—Rain, partly as [illegible] portions; clearing, colder to-night; [illegible] winds.

Cautionary signals are displayed on Lake Michigan. The rivers will rise.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

ST. [illegible] & PADUCAH Semi-Weekly Packet.

NEW SOUTH.

[illegible] Tuesdays and Fridays

At 5 p. m. Round trip to Paducah only $8, including meals and berths [illegible]. For particulars inquire on [illegible] foot Olive st.

CHAS. QUINETTE, Agent.

[illegible] and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

Str. IDLEWILD.

[illegible] KEITH, Master. TOM PENISTON, Clerk. Leaves MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 P. M. [illegible] all way landings. [illegible] TOM PENISTON, Agt.

[illegible] handsome [illegible] bow and stu[illegible] Worth $1.50.

FOR RENT.

Second Floor Delicatessen Building,

718 OLIVE STREET.

CITY NEWS.

Be to-morrow at D. Crawford & Co.'s great Broadway bazaar and secure some of the wonderful bargains now being offered in their house-furnishing, cloak, suit, blanket, comfort and upholstery departments; in fact all second floor goods!! This sale has been gotten up in order to make room for their heavy importations of toys shortly to be opened up. While at this store see on first floor the great offering in gents' linen collars at 5 cents each, regular price, 20 cents; as also their special in 24-inch all-silk plushes in all the new colorings at 65 cents a yard, not to be duplicated elsewhere under $1.25 a yard!!

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th & Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

THE NEW TIRE ORDINANCE.

A Meeting Held by Teamsters, Owners and Manufacturers of Vehicles.

Last evening Central Turner Hall was filled with teamsters, owners and manufacturers of vehicles, who met to effect an organization for the purpose of protesting against the present tire ordinance and to draft a new one. The following manufacturers and dealers in supplies were present: Bauer-Walter Buggy & Carriage Co., A. Wackman, H. H. Bothe Wagon & Carriage Co., Jas. A. Wright & Sons Carriage Co., C. Gestring, Henry Luedinghaus, Dugan-Sauerbrunn Carriage & Wagon Co., D. Scheer, H. Liebke, J. Kling, Rapp & Moller Carriage Co., Linstroth Wagon Co., Jas. Hanley, Weber & Damme Wagon Co., P. J. Cooney, Scheip Wagon & Carriage Co., Sligo Iron Store Co., Beck & Corbitt Iron Co., Paddock-Hawley Iron Co. and W. A. Creveling.

Mr. A. Wackman was elected President and Mr. Jacob Walter Secretary.

Messrs. A. Wackman, J. Walter, H. H. Bothe, W. C. Creveling, J. C. Cabanne, Frank Wright, John C. O'Brien, John Sullivan, J. R. Bowman, J. F. Dugan, Henry Scheip and Nicholas Kuntz were appointed a committee to draft an advance. The principal change which they made in the new ordinance was the using as a basis the size of the axle instead of the number of horses. The following scale was then selected by the committee and accepted by the meeting:

"Wooden axles—3½ axle, 1¼ tire; 3¾, 2 inch tire; 4¼, 2¼ tire; 4½, 2½ tire; 5, 2¾ tire; 5½, 3½ tire; 6, 4 inch tire.

"Iron and steel axles—1¼ axle, 1½ tire; 1⅛, 1¾ tire; 1½, 1½ tire; 1⅝, 1⅝ tire; 1¾, 1¾ tire; 1⅞, 2 inch tire; 2, 2 inch tire; 2⅛, 2¼ tire; 2¼, 2¼ tire; 2½, 2½ tire. 2¾, 2¾ tire; 3, 3½ tire; 3½, 3½ tire; 4, 5 inch tire.

"Also, each truck used for hauling boilers, engines, safes or dimension stone should have 6 inch tires. For dump carts, 1¾ inch and for drays 4 inch tires were allotted."

Messrs. A. Wackman, Chairman; W. C. Creveling, Frank Wright, J. F. Dugan, H. H. Bothe, Robert E. Brier, J. R. Bowman and John C. O'Brien were appointed to circulate the petition, as an Executive and Finance Committee, and to bring the new ordinance before the Assembly. Jacob Walter will furnish the necessary funds for carrying on the work for the present. The organization will be a permanent one.

SUITS FOR $10, $12, $15.

Overcoats for $12, $15, $18.

All our own make, and therefore the best clothing sold in St. Louis. We ask you to examine these suits and overcoats with careful attention before you buy.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Southeast Corner Brodway and Pine.

HORSES AND MULES.

Demand for Draft and Pleasure Horses in the St. Louis Markets.

The stablemen report a very fair week for the receipts and sales of horses and mules, the receipts being larger than the demands. Receipts for horses for the week have been liberal, but the demand has not been what horsemen could call active, except for good, straight blocky horses and mares. Common horses were hard to sell and the prices paid have not been satisfactory to the seller. Heavy draft horses extra sold for $125 to $175, good $100 to $120; drivers, $125 to $175; saddle horses, $125 to $175; streeters, $100 to $125; Southern horses, $80 to $110; mares, $90 to $125; plugs, $25 to $60.

MULES.

The receipts of mules were good, and all that came in were sold, but not at prices very satisfactory to shipper. Every good well-fatted mule, 4 to 7 years old, can be sold at good prices. The demand and price for 3-year-old and old mules is dull and low. Mules, 14 hands, 4 to 7 years old, sold for $70 to $80; 14½ hands same, $85 to $95; 15 hands same, $100 to $110; 15½ hands medium, $100 to $110; 15½ hands extra, $130 to $140; 16 to 16½ hands extra, $150 to $175; heavy plugs, $50 to $65.

Never Equaled Before.

36 Hours, St. Louis to Galveston.
38 Hours, St. Louis to San Antonio.
Less Than Four Days to the City of Mexico,
Via Iron Mountain Route.
Free Reclining Chair Cars to Galveston.
Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Galveston, San Antonio and Laredo.
Connecting Direct for the City of Mexico.

Winter tourist tickets now on sale at greatly reduced rates at 102 North Fourth street, and Union Depot.

A Russian Professor's Troubles.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Bortleklewitch, the Russian professor who was recently acquitted in the Court of General Sessions of snatching a young woman's pocket-book in the Equitable Building, and who was again arrested on a charge of stealing rings valued at $400 from the apartments of Col. Paine at the Buckingham Hotel, made a determined dash for liberty while he was being brought to police headquarters by two detectives. When Houston street was reached the Professor, without warning, made a dash for the station railing and plunged headlong into the street. His right leg was broken in the fall and his head badly bruised. He was subsequently taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Winter Tourists.

The Cairo Short Line, Illinois Central Route, now run their trains from St. Louis over the new steel bridge at Cairo, Ill., to New Orleans. No FERRIAGE, no CHANGE OF CARS. ...ists' tickets now on sale to resorts in ..., Louisiana, Texas, Mexico and California. Ticket offices, 217 North Fourth street ... Depot.

Reduc...

CA...

...Over Bowman's Property.

...spects of a three-cornered con... Frank Bowman's will. It will be remembered that in Bowman's will he bequeathed all his property to Estelle P. Bowman, his New York wife. Mrs. Mary V. Bowman and Miss Florence Bowman of this city will contest the will as heirs of the deceased, and it has been learned that Ida M. Clement, whom the Chicago courts decided was Bowman's wife by a common law marri..., has filed a notice of contest in Brooklyn.

HOT SPRINGS OF AR... ...IPS

Nature's Wonderful Sanit...

The recent broadening of the ga... Hot Springs R. R. from Malvern, ... Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern ... makes that popular resort more ea... accessible, and trains may now be run th... without change to Hot Springs from St. Lo... Round-trip tourist tickets are on sale at v... low rates at 102 North Fourth street, a... Union Depot, St. Louis, and at all princip... points in the United States and Canada.

AMONG THE LODGES.

THE LEGION OF HONOR COUNCILS OPENING UP A LIVELY SEASON.

A Dispute as to the Knights and Ladies' Entertainment—Grand Council, Royal Arcanum—Activity Among the Chosen Friends—Star Division, K. of P., to Go to Milwaukee.



LAFAYETTE Council had its banner meeting of the season Tuesday evening. The hall was crowded; every seat was taken. The cause was the first performance of the Modoc Degree with new paraphernalia. Mr. Sankey did very well in this his first attempt as the Captain of the Royal Hussars.

The members of Myrtle Council tendered the Lafayette Council a serenade by the Canadian Minstrels Tuesday. The council is composed of the fair sex, and their motto is: "We can take care of ourselves and run our council to the gratification of the Supreme officers."

Companion Charles Leeburger of Lafayette now tips the beam at 200 pounds.

Companion Aug. Kaufman reported himself sick, but at present is convalescing.

The Building Association seems to have become a go in the order. Companion Julius Harris is collecting names at his office, 520 Pine street.

John Sloan, Jr., was to pay his respects to McGinnis Tuesday evening.

The entertainment Tuesday evening, November 4, promises to be the event of the Drill Corps.

The big Lafayette is going to give the ball of the season at Uhrig's Cave, November 21. Prof. Mat J. Koncen has accepted terms.

Mozart Council, the banner council for amusements, is to come to the front once more, and a big time may be looked for in the near future. Companions Murphy, Shutlin, App and Hanson are again to be in charge.

Daniel Webster Council, as reported by Companion Ross, is still on deck.

Future Council, like its name, casts its shadows before, and will have a big hop November 9th at the Concordia Hall.

Collector Herman Ebrecht of Lafayette and wife celebrated their wooden wedding Wednesday evening, and a good lunch was spread, toasts drunk and a general merry making had.

Companion Doyle, who works for Uncle Sam, says: "Our council showed the value of the secret organizations of St. Louis by subscribing $500 to the World's Fair."

Companion John Winter will recite a Shakspearean comedy Monday.

Companion Bashford of Jackson has been missed from the different council chambers here of late.

Companion Jack P. Richardson says: "I cannot give any more time to the order as I am already threatened with a divorce for staying away late."

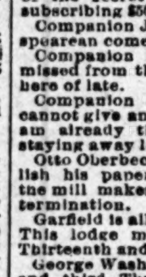
Otto Oberbeck says he will continue to publish his paper as long as the water flows and the mill makes paper. Otto has got the determination.

Garfield is all right, says Companion Booth. This lodge meets every Friday, corner of Thirteenth and Wright streets.

George Washington Council meets the first and third Thursdays at the hall, corner of Ninth and Carr streets.

Alpha Council holds its next regular meeting Thursday evening, November 7. A good house is desired, as some points of interest will be sprung. Alpha's exponents will do well to be present and take a hand in the struggle prior to the nominations for office for 1890, which occurs at the second meeting in November, the election following at the first meeting in December. This event is decidedly lively and brings out the thoroughbreds of the council who lay down to straight action, and always as a result select good officers.

Knights of Pythias.



On the 21st inst. Lilly Lodge of Plattsburg, Clinton County, was instituted, the charter for it being ordered at late session of the Grand Lodge.

This coming week the Grand Keeper of Records and Seal expects to receive petitions approved by Jos. H. Hawthorne for the institution of a new lodge at Kansas City and one at Fulton. He also reports that the citizens of Troy, Lincoln County, are taking steps to have a lodge instituted in their city in the near future, with flattering prospects.

Damon Lodge, No. 28, on Wednesday last received seven applications and had work in the Esquire rank, ten Pages being advanced to that rank. This lodge proposes to pay per capita tax on 200 members December 31.

Paragon Lodge, No. 58, has five applications to initiate this month, and one admitted by card. At the last session Chancellor-Commander W. A. Fertile resigned, and F. M. Kamfer was elected to fill the vacancy, Fred Chamberlain being elected Vice-Chancellor, W. T. Blain, Master-at-Arms, and W. A. Fertile, Master of Exchequer.

Excelsior Lodge worked the initiatory rank of Page at its convention Wednesday last, and will have two aspirants for the honors of Esquire at the next meeting.

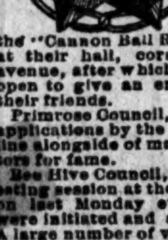
Yesterday at 3 p. m. Red Cross Lodge convened for the purpose of conferring the second or armorial rank of Esquire on twenty-eight Pages. The session continued with short recess for supper until nearly midnight. During this month there are two special meetings arranged for the purpose of conferring the rank of Knight, the second and fourth Wednesdays. This lodge has so much work in the ranks that it was necessary to make some such arrangement so that on their regular meeting nights the usual lodge business can be transacted without interruption.

Washington Lodge, No. 183, had work in the rank of aPge and Esquire at last convention and has the assurance of steady work during the winter.

Star Division has resumed its regular drills. Three applications are now on the Recorder's desk. This division has already expressed an intention to go to Milwaukee.

Chevalier Lodge, No. 70, conferred the three ranks on one person, by special dispensation, at its convention Thursday evening.

Order of Chosen Friends.



Park Council, No. 19, will have several applications to act upon at their next meeting, and will confer the degree of Friendship on two candidates.

P. Cohn Council, No. 67, will initiate eight candidates via the "Cannon Ball Route" to-morrow evening at their hall, corner Broadway and Cass avenue, after which the doors will be thrown open to give an entertainment and raffle to their friends.

Primrose Council, No. 4, are still receiving applications by the score, and will soon be in line alongside of many of the older competitors for fame.

Bee Hive Council, No. 13, held a very interesting session at their hall, 1306 Olive street, on last Monday evening. Four candidates were initiated and six applications received. A large number of visitors were present. Addresses were made by Friends Tho. B. Harvey, Gerald Griffin, Louis A. Steber, Wm. H. Glaze, W. A. Duncan, Dr. J. H. Spalding, Hulser, McHale, Williams, Medeiras and others.

Granite Council, No. 50, increased their membership by initiating two candidates at their last meeting.

Eureka Council, No. 80, gave their fourth annual ball at Boughaus' Hall, East St. Louis, last evening, Assistant Supreme Councilor Louis A. Steber and a large number of Chosen Friends from this side of the river were in attendance.

The Protective Committee wi... meet at the ...ll of Pearl Council, No. 15, ...th and Car... streets, on Wednesday ..., Novem... ... Council, No. 4... ...e leader... ...ncilor Walter... ...ing ex... ...At the ... ...candi... ...police...

...tions placed on file. It was resolved that Liberty Council visit Park Council, No. 19, in a body on Thursday, November 28, at their hall, corner of Park and St. Ange avenues.

Evening Star, a new council, will be instituted at Druids' Hall, Ninth and Market streets, Thursday evening, November 7, with a charter list of 100 members. Assistant Supreme Councilor L. A. Steber and the founder, Past Councilor John Bruce, will officiate. The new rituals are expected by the 20th.

The blank commissions for District Deputies are now in press and as soon as received will be issued.

The Acting Supreme Councilor is now busy revising the proofs of the new edition of the laws of the order. The committee in charge of the work are Friends John T. Locklider of Indiana; James McG. Smith of New York, and L. A. Steber of Missouri. The new arrangement of the laws will be a pleasing surprise to the order.

I. O. O. F.



Missouri Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., has instituted a new departure in the "good of the order," certain of the members taking especial pains to prepare themselves with readings, recitations, songs, etc., each meeting night. It is proving quite successful.

One hundred and ten members of the I. O. O. F., including members from Summit of St. Louis, and Pride of the Valley, Golden Rule and Helvetia of East St. Louis left on a special train for Alton last Saturday night, where they were the guests of Western Star Lode, No. 1, of Alton, Ill. A committee from Western Star met the visitors at the depot and escorted them to the hall, where they were entertained by a splendid interpretation of the secret work of the order, followed by interesting speeches. After spending several hours in a very sociable and pleasant manner, the visitors were escorted to the entertainment hall, where a collation was spread. A visit to Belleville is the talk of present, and will probably take place soon.

Mrs. M. E. Rea, President of the National Convention, D. of R., I. O. O. F., left last Thursday week for Jacksonville, Ill., where she is instructing the lodges in the Missouri beautified work.

Royal Arcanum.

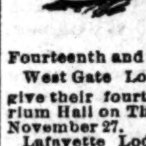


Chevalier Council, No. 1,089, received an official visit from the officers and members of the Grand Council last Wednesday night. Delegations from Laclede, Delmar and North End Councils were present to assist Chevalier in giving a royal reception. Over one hundred members were present, among whom were Past Regents Wm. McCully, Thos. Whitehill, Rudolph Bendl, S. Mitchell and L. N. Leavy and Regents Wm. Steiner, F. Steele and A. Miller. All of the grand officers were present, with the single exception of Grand Regent Thos. P. Morse, whose absence was occasioned by sickness. Under the head of duty 9 two candidates were introduced and instructed in the mysteries of the order, the degree work being unexceptionally well rendered on the part of the officers of Chevalier and those participating in conducting the ceremonies. When duty 17 was reached the Orator introduced D. D. G. R. Thos. P. Marley as the speaker of the evening. Bro. Marley delivered a very able and stirring address on the great work accomplished by the Royal Arcanum, and the benefits and advantages accruing from membership. Bros. W. E. Robinson, B. R. Bonner and R. Bondi were also called upon and made short addresses. Bro. Silverbury rendered a few dramatic recitations and Bros. Holz and Percival several vocal and instrumental musical collections. Four applications for membership were received.

Louis C. Diekmann, President of the Diekmann Coal Co., and Wm. B. Sourbeer, Secretary of the Home City Building Association, were recently elected to membership in Chevalier Council.

Henry Leidner, Jr., belongs to Chevalier and is one of the most regular attendants at the Council's meetings.

A. O. U. W.



Union Lodge, No. 20, A. O. U. W., invites all sister lodges to an initiation to be held on November 7, at which six candidates will be admitted. Union has a new banner which will then be displayed. The lodge now meets at its new hall, Fourteenth and Angelrodt streets.

West Gate Lodge, No. 304, A. O. U. W., will give their fourth annual ball at the Natatorium Hall on Thanksgiving Eve, Wednesday, November 27.

Lafayette Lodge, No. 391, held a meeting last Thursday night, which was well attended. After the usual routine matters had been disposed of Bro. N. P. de Clifford, P. M. of a Canadian Lodge, entertained the lodge with a lecture on the peculiar customs of the Hindoos. Bro. Clifford's lecture is based upon facts observed during his travels in Asia, and was very interesting. Two applications for membership were received.

Mizpah Lodge, No. 360, is hard at work and adding new names to the roll each Friday evening at their headquarters, Jefferson avenue and Walnut street. Two candidates were initiated at the last meeting and the names of several prominent citizens received as applicants. After closing a very interesting session Master Workman A. C. Maroney, Foreman William H. Glaze and Outside Watchman W. H. Lawrence adjourned to Uhrig's Cave Hall to meet the brothers of Railway Lodge, No. 41, who were engaged in giving a grand ball and reception. The grand march was led by Grand Master Workman H. L. Rogers and wife, and the "Supper March" by Walter F. McEntire and Andrew C. Maroney, Master Workmen respectively of Mizpah and Blackstone Lodges. Grand Recorder W. C. Richardson delivered addresses upon the beneficial and social features to be found in the order.

There was a large and enthusiastic meeting of Cote Brilliante Lodge, No. 35, held in Kicker's Hall, Newstead avenue and North Market street, last Monday night.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.



Quite an excitement was occasioned by the report in last Saturday's POST-DISPATCH about the entertainment to be given to the Grand Lodge by eight lodges of the city during their convention in St. Louis, which convenes the second Tuesday of this month. At first it was thought that the report was untrue, but such was not the case, as every arrangement had been made and the different lodges were assessed, two $10 and the others $15 each, to defray the expenses. These eight lodges represent about fourteen hundred members, and only 1,000 tickets are to be issued, to be distributed pro rata to these lodges. It was stated that during the entertainment the installation of the Grand officers-elect for the next two years would take place and a ball given besides. There is one matter which seems to surprise everybody, and that is why should some of the present Grand Lodge officers take so active a part in getting up this entertainment, instead of allowing the lodges themselves to do the work? Two years ago the combined lodges of the city undertook to welcome the Grand Lodge and it was done with honor to themselves and credit to the order. The Grand Music Hall of the Exposition was engaged and the hall was filled to its utmost capacity. A good entertainment was gone through and everybody seemed pleased.

Another report says: The delegates from the subordinate lodges who have in charge the prospective reception and entertainment to the Grand Lodge while in session met on Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Scanlan and reported further progress in their arrangements. The Pickwick Theater has been engaged for the evening of the 13th, also the band and choice musical and literary talent has been secured. It is not in any way proposed to make this either an elaborate or select affair, but to extend to the members of the Grand Lodge a cordial reception and make visiting members feel at home. The very limited time given for preparation in this matter forbids a more general gathering and representation of the lodges which would have taken two or three months to have perfected. Tickets for admission will be distributed to the membership this week, and can be obtained from the lodges participating.

At the last regular meeting of Anchor Lodge, No. 1173, Knights and Ladies of Honor, there was quite a large attendance of members and the meeting was a most enthusiastic one. Visitors from Martha Washington, Fortuna and St. Ange Lodges were present. They made some very interesting remarks regarding the progress Anchor is making and the reputation it has gained as an entertainer. Sisters Ida Bruegel and McDermott sang several songs to make it enjoyable for those present. This lodge will give their second annual ball at Druids' Hall this evening. The Arrangement Committee, consisting of Geo. T. McVey, Thomas Bastian, J. Slattery and Fred Bergmann, have been hard at work to make this an enjoyable affair.

A new lodge will be instituted at Enterpe Hall, Jefferson avenue and Walnut street, Monday evening.

The officers of the Grand Lodge were installed for the ensuing term at Banner Lodge Hall, corner St. Louis and Elliott avenues, Wednesday evening, October 30.

Lincoln Lodge, No. 10, will give a grand ball at Stolle's Hall November 24.

Banner Lodge, No. 12, had a large number of applicants at their last meeting.

Monitor Lodge, No. 2, received in the course of the week four approvals for the mutual aid fund, and also had a number of applications for membership and three initiations.

C. A. Pickford of Missouri Lodge, No. 1, returned from his Eastern tour and will give a lecture on his travels shortly.

Grand Secretary J. P. Gadd reports the order progressing very rapidly, all lodges having reported a number of initiations at their various meetings.

Thomas Kenney is organizing a new lodge in the West End, which will shortly be instituted, having sixty names on the list.

Bro. Seals of Missouri Lodge, No. 1, is going to deliver a lecture, subject, "Our Fraternal Organizations," on Monday evening at People's Theater Hall, Sixth and Walnut.

At the recent session of the Supreme Lodge on the recommendation of the late Supreme Representative, John S. Anderson, Bros. Otto H. Schoen and B. F. Nelson had the rank of Past Grand Protector conferred upon them. Bro. Schoen is a charter member of Protection Lodge, No. 19. He has been a faithful worker for the order ever since he became connected with it. Bro. Nelson is a member of Excelsior Lodge, No. 1,362.

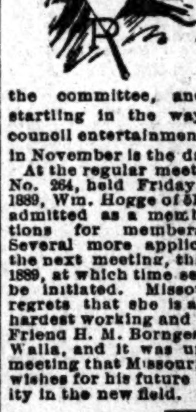
International Progressive Association.



Marquette Assembly had thirteen initiations and George Washington twelve this week.

A meeting of the ladies of the I. P. A. will be held on Sunday, the 3d inst., at 3 p. m., at the hall, Twenty-second street and Franklin avenue. The male members of the Reunion Committee are also requested to attend. State Superintendent Webb will enlarge on the objects of the order in his address at the annual reunion of the order at West St. Louis Turner Hall on the 6th inst. Dr. E. L. Epersen, late of Calloway County, will demonstrate that there is nothing green or "callow" in the "way" he will handle the Floor Committee on that occasion. Nic H. Davis and Alfonso Favreau will aid Mrs. O'Connell and Mrs. E. Fitzgerald to dispense the hospitalities of the occasion. Dr. R. M. Kerley and James A. McMillen will tell what they know of benevolent organizations. Dick Henneke and Charley Lauffer will give some musical eccentricities. Dr. J. B. Pritchard will escort the ladies to their seats in the audience.

The National Union.



Laclede Council at its next meeting, at Seventh and Franklin avenue, will entertain its members and visiting friends with a large and varied programme. George Shebla and Friend Chouteau are the committee. Friend Niehouse has volunteered his support to the committee, and promises something startling in the way of an innovation on council entertainments. The second Tuesday in November is the date.

At the regular meeting of Missouri Council, No. 264, held Friday evening, November 1, 1889, Wm. Hogge of 513 North Third street was admitted as a member, and seven applications for membership were presented. Several more applications are promised for the next meeting, third Friday in November, 1889, at which time several new members will be initiated. Missouri Council very much regrets that she is about to lose one of her hardest working and most zealous members, Friend H. M. Borngesser, who moves to Walla Walla, and it was unanimously voted at this meeting that Missouri Council extend her best wishes for his future happiness and prosperity in the new field.

Knights of Father Mathew.

Visitation, Council No. 26, at its last meeting received five proposals and appointed a committee to secure a hall for the members of the lyceum which is connected with the Council, to enable it to present a drama now in rehearsal.

St. Patrick's Council, No. 4, has a standing prize of a gold watch, which is drawn for amongst its members when fifty candidates have been admitted into the council, one chance being given to a member for each accepted candidate proposed by him. The limit was reached at its last meeting, and in the drawing that took place Bro. John M. McInerny drew the prize.

St. John's Council, No. 2, had an open meeting on last Friday evening which was largely attended. An address was delivered by C. S. K. James Hanley, followed by Prof. C. W. Hoffman with some beautiful stereopticon views, and concluding with a hop.

The Treasurer of St. Lawrence O'Toole's Branch pleaded for a body guard last Wednesday evening, his money bags were so full after the hop.

Branch No. 248 gives an entertainment at Union Park Hall, Sunday evening, November 10.

Branch 206, St. Liborius, have arranged for a concert, dramatic entertainment and social hop for the evening of the 28th at Social Turner Hall. The Roderman children have been engaged.

Dr. Keeney of De Soto Branch is now stopping in this city, and is looking for some branch in which to drop his withdrawal card.

Fraternal Circle.

Henry Shaw Council, American Fraternal Circle, gave its first entertainment Wednesday evening and a good show was the result. Wenzel's Hall was well filled. The opening address was delivered by Mr. Chas. A. Rombach. The following was the programme: Nettie and Jaky Heberer, song; Estelle Rombach, recitation; Mabel O'Brien, jig; Mrs. ... and Miss Niehaus, violin selection; "The Canada Colored Band from Kentucky," Mr. Murphy; Annie Rombach, accompanied by Mr. Samuel Toppires, song; Enterprise Club; Mound City Club; Messrs. Warren and Boyd, song.

I. O. G. T.

In the Good Templars an installation is to take place to-night at Our Neighbors, 233. Deputy Grand Chief Templar Simpson will install and give out the new quarterly password to all who pay their dues, which must always be in advance, or the members are left out in the cold. Officers elected for ensuing quarter: Chief Templar, I. W. Barnes; Vice, Mrs. Lou Harris; Secretary, Theo. Walker; Financial Secretary, Geo. W. Simpson; Treasurer, A. E. Barnes.

A complimentary reception to the Juvenile Templars, their parents and friends takes place the 9th inst. Let the friends to the little ones give them a welcome.

Iron Hall.

Branch No. 288 will celebrate its fourth anniversary by giving an entertainment and hop at Social Turner Hall on Thursday, November 14. An excellent programme will be presented. The St. Louis Zither Club and Active class of Social Turners have volunteered to assist. Friend John I. Martin will deliver an address on the objects of the order.

Guard of Protection.

Camp St. Louis of the Old Guard of Protection will be instituted next Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the hall No. 902 South Fourth street, by the officers of the National Grand Camp. This new camp will work in German, and will be in charge of Deputy Grand Commander F. W. Plass.



Drop a Nickel

in your grocer's hand and get a package of PYLE'S PEARLINE—the original and best Washing Compound. It will save you time, trouble, health, wear and tear, which cannot be computed in dollars.

It's better—easier—quicker than soap for washing clothes and house-cleaning; if that's not true, what becomes of the *many, many millions* of packages sold annually? What induces the hundreds of imitations? Did it ever occur to you as strange that almost every imitation of Pearline is given a name ending in INE? A "wolf in sheep's clothing" trick; depend upon it, their tricks don't stop there. Peddlers and unscrupulous or misinformed grocers will tell you this (an imitation) is as "good as Pearline," "same as Pearline," etc., etc. It's false—there's nothing like Pearline—nothing as good as Pearline. Why?—that's our secret—but you will recognize and share the benefits of that secret when you use Pearline.

168 JAMES PYLE, New York.

WINTER TOURIST RATES

To Texas, Mexico and the Southwest.

The Iron Mountain Route has now on sale its tourist tickets to the resorts of Texas and the Southwest at greatly reduced rates. Tickets good for all winter and thirty days are allowed for passage in each direction, with ample stop-over privileges to enable the tourist to see all points of interest in this charming part of the country. Ticket offices, 102 North Fourth street, and Union Depot.

A Remarkable Showing.

From the POST-DISPATCH of November 1.

The record of the month of October, which closed yesterday, shows a remarkable increase in the advertising business of the POST-DISPATCH as compared with the business of the same month last year.

During October, 1888, the POST-DISPATCH printed 708 columns of paid advertisements. During the month just closed the amount of paid advertisements which appeared in the POST-DISPATCH reached 903 columns. This is an increase of 195 columns, or more than one-fourth in amount. It represents an increase of 28 per cent in advertising business, which, for a long-established newspaper without extraordinary circumstances outside of its own value as an advertising medium to aid it, is a wonderful showing.

In contrast with this magnificent evidence of prosperous growth, and proving that the POST-DISPATCH is singular in its achievement, the *Globe-Democrat* shows an increase of 10 per cent and the *Republic*, which has been boosted desperately by the new management, an increase of only 5 per cent for the same time. These are meager results as compared with the POST-DISPATCH'S increase of 28 per cent.

The causes of this enormous accretion of business on the part of the POST-DISPATCH are manifest. Over 80 per cent of this paper's advertisements come from the retail merchants of St. Louis. They select the POST-DISPATCH as their advertising medium, because money spent in its space gives immediate returns. Its immense local circulation, which is larger than the total local circulation of any other two newspapers, brings them into direct communication through its columns with the people on whom they must depend for business. They recognize the fact that the POST-DISPATCH is twice as good a medium by which to reach the St. Louis public as any other newspaper. The result is the marvelous showing of the past month.

HOW MRS. STOWE WAS CONVERTED to religion, as told by herself, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

They Will Study Volapuk.

Twenty-eight persons interested in the study of Volapuk met last evening at 1524 Olive street, for the purpose of organizing a club. Mr. T. P. Smith made a short address, after which the construction of the language was explained by Orville D. Orton. The next meeting will be held at the same place next Thursday evening, when a constitution and by-laws will be adopted. This is the first club of the kind in St. Louis.

FIRST-CLASS pictures make the test, Strauss's photos are the best.

To Dissolve the Corporation.

Next Saturday morning at 2 o'clock a meeting of the stockholders of the Beaumont Hospital Medical College Building Association will be held at the office of Dr. W. G. Moore at 3041 Easton avenue, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the question of closing the business of the association and dissolving the corporation.

DR. ENNO SANDER'S Carbonated Hunyadi Water excels the imported in taste, effect and digestibility. For sale by all druggists.

Heavy Rainfall.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—Rain has fallen heavily and almost without cessation for three days. An enormous quantity of water has fallen and the streams are all rising and the roads becoming impassable.

MASON CITY, Io., Nov. 2.—The heavy rain which had been falling for twenty-four hours changed last night to snow, which is now three inches deep on the ground.

Burlington Route to Colorado.

From St. Louis to St. Joseph and Denver. Free chair car and Pullman sleepers direct to KANSAS CITY.

The best line for Colorado and all the summer resorts of the West.

Ticket office, 112 North Fourth street and Union Depot, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ *I sell more Clothing at retail than any other Dealer in the World.*

J. L. HUDSON.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE

CHILD'S OVERCOATS.

Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	$18.00	Now $12.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	16.00	Now 10.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	15.00	Now 10.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	12.00	Now 7.50
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	10.00	Now 6.50
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	9.00	Now 6.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	8.00	Now 5.50
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	7.50	Now 5.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	6.00	Now 4.00
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	5.00	Now 3.15
Boys' or Children's Overcoats, former price,	4.00	Now 2.50

☞ Same reductions in Suits. As advertised so will you find them.

J. L. HUDSON, Clothier, 213 and 215 N. BROADWAY.

PERMANENTLY CURED BY A NEW METHOD

CATARRH

By permission I refer to the following well-known persons in St. Louis, who have tried my treatment and recommend it:

W. H. Hill, Mgr. N. Y. Life Ins. Co., Odd Fellows Bldg.
Robt. L. Henry, Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
V. O. Saunders, Janis, Saunders & Co.
H. C. Townsend, Gen'l Passr. Agent Mo. Pacific Ry.
L. J. Peck, Goddard, Peck & Co.
W. S. Simpson, Christopher & Simpson, Arch. Iron Works.
Chas. Steinberg, 420 N. Broadway.
R. R. Stinde, Real Estate, 308 Chestnut street.
Geo. S. Tyler, Gen. Agt. Chicago, Alton & St. Louis R.R.
T. C. Hamilton, with B. Nugent & Bro.

Examination and Consultation Free.

The treatment is mild and agreeable, and based upon scientific principles. Catarrhal diseases are dependent upon some taint in the organism, and it is by eradicating it that I CURE CATARRH. Patients at a distance are treated as successfully as those who visit the office. Send address or call for valuable treatise on catarrh, with carefully prepared symptom blank, and testimonials and references.

2818 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DR. T. S. GREENE.

THE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Meetings of the Council and House of Delegates.

The City Council met last night with all members present and President Walbridge in the chair.

The resolution from the House giving the members of the Fire Department twenty-four hours on an off day instead of sixteen was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

A number of bills were given second reading and sent to the proper committee.

Mr. Ganahl introduced a bill reducing the tax on lawn sprinkling to 10 cents a front foot.

Mr. Meier introduced a bill to pay John W. McMurtry $50 for indexing the Council Journal of 1888-89.

Mr. Hoolan introduced a bill to regulate the sweeping of sidewalks and keeping the streets clean. It was given first reading.

Mr. Comfort introduced a bill transferring three employes in the Police Telephone Service to the Fire Alarm Telegraph Department, and providing for more linemen, operators, etc.

Council bills repealing two Mallinkrodt Chemical Co. switch ordinances, paying the Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co. damages, and closing Main street from Mallinkrodt to Salisbury streets were passed.

The bond of the Rapid Transit Elevated road was approved after a lively discussion. The bond is for $100,000, and was laid over from last meeting, owing to the fact that some of the sureties had large incumbrances on their holdings.

The Iron Mountain Railroad switch bill was reported favorably by the committee and laid over.

The petition to make the Wabash build a $3,000 station at Forest Park was filed.

The petition of the North St. Louis Improvement asking for streets to be graded by the Work-house gang was filed.

The bill increasing the salaries of employes in the Boiler Inspector's Office was signed and sent to the House.

The Council adjourned until Tuesday.

THE HOUSE.

The House of Delegates met last night with eighteen members present.

Mr. Ryan introduced a bill authorizing the Inspector of Weights and Measures to inspect gas meters.

Mr. Bogard introduced a bill prohibiting bob-tail cars on street railroads.

Mr. Egan by request introduced a bill fixing the license of bill posters at $5,000 per annum.

Mr. Meyerson, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported the Council gas bill fixing the price of gas after January 1, 1890, at $1.25 per 1,000 cubic feet, and $1.18 on all bills paid within five days after presentation.

Mr. Stone offered an amendment providing that for a period of ten years from and after January 1, 1890, the price of illuminating gas to consumers shall not exceed 95c per 1,000 cubic feet on all bills paid within five days of presentation, and $1 per 1,000 cubic feet on all bills paid after the expiration of five days; and the price of gas used for fuel and power purposes to consumers at 45c per 1,000 cubic feet on all bills paid within five days after presentation, and 50c on all bills paid after five days.

The bill was ordered printed and laid over for one week. The House adjourned until Tuesday.

Rabies. The famous French scientist, Pasteur, will write of Rabies, its communication and cure, in to-morrow's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

John Plankinton's Condition.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 2.—There is no truth in the report that John Plankinton has suffered another stroke of paralysis. He is able to be around as usual, and his condition is considered to be very satisfactory.

WE consider it really a duty to commend the Londonderry Lithia Water. It is the best water yet brought to notice for rheumatic and kidney difficulties, and as a beverage it is delicious. David Nicholson sells it.

Diphtheria at Greenfield, Ill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GREENFIELD, Ill., Nov. 2.—The doctors report eighty cases of diphtheria this morning and half of them new ones. It has broken up the public school entirely.

Dumplings with Royal Baking Powder

No dessert is more delicious, wholesome and appetizing than a well-made dumpling, filled with the fruit of the season. By the use of the Royal Baking Powder the crust is always rendered light, flaky, tender and digestible. Dumplings made with it, baked or boiled, will be dainty and wholesome, and may be eaten steaming hot with perfect impunity.

RECEIPT.—One quart of flour; thoroughly mix with it three teaspoons of Royal Baking Powder and a small teaspoon of salt; rub in a piece of butter or lard the size of an egg, and then add one large potato, grated in the flour; after the butter is well mixed, stir in milk and knead to the consistency of soft biscuit dough; break off pieces of dough large enough to close over four quarters of an apple (or other fruit as desired) without rolling, and lay in an earthen dish (or steamer) and steam until the fruit is tender. Bake if preferred.

In all receipts calling for cream of tartar and soda, substitute Royal Baking Powder. Less trouble, never fails, makes more appetizing and wholesome food and is more economical. Royal Baking Powder is specially made for use in the preparation of the finest and most delicate cookery.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

How to be Happy Though You have

Cold In The Head.
Inject POND'S EXTRACT into the nostrils.

A Sore Throat.
Gargle with POND'S EXTRACT. Wrap the neck in compress moistened with POND'S EXTRACT and cold water.

Chilblains.
Bathe affected parts with POND'S EXTRACT.

Hoarseness.
Gargle with POND'S EXTRACT. Take teaspoonful internally three times a day.

Frost Bites.
Wrap parts affected in soft bandage wet with POND'S EXTRACT.

BUT Be sure to get the genuine article. See landscape trade-mark on bottle wrapper. Avoid worthless imitations. Made only by Pond's Extract Co., New York.

NEVER FAIL TO CURE SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES. THROAT CHEST AND LUNGS.

CHARLES J. DEVLIN,
General Teamster,
MOVING OF STORES A SPECIALTY,
1912 Gratiot Street.
Merchandise promptly transferred to and from depots and East St. Louis.
Telephone 898.

POLITICAL.

VOTE FOR
DR. H. HICKMAN,
The Independent Candidate for
SCHOOL DIRECTOR.
Election, November 5, 1889.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ATTENTION! CARONDELET FRENCHMEN.—Every Frenchman in Carondelet is requested to attend a meeting at Lafayette Hall, Sunday, November 3, at 2:30 p. m., for business of importance. Come all. A COMMITTEE.